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MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION



GENERAL INFORMATION

MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The vehicle identification number (1) is stemped into the right side of the steering head.

Starting serial number: FZR400A (Except for California): JYA3BFE0 * LA012101 FZR400SAC (For California): JYA3FHC0 * LA003101

NOTE: -

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number (1) is stamped into the right side of the engine.

Starting serial number: FZR400A (Except for California): 3BF-012101 FZR400SAC (For California): 3FH-003101

NOTE: ____

• The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.

@Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

FZR400A



FZ R400SAC



SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

/

Model	FZR400A/FZR400SAC		
Model Code Number:	3BF5 (FZR400A) 3FH3 (FZR400SAC)		
Vehicle Identification Number:	JYA3BFEO * LA012101 (FZR400A) JYA3FHCO * LA003101 (FZR400SAC)		
Engine Starting Number:	3BF-012101 (FZR400A) 3FH-003101 (FZR400SAC)		
Basic Weight: With Oil and Full Fuel Tank	188 kg (414 lb) (FZR400A) 191 kg (421 lb) (FZR400SAC)		
Tire:	Front	Rear	
Туре Size Manufacture (Туре)	Tubeless 110/70R17-54H BRIDGESTONE (CY15) DUNLOP (K510F)	Tubeless 140/60R1B-64H BRIDGESTONE (CY16) DUNLOP (K510)	

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

SPEC

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

CHASSIS

Model		FZR400A/FZR400SAC
Front Suspension:		
Front Fork Travel		130 mm (5.12 in)
Front Spring Free Length		412 mm (16.2 in)
< Limit >		408 mm (16.1 in)
Collar Length		160 mm (6.3 in)
Spring Rate:	K1	4.4 N/mm (0.5 kg/mm, 25.2 lb/in)
	K2	6.6 N/mm (0.7 kg/mm, 37.5 lb/in)
Stroke	K1	0.0 \sim 90 mm (0.0 \sim 3.54 in)
	K2	90 \sim 130 mm (3.54 \sim 5.12 in)
Optional Spring		No
Oil Capacity		440 cm³ (15.5 lmp oz, 14.9 US oz)
Oil Level (Fully Compression)		92 mm (3.62 in)
		Bellow the top of inner fork tube without
		fork spring
Oil Grade		Yamaha Fork Oil 10W1 or equivalent
Front Disc Brake:		
Туре		Dual
Disc Outside Diameter x Thickne	ess	282 x 4 mm (11 .10 x 0.16 in)
Pad Thickness	Inner	5.5 mm (0.22 in)
	< Limit > X	0.5 mm (0.02 in)
Pad Thickness	Outer	5.5 mm (0.22 in)
	< Limit > X	0.5 mm (0.02 in)
	*	
L •		
Master Cylinder Inside Diameter		15.87 mm (0.62 in)
Caliper Cylinder Inside Diameter		32.10 mm (1.26 in)
Brake Fluid Type		DOT # 4 or DOT # 3



TIGHTENING TORQUE

Part to be tightened	Thread size Tightening torque			
		Nm	m∙kg	ft•lb
Front Axle and Outer Tube	M14 x 1.5	58	5.8	42
Rear Axle and Nut	MI6 x 1.5	107	10.7	77
Handlebar Crown and Inner Tube	M8 x I.25	26	2.6	19
Handlebar Crown and Steering Stem	M22 x 1.0	110	11.0	80
Brake Caliper (Front/Rear)	M10 x 1.25	35	3.5	25
Bleed Screw and Brake Caliper	M8 x 1.25	6	0.6	4.3
Brake Hose and Union Bolt	M10 x 1.25	26	2.6	19
Front Master Cylinder and Master Cylinder Holder	M6 x 1.0	9	0.9	6.5
Front Master Cylinder and Cylinder Cap	M5 x 0.8	2	0.2	1.4
Front Fender and Outer Tube	M6 x 1.0	6	0.6	4.3
Handlebar and Inner Tube	M8 x 1.25	23	2.3	17
Engine Mounting: Front	M10 x 1.25	55	5.5	40
Rear – Upper	M10 x 1.25	55	5.5	40
Rear – Lower	M8 x 1.25	45	4.5	32
Down Tube and Frame: Front	M10 x 1.25	60	6.0	43
Rear	M8 x 1.25	33	3.3	24
Footrest Bracket and Frame	MI0 x 1.25	33	3.3	24
Pivot Axle and Nut	M14 x 1.5	90	9.0	65
Relay Arm and Frame	M10 x 1.25	40	4.0	29
Arm and Swingarm	MI0 x 1.25	40	4.0	29
Arm and Relay Arm	M10 × 1.25	40	4.0	29
Rear Shock Absorber and Relay Arm	M10 × 1.25	40	4.0	29
Rear Shock Absorber and Frame	MI0 x 1.25	40	4.0	29
Footrest and Footrest Bracket	MI0 x 1.25	57	5.7	41
Rear Footrest Bracket and Frame	M8 x 1.25	20	2.0	14
Rear Master Cylinder and Rear Arm Bracket	M8 x I.25	20	2.0	14
Cowling and Stay	M6 x 1.0	4	0.4	2.9
Compression Bar and Brake Caliper Bracket	M8 x I.25	23	2.3	17
Front Fork Pinch Bolt	M8 x I.25	20	2.0	14
Sprocket and Clutch Hub	M8 x I.25	32	3.2	23
Brake Disc and Clutch Hub	M8 x 1.25	20	2.0	14
Inner Tube and Steering Stem	M8 x I.25	22	2.2	16
Frame and Rear Frame: Upper	M10 x 1.25	64	6.4	46
Lower	MI2 x 1.25	88	8.8	64

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS SPEC

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICA-TIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multifastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

A (Nut)	B (Polt)	General torque B specifications		
	Nm	m∙kg	ft∙lb	
10 mm	6 mm	6	0.6	4.3
12 mm	8 mm	15	1.5	11
14 mm	10 mm	30	3.0	22
17 mm	12 mm	55	5.5	40
19 mm	14 mm	85	8.5	61
22 mm	16 mm	130	13.0	94



- A: Distance across flats
- B: Outside thread diameter

DEFINITION OF UNITS

Unit	Read	Definition	Measure
m m c m	millimeter centimeter	10 ⁻³ meter 10 ⁻² meter	Length Length
kg	kilogram	10 ³ gram	Weight
Ν	Newton	1 kg x m/sec ²	Force
Nm m∙kg	Newton meter Meter kilogram	Nxm mxkg	Torque Torque
Pa N/mm	Pascal Newton per millimeter	N/m² N/mm	Pressure Spring rate
L cm ³	Liter Cubic centimeter		Volume or Capacity
r/min	Revolution per minute		Engine Speed

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT



PERIODIC INSPECTIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS

CHASSIS

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: -

Before checking and/or adjusting the chain slack, rotate the rear wheel several revolutions. Check the chain slack several times to find the point where the chain is the tightest. Check and/or adjust the chain slack where the rear wheel is in this "tight chain" position.

CAUTION:

Too little of chain slack will overload the engine and over vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

WARNING

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place, and hold it in an upright position.
- 2. Check:
 - ∠∠ Drive chain slack ⓐ Out of specification → Adjust.



Drive chain slack: $10 \sim 20 \text{ mm} (0.4 \sim 0.8 \text{ in})$ at both wheels should be on the ground without the rider on it.

3. Adjust:

 ${\scriptstyle {\ensuremath{\ensuremas{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\$

Adjustment steps:

- $\overset{}{\sim}$ Remove the cotter pin (1).
- \sim Loosen the axle nut (2).
- Loosen both locknuts (3) (adjuster) and turn the adjuster (4) clockwise or counterclockwise until the specified slack is obtained.





DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMEN

NSP ADJ

Clockwise \rightarrow Slack is increased.

Counterclockwise \rightarrow Slack is decreased.

NOTE:

Turn each adjuster exactly the same amount to maintain correct axle alignment. (There are marks on each side of swingarm; use them to check for proper alignment.)

ze Tighten the locknut.

ご Tighten the axle nut to specification, while pushing up or down on the chain to zero slack.

Axle nut: 107 Nn

107 Nm (10.7 m · kg, 77 ft · lb)

zz Install the cotter pin.

WARNING

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.

CAUTION:

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening up on the axle nut.



REAR WHEEL CHAS

CHASSIS

REAR WHEEL

@Collar

- 2 Oil seal
- 3 Bearing
- (4) Spacer
- 5 Clutch hub
- @Collar
- (7) Cotter pin
- (8) Tension bar



REAR WHEEL CHAS

REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

AWARNING

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Elevate the rear wheel by placing a suitable stand under the swingarm.
- 3. Remove:

🜌 Bolts (brake caliper) 🛈

NOTE: _

Do not depress the brake pedal while the caliper is removed.

- Loosen:
 ∠∠ Locknut ①
 ∠∠ Adjuster ②
 Remove:
 ∠∠ Cotter pin ③
 *Axle nut ④
 ∠∠ Washer ⑤
- 6. Push the rear wheel forward and disconnect the drive chain (1) from the driven sprocket
 (2)
- 7. Remove:

 - 乏乏 Adjuster collars (left and right)
 - \varkappa Rear wheel 3
- 8. Remove:
 - EX Collar (left and right)







REAR WHEEL



INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
- *≝*∉Tire
 - ze Rear wheel axle
- # Wheel
- $\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\varkappa}}\xspace$ Wheel bearings
- Oil seals Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – INSPEC-TION".
- 2. Measure:
 - Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL -- INSPEC- . TION".
- 3. Check:
 - zz Wheel balance

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – INSPEC-TION".

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "Removal" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Rear wheel axle
 - **EX** Bearings
 - Oil seals
 - se Spacer
 - zz Collar

Lithium soap base grease

- 2. Adjust:
 - se Drive chain slack



Drive chain slack: 10 ~ 20 mm (0.4 ~ 0.8 in)

Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT".

- 3. Tighten:
 - Mut (rear wheel axle)
 - zz Bolts (brake caliper)

Nut (rear wheel axle): 107 Nm (10.7 m · kg, 77 ft · lb) Bolt (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

REAR WHEEL CHAS





CAUTION:

- $\ensuremath{\not\mbox{sc}}$ Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening.
- *∠* If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the wheel shaft cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening up on the axle nut.
 - 4. Install:
 - Cotter pin

AWARNING

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.
Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.
Always use that the brake hose is routed properly.

@Brake hose (2) Brake hose guide

STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: _

∠ After replacing the tire and/or rim, wheel balance should be adjusted.

必必 Adjust the wheel balance with brake disc and wheel hub installed.

1. Adjust:

St Wheel balance

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL -STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT" section.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

- ① Master cylinder cap
- 2 Diaphragm
- 3 Master cylinder kit
- 4 Master cylinder
- 5 Brake hose
- 6 Union bolt
- ⑦ Copper washer
- 8 Joint
- (9) Brake caliper
 (10) Pad spring
 (11) Piston
 (12) Piston seal
 (13) Dust seal
 (13) Dust seal
 (14) @Brake pad
 (15) Brake disc
- ✓ The arrow mark (a) on the pad spring must pointing the disc rotating direction.

CHAS



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

CHAS of the





CHAS of 50

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

CAUTION:

Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. DO NOT:

- Zee Disassembly components unless absolutely necessary.
- see Use solvents on internal brake component.
- zz Use contaminated brake fluid for cleaning. Use only clean brake fluid.
- Ref AllOW brake fluid to come in contact with the eyes otherwise eye injury may occur.
- ZZ Allow brake fluid to contact painted surfaces or plastic parts otherwise damage may occur.
- Disconnect any hydraulic connection otherwise the entire system must be disassembled, drained, cleaned, and then properly filled and bled after reassembly.

BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

NOTE: -

It is not necessary to disassemble the brake caliper and brake hose to replace the brake pads.

A WARNING

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

Front brake

1. Remove:

- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining clips ①
 - Retaining pins (2)
 - Pad spring ③













- 3. Remove:
 - 😹 Brake pads ()

NOTE: ____

- Replace the pad spring if the pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.



- 4. Install:
 - **EXE** Brake pads ①
 - \not Pad spring (2)

Installation steps:

- Connect a suitable hose ③ tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place the other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the piston into the caliper by your finger.

*Tighten the caliper bleed screw.

C C

Caliper bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)

*Install the brake pad (new) and pad spring (new).

NOTE: -

The arrow mark (4) on the pad spring must point in the disc rotating direction.





- 5. Install:
 - Retaining pins ①
 - Retaining clips 2
 - Cover ③

6. Inspect:

See Brake fluid level

Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- () "LOWER" level line
- 7. Check:
 - Brake lever operation

A softy or spongy filling → Bleed brake system.

Refer to the "AI ${\bf R}$ BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.





Rear brake

- 1. Remove:
- 2. Remove:
 - Bolts (brake caliper)
- 3. Remove:
 - Retaining bolts ()











- 4. Remove:
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle \ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}$ Brake pads (with shims) (1)
 - zz Pad spring (2)

NOTE :

- Replace the pad spring if the pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.
- Replace the pad shim if the pad replacement is required.



- 5. Install:Pad shims (1)
 - \approx Pad spring (2)
 - zz Brake pads (with shims) (3)

Installation steps:

Connect a suitable hose ① tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place the other end of this hose into an open container.
 Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the piston into the caliper by your finger.
 *Tighten the caliper bleed screw.



Caliper bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)

@Install the brake pads (new), pad spring (new) and pad shims (new).

NOTE: .

Install pad shims (1) and pad spring (2) on caliper as shown in the disc rotating direction.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE







- 6. Install:
 - $\overset{}{\sim}$ Retaining bolts (1)



taining bolts: 10 Nm (1.0 m ⋅ kg, 7.2 ft ⋅ lb)

7. Install:



Bolts (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

8. Inspect:

ZZZ Brake fluid level Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- () "LOWER" level line
 - 9. Check:
 - **Brake pedal operation**

A softy or spongy filling \rightarrow Bleed brake system.

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 10. Install:
 - 🜌 Seat

CHAS 650

CALIPER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE: _

Before disassembling the front or rear brake master cylinders, drain the brake hose, master cylinder, brake caliper and reservoir tank of their brake fluid.

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

Front brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Reflector
 - Retaining clips
 - ze Retaining pins
 - ze Pad spring
 - **EXE** Brake pads
 - Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - zz Union bolt (1)
 - zz Copper washers (2)
 - zz Brake hose (3)
 - Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.
- 3. Remove:
 - ZZ Caliper body

CAUTION:

Do not loosen the bridge bolts (4) .





- 4. Remove:
 - ید Pistons (1) در Dust seals (2)
 - Ze Piston seals (3)

Remove steps:

*Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

WARNING

- Ke Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.

Rear brake

- 1. Remove:
 - **Bolts (brake caliper)**
 - **Retaining bolts**
 - zz Brake pads (with sims)
 - **EXE** Brake spring

Refer to "BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT" section.

- 2. Remove:

 - zz Copper washers 2
 - 🜌 Brake hose (3)

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

- 3. Remove:
 - ze Pistons ()
 - ze Dust seals (2)
 - Piston seals (3)

CAUTION:

Do not loosen the bridge bolts 4 .







Remove steps:

Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

WARNING

- $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle \ensuremath{ \e$
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.

MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Before disassembling the front or rear brake master cylinders, drain the brake hose, master cylinder, brake caliper and reservoir tank of their brake fluid.

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.



Front brake

- 1. Remove:
- zz Brake lever 1
- 🜌 Brake switch 2

- 2. Remove:
 - $\overset{}{\sim}$ Union bolt (1)
 - $\overset{_{\mathscr{E}}}{\sim}$ Copper washer (2)

 ${\scriptstyle {\scriptscriptstyle \mathscr{E}}}{\scriptstyle {\scriptscriptstyle \mathscr{E}}}$ Brake hose (3)

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.



(1)









- 3. Remove:
 - **Master cylinder** (1)

- 4. Remove:
 - KE Cap (master cylinder) ①
 - zz Diaphragm (2)
 - . Dust boot ③
 - se Circlip 4
 - zz Master cylinder kit (5)
- Rear brake
- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - se Side cover (right)
- 2. Remove:
 - ی Cotter pin (1)
 - 😹 Washer (2)
 - Pin ③
- 3. Disconnect:
 - Reservoir hose (1)

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

- 4. Remove:
 - $\not \leq$ Union bolt (2)
 - **Copper washers**

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

- 5. Remove:
 - **Master cylinder** ③
- 6. Remove:
 - . Dust boot (1)
 - Circlip (2)
 - **EXE** Push rod (3)
 - 😹 Master cylinder kit ④

- 7. Remove:
 - ∠ Reservoir tank ①

 (from flame)
 ∠ Cap (reservoir tank) ②
 - Holder (diaphragm) (3)
 - E Diaphragm (4)

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

AWARNING

All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only. Do not use solvents will cause seals to swell and distort.



Inspect:
 @Caliper pistons ①
 Scratches/Rust/Wear → Replace.
 @Caliper cylinders ②
 Wear/Scratches → Replace.

幺幺 Front 幺幺 Rear

WARNING

Replace the piston seal and dust seal whenever a caliper is disassembled.



2. Inspect:

🖉 Caliper body 🛈

Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

EXE 0il delivery passage (caliper body) Blow out with compressed air.

A Front 幺幺 Rear

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE





- 3. Inspect :
 - $\overset{}{\scriptstyle{\scriptscriptstyle \mathscr{K}}}$ Master cylinder 1
 - Wear/Scratches \rightarrow Replace.
 - Master cylinder body 2
 - Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Oil delivery passage (master cylinder body) Blow out with compressed air.

CHAS 650

- A Front
- B Rear
- 4. Inspect:
 - Master cylinder kit (1)
 - Scratches/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.





幺幺 Front B Rear

- 5. Inspect:
 ∠∠ Diaphragm (front) ①
 ∠∠ Diaphragm (rear) ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
 ∠∠ Reservoir tank ③
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- A Front
- B Rear

- 6. Inspect:
 - ∠ Brake hoses ①
 Cracks/Wear/Damage → Replace.



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(Bran)

8 and

Α

(1



必必 Front B Rear

- 7. Measure:
 - $\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle \mathscr{E}}{\longrightarrow} Brake pads (thickness) (a) \\ Out of specification <math>\rightarrow$ Replace.



Wear limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

NOTE: _

- Replace the pad spring as a set if pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either if found to be worn to the wear limit.

ASSEMBLY

AWARNING

- All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
- EX Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.
- KK Replace the piston seal and dust seal whenever a caliper is disassembled.
- Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

Brake fluid: **DOT** #**4** #3 can be used.

If DOT #4 is not available.

3 0 2	

Front brake

- 1. Install: **EX** Piston seals (1)
 - E Dust seals (2)
 - ی Pistons (3)

WARNING

Always use new piston seal and dust seal.

- 2. Install:
 - **Brake pads**
 - KE Pad spring
 - · Retaining pins
 - Retaining crips
 - ee Cover

Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.

3. Install:

- **Brake caliper**
- Reflector

Bolts (brake caliper):

35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)





- 4. Install:

 - zz Brake hose 🧕
 - Union bolt ③

(onto brake caliper)

Union bolt: 26 Nm (2.6 m • kg, 19 ft • lb)

CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose to the caliper (1), lightly touch the brake pipe with the projection (2) on brake caliper.

AWARNING

Set Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING".

EXE Always use new copper washers.





- 5. Install:

 - Circlip (2)
 - Dust boot ③

6. Install:

🜌 Master cylinder 🕦

NOTE : ___

Tighten first the upper bolt, then the lower bolt.



Bolts (master cylinder bracket): 9 Nm (0.9 m • kg, 6.5 ft • lb)






- 7. Install:
 - **Brake hose** (1)
 - \ll Copper washers (2)
 - ی Union bolts (3)



Union bolts: 26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)

A WARNING

- *Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation. Refer to the "CABLE ROUTING".
- **EXE** Always use new copper washers.
- 8. Install:
 - 😹 Brake switch 🕦
 - *Spring (2)
 - Brake lever (3)

NOTE:

Apply lithium soap base grease to pivot shaft of brake lever.

9. Fill:

zz Brake fluid



Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, #3 can be used.

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

- KE Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- **Refill with the same type of brake fluid;** mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS



- 10. Install:
 - zz Diaphragm 🛈
 - 🖉 Master cylinder cap (2)

Screws (master cylinder cap): 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

11. Air bleed:

@Brake system

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.







12. Inspect:

- See Brake fluid level
- Fluid lever is under "LOWER" level line (1) \rightarrow Replenish.
- Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- Rear brake 1. Install: • Piston seals (1) @Dust seals (2) • Pistons (3)
- 2. Install:
 ●Pad spring ①
 *Brake pads (with shims) ②
 ∞ Retaining bolts

Retaining bolts: 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 13 ft · lb)

Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS









- 3. Install:
 - 🖉 Brake caliper 🕕



Bolts (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Exe Master cylinder kit (1)
 - zz Push rod 2
 - Circlip ③
 - Dust boot ④
- 5. Install:



Bolts (master cylinder assembly): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

6. Install:
● Pin ①
@Plain washer ② *∞* Cotter pin ③

AWARNING

Always use new cotter pin.

- 7. Install:
 - zz Reservoir tank

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS

- 8. Install:
 - ∞ Brake hose
 - **Copper washers**
 - ee Union bolts
 - Reservoir hose

Union bolts: 26 Nm (2.0

CAUTION:

the caliper and master cylinder.

26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)

When installing the brake hose, lightly touch the brake pipe (1) with the projections (2) on

I







ビビ Master cylinder B Brake caliper

WARNING

• Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation, Refer to the "CABLE ROUTING".

@Always use new copper washers.

- (1) Brake hose
- 2 Brake hose guide
- 9. Fill:

*Brake fluid



Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, DOT #3 can be used.

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
 Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
 Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.
- IO. Install:
 - ZZ Diaphragm ()
 - *≝≊*Bush②
 - 🛩 Reservoir tank cap (3)
- 11. Air bleed:

Zee Brake system Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 12. Inspect:
 - See Brake fluid level

Fluid level is under "LOWER" level line (1) \rightarrow Replenish.

Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

13. Adjust:

KE Rear brake pedal height (a)



Pedal height: 42 mm (1.7 in) Below top of footrest.

Refer to "REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

14. Install:

zz Side cover (right)

Seat







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MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION INFO



GENERAL INFORMATION

MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER The vehicle identification number (1) is stemped into the right side of the steering head.

> Starting Serial Number: FZR400U (Except for California): JYA3BFE0 * JA000101 FZR400SUC (For California): JYA3FHC0 * JA000101

NOTE: -

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number (f) is stamped into the right side of the engine.

Starting Serial Number: FZR400U (Except for California): 3BF-000101 FZR400SUC (For California): 3FH-000101

NOTE:

- *The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- **Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.**

FZR400U



FZR400SUC



IMPORTANT INFORMATION







IMPORTANT INFORMATION

PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL

- 1. Remove all dirt, mud, dust, and foreign material before removal and disassembly.
- 2. Use proper tools and cleaning equipment. Refer to "SPECIAL TOOL".
- 3. When disassembling the machine, keep mated parts together. This includes gears, cylinders, pistons, and other mated parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must be reused as an assembly or replaced.
- 4. During the machines disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly time and help assure that all parts are correctly reinstalled.
- 5. Keep away from fire.



 Use only genuine Yamaha parts for all replacements. Use oil and/or grease recommended by Yamaha for assembly and adjustment. Other brands may be similar in function and appearance, but inferior in quality.

GASKETS, OIL SEALS, AND O-RINGS

- 1. All gaskets, seals, and O-rings should be replaced when an engine is overhauled. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips, and O-rings must be cleaned.
- 2. Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.













LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

 All lock washers/plates (1) and cotter pins must be replaced when they are removed. Lock tab(s) should be bent along the bolt or nut flat(s) after the bolt or nut has been properly tightened.

BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

1. Install the bearing(s) (1) and oil seal(s) (2) with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward. (In other words, the stamped letters must be on the side exposed to view.) When installing oil seal(s), apply a light coating of light-weight lithium base grease to the seal lip(s). Oil the bearings liberally when installing.

1 Oil seal

∆ CAUTION:

Do not use compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This causes damage to the bearing surfaces.

(1) Bearing

CIRCLIPS

- All circlips should be inspected carefully before reassembly. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. Replace distorted circlips. When installing a circlip ①, make sure that the sharp edged corner ② is positioned opposite to the thrust ③ it receives. See the sectional view.
- 4 Shaft

SPECIAL TOOLS



SPECIAL TOOLS

The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques.

- FOR TUNE UP
- 1. Inductive Tachometer P/N W-08036

This tool is needed for detecting engine rpm.

2. Inductive Timing Light P/N Y U-08037

This tool is necessary for checking ignition timing.

3. Compression Gauge P/N YU-33223

This gauge is used to measure the engine compression.

4. Fuel Level Gauge P/N YU-01312

This gauge is used to measure the fuel level in the float chamber.







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FOR ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

1. Dynamic Coil Tester P/N Y M-34487

This tester is necessary for checking the ignition system components.

2. Pocket Tester P/N Y U-031 12

This instrument is invaluable for checking the electrical system.



SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model	FZR400U/FZR400SUC
Model Code Number:	3BF (FZR400U) 3FH (FZR400SUC)
Vehicle Identification Number:	JYA3FHC0 * JAOOOIOI JYA3BFE0 * JAOOOIOI
Engine Starting Number:	3BF-000101 (FZR400U) 3FH-000101 (FZR400SUC)
Dimensions: Overall Length Overall Width Overall Height Seat Height Wheelbase Minimum Ground Clearance	2,070 mm (81.5 in) 690 mm (27.2 in) 1,125 mm (44.3 in) 785 mm (30.9 in) 1,400 mm (55.1 in) 135 mm (5.31 in)
Basic Weight: With Oil and Full Fuel Tank	186 kg (410 lb) (FZR400U) 189 kg (417 lb) (FZR400SUC)
Minimum Turning Radius:	3,100 mm (122 in)
Engine: Engine Type Cylinder Arrangement Displacement Bore x Stroke Compression Ratio Compression Pressure Starting System	Liquide cooled 4-stroke, gasoline, DOHC 4-cylinder parallel 399 cm ³ (24.3 cu.in) 56.0 x 40.5 mm (2.2047 x 1.5945 in) 11.5 : 1 932 kPa (9.5 kg/cm ² , 135 psi) Electric starter
Lubrication System:	Wet sump
Engine Oil Type or Grade: 30 40 50 60°F 	Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 type SE motor oil SAE 10W30 type SE motor oil
Engine Oil Capacity: Engine Oil: Periodic Oil Change: With Oil Filter Replacement Total Amount	2.2 L (1.9 Imp qt, 2.33 US qt) 2.5 L (2.2 Imp qt, 2.64 US qt) 3.0 L (2.6 Imp qt, 3.17 US qt)
Coolant Total Amount: (Including All Routes) 4ir Filter:	1.9 L (1.7 Imp qt, 2.0 US qt) Dry type element

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model	FZR400U/FZR400SUC				
Fuel: Type Tank capacity Reserve Amoun	Unleaded fuel recommended 18.0 L (3.94 Imp gal, 4.8 US gal) 3.0 L (0.66 Imp gal, 0.79 US gal)				
Carburetor: Type x Quantity Manufacturer	BDS32 x 4 MIKUNI				
Spark Plug: Type (Manufacture) Gap	CR8E (NGK), U24ESR-N (N.D.) 0.7 ~ 0.8 mm (0.028 ~ 0.032 in)				
Clutch Type:	Wet, multiple-disc				
Transmission: Primary Reduction System Primary Reduction Ratio Secondary Reduction System Secondary Reduction Ratio Transmission Type Operation Gear Ratio 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th	Spur gear 89/41 (2.170) Chain drive 55/19 (2.894) Constant-mesh, 6-speed Left foot operation 43/1 3 (3.307) 40/18 (2.222) 36/21 (1.714) 33/23 (1.434) 28/22 (1.272) 27/23(1 173)				
Chassis: Frame Type Caster Angle Trail	Double cradle 24" 89 mm (3.5 in)				
 Tire	Front	Rear			
Туре Size Manufacture (Туре)	Tubeless Tubeless 110/70R17-53H 140/60 R 18-64H BRIDGESTONE BRIDGESTONE (CY ROX-03) (CY ROX-04) DUNLOP DUNLOP (K455E) (K455)				
Maximum Load ¥	156 kg (344 lb) (Except 153 kg (337 lb) (For Ca	for California) lifornia)			
Fire Pressure (Cold tire):	Front	Rear			
Up to 90 kg (198 ^{b)} load*	200kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi)	230kPa (2,3 kg/cm ² , 32 psi)			
90 kg (198 lb) ~ Maximum load*	200kPa 250 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi) (2.5 kg/cm², 36 psi)				
High speed riding	200 kPa 250 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28 psi) (2.5 kg/cm², 36 psi)				
*Load is total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, an	d accessories.				

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model	FZR400U/FZR400SUC			
Brake: Front Brake Type Operation Rear Brake Type Operation	Dual disc brake Right hand operation Single disc brake Right foot operation			
Suspension: Front Suspension Rear Suspension	Telescopic fork Swingarm (New monocross)			
Shock Absorber: Front Shock Absorber Rear Shock Absorber	Coil spring/Oil damper Coil gas spring/Oil damper			
Wheel Travel: Front Wheel Travel Rear Wehel Travel	130 mm (5.12 in) 130 mm (5.12 in)			
Electrical: Ignition System Generator System Battery Type or Model Battery Capacity	T.C.I. (Digital ignition) A.C. magneto generator GM 12AZ-3A-2 12V 12AH			
Headlight type:	Quartz bulb (Halogen)			
Bulb Wattage x Quantity: Headlight Tail/Brake Light Rear Flasher Light Front Position Light/Front Flasher Light License Light Meter Light Auxiliary Light	35W/35W x 2 8W/27W x 1 27W x 2 27W/8W x 2 3.8W x 2 1.7W x 5 3.4W x 2			
Indicator Light: Wattage x Quantity "NEUTRAL" "HIGH BEAM" "TURN" "OI L LEVEL"	3.4W × 1 3.4W × 1 3.4W × 1 3.4W × 1			

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MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Engine

Model		FZR400U/FZR400SUC
Cylinder Head: Warp Limit*		0.03 mm (0.0012 in) , *Lines indicate straightedge measurement
	*	
Cylinder: Bore Size Taper Limit Out of Round Limit		56.000 ∼ 56.005 mm (2.2047 ∼ 2.2049 ir 0.05 mm (0.002 in) 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)
Camshaft: Drive Method Cam Cap Inside Dia.		Chain drive (Center) 23.000 ~ 23.021 mm (0.9055 ~ 0.9063 ir
Camshaft Outside Dia. Shaft-to-Cap Clearance < Limit > Cam Dimensions: Intake	'A''	22.967 \sim 22.980 mm (0.9042 \sim 0.9047 ir 0.020 \sim 0.054 mm (0.0008 \sim 0.0021 in) 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) 32.55 \sim 32.65 mm (1.2815 \sim 1.2854 in)
C	< Limit > 'B'' < Limit >	32.51 mm (1.2799 in) 25.045 \sim 25.145 mm (0.986 \sim 0.990 in) 25.005 mm (0.9844 in)
A Exhaust	'A'' < Limit > 'B'' < Limit >	32.25 \sim 32.35 mm (1.2697 \sim 1.2736 in) 32.21 mm (1.2681 in) 25.0 \sim 25.1 mm (0.9843 \sim 0.9882 in) 24.96 mm (0.9827 in)
Camshaft Runout Limit		0.03 mm (0.0012 in)
Cam Chain: Cam Chain Type/No. of Links Cam Chain Adjustment Method		BF04MA/112 Links Automatic
√alve, Valve Seat, Valve Guide: Valve Clearance (Cold):	N	$0.11 \sim 0.20 \text{ mm} (0.004 \sim 0.008 \text{ in})$
E Valve Dimensions:	x.	$0.21 \sim 0.30 \text{ mm} (0.008 \sim 0.012 \text{ in})$
	<u>"</u> в"	"c"
Head Dia. Face	e Width	Seat Width Margin Thickne

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Madal		
"A" Head Dia.	IN.	21.9 \sim 22.1 mm (0.8622 \sim 0.8701 in)
"B" Face Width	EA. IN	$16.5 \sim 13.1$ mm (0.630 \sim 0.0945 in)
	EX.	$1.6 \sim 2.4 \text{ mm} (0.0630 \sim 0.0945 \text{ in})$
"C" Seat Width	IN.	$0.9 \sim 1.1 \mathrm{mm} (0.0354 \sim 0.0433 \mathrm{in})$
	EX.	0.9 \sim 1 .1 mm (0.0354 \sim 0.0433 in)
< Limit >	IN.	1.6 mm (0.063 in)
~~~	EX.	1.6 mm (0.063 in)
"D" Margin Thickness	IN.	$0.6 \sim 0.8 \text{ mm} (0.0236 \sim 0.0315 \text{ in})$
 Limit > 		$0.0 \sim 0.8$ mm (0.0236 ~ 0.0315 in)
	IN. FX	0.4 mm (0.0157 m) 0.4 mm (0.0157 m)
Stem Outside Diameter	IN.	$4.475 \sim 4.490 \text{ mm} (0.1762 \sim 0.1768 \text{ in})$
	EX.	$4.460 \sim 4.475 \text{ mm} (0.1756 \sim 0.1762 \text{ in})$
< Limit >	IN.	4.45 mm (0.175 in)
	EX.	4.435 mm (0.175 in)
Guide Inside Diameter	IN.	4.500 \sim 4.512 mm (0.1772 \sim 0.1776 in)
	EX.	$4.500 \sim 4.512 \text{ mm} (0.1772 \sim 0.1776 \text{ in})$
< limit >	IN.	4.542 mm (0.179 in)
Stem-to-Guide Clearance	EA. IN	4.342 INM (0.179 IN) 0.010 \sim 0.037 mm (0.0004 \sim 0.0015 in)
	EX.	$0.025 \sim 0.052 \text{ mm} (0.001 \sim 0.002 \text{ in})$
< Limit >	IN.	0.08 mm (0.0031 in)
	EX.	0.1 mm (0.0039 in)
Stem Runout Limit		0.02 mm (0.0008 in)
	<u>}</u> } ↓ ↓	
Valve Seat Width	IN.	0.9 \sim 1 .1 mm (0.0354 \sim 0.0433 in)
	EX.	0.9 \sim 1 .1 mm (0.0354 \sim 0.0433 in)
< Limit >	IN.	1.6 mm (0.063 in)
	EX.	1.6 mm (0.063 in)
Valve Spring:		
Free Length	IN.	41.94 mm (1.65 in)
Installed Longth (Value Classe)	EX.	41.94 mm (1.65 in)
installed Length (valve Closed)	IN. FX	37.5 mm (1.48 in)
Compressed Pressure	IN.	14.2 ~ 16.4 kg (31.3 ~ 36.2 lb)
(Valve closed)	EX.	$14.2 \sim 16.4 \text{ kg} (31.3 \sim 36.2 \text{ lb})$
Tilt Limit	IN.	2.5°/1.8 mm (0.0709 in)
	EX.	2.5°/1.8 mm (0.0709 in)
Direction of winding (10p view)	EX.	

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Model		FZR400U/FZR400SUC			
Piston: Piston Size "D" Measuring Point "H"		55.945 ~ 55.960 mm (2.2026 ~ 2.2031 in) 5 mm (0.197 in) (From bottom line of piston skirt)			
Piston-to-Cylinder Clearance < Limit> Oversize: 2nd 4th		0.04 \sim 0.06 mm (0.0016 \sim 0.0024 in) < 0.15 mm (0.006 in) > 56.5 mm (2.22 in) 57.0 mm (2.24 in)			
Piston Ring: Sectional Sketch	Top Ring 2nd Ring	Barrel B = 0.8 mm (0.0315 in) T = 2.1 mm (0.0827 in) Taper B = 0.8 mm (0.0315 in)			
	Oil Ring	T = 2.1 mm (0.0315 m) Expander B = 2.0 mm (0.0787 in) T = 2.2 mm (0.0866 in)			
End Gap (Installed):	Top Ring 2nd Ring Oil Ring	0.15 \sim 0.30 mm (0.0059 \sim 0.0118 in) 0.15 \sim 0.30 mm (0.0059 \sim 0.0118 in) 0.2 \sim 0.8 mm (0.0079 \sim 0.0315 in)			
Side Clearance:	Top Ring < Limit > 2nd Ring < Limit > Oil Ring	0.03 \sim 0.07 mm (0.0012 \sim 0.0028 in) 0.10 mm (0.004 in) 0.02 \sim 0.06 mm (0.0008 \sim 0.0024 in) 0.10 mm (0.004 in) -			
Connecting Rod: Connecting Rod Oil Clearance Bearing Size No. Color Code		0.043 ~ 0.066 mm (0.0017 ~ 0.0026 in) 1. Blue 2. Black 3. Blown 4. Green			
Crankshaft:					
Runout Limit "A" Big End Side Clearance "B"		0.03 mm (0.0012 in) 0.160 \sim 0.262 mm (0.0063 \sim 0.0103 in)			

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Model		FZ R400U/FZ R400SUC			
Main Journal Oil Clearance		0.025 \sim 0.043 mm (0.0010 \sim 0.0017 in)			
Bearing Size No. Color Code		1. Blue 2. Black 3. Brown 4. Green			
		5. Yellow			
Clutch:					
Friction Plate Thickness x Qua	antity	2.9 \sim 3.1 mm (0.114 \sim 0.122 in) x 8			
Wear Limit		2.8 mm (0.11 in)			
Clutch Plate Thickness x Quar	ntity	1.8 \sim 2.2 mm (0.072 \sim 0.085 in) x 7			
Warp Limit		0.1 mm (0.04 in)			
Clutch Spring Free Length x C	Quantity	0.1 mm (0.004 in)			
Clutch Spring Minimum Lengt	า	29.0 mm (1.14 in)			
Clutch Housing Thrust Clearan	ce	0.02 \sim 0.10 mm (0.0008 \sim 0.0039 in)			
Clutch Release Method		Inner push, screw – push			
Push Rod Bending Limit		0.5 mm (0.020 in)			
Transmission:					
Main Axle Deflection Limit		0.08 mm (0.0031 in)			
Drive Axle Deflection Limit		0.08 mm (0.0031 in)			
shifter:					
Shifter Type		Guide bar			
Carburgtor					
Jai Duretor. Type/Manufacture x Quantity					
D Mork		DD32/WINDINIX 4 2PE 00 (Event for Collifornia)			
I.D. WAIK		35H 00 (Except for California)			
Main lot	(M I)	497 5			
Main Jet Main Air let	(MAI)	#60			
Int Noodlo-Clip Position	(INI.)	# 00 5CE72			
Needle let	(N 1)	V-0			
Pilot .let	(P.I.)	#15			
Pilot Outlet Size	(P.O.)	π 13 0.85			
Pilot Air Jet	(P.A.J.)	±130			
Pilot Screw	(PS)	31/2			
Valve Seat Size	(V.S.)	1.2			
Starter Jet	$(G S_1)$	#27.5			
	(G,S_2)	0.5			
Bypass 1	(B.P. 1)	0.8			
Bypass 2	(B.P. 2)	0.8			
Throttle Valve Size	ÌTh. Ų́)	#130			
	(FI)	$4.5 \sim 6.5 \text{ mm} (0.18 \sim 0.26 \text{ in})$			
	(1.6./	4.5 \sim 0.5 MM (0.18 \sim 0.26 IN) Below from the float chamber line			

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Model	FZR400U/FZR400SUC
Lubrication System	
Oil Filter Type	Paner
	Trachaid nump
lip Clearance	$0.09 \sim 0.15 \text{ mm} (0.0035 \sim 0.0060 \text{ In})$
< Limit >	< 0.2 mm (0.008 in) >
Side Clearance	$0.03 \sim 0.08$ mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0031 in)
< Limit >	< 0.15 mm (0.006 in) >
Bypass Valve Setting Pressure	80~120 kPa
J	$(0.8 \sim 1.2 \text{ kg/cm}^2, 11.38 \sim 17.06 \text{ psi})$
Relief Valve Operating Pressure	$450 \sim 550 \text{ kP}_2$
Kener varve operating rressure	$(45 - 550 \text{ Km}^2)$ (2.00 a) 70.21 mai)
	(4.5 ~ 5.5 Kg/cm , 63.99 ~ 78.21 psi)
Cooling System:	
Radiator Core Size Width	325 mm (12.8 in)
Heiaht	160 mm (6.3 in)
Thickness	22 mm (1.26 in)
Padiator Can Ononing Proceuro	$\frac{1}{2}$ 1011 (1.20 11)
Radiator Cap Openning Pressure	$74 \sim 103 \text{ KPa} (0.75 \sim 1.05 \text{ kg/cm}^2)$
	$10.7 \sim 14.9 \text{ psi}$
Reservoir Tank Capacity	
< To Full level >	0.28 L (0.25 Imp qt, 0.30 US qt)
Water Pump	
Type	Single-suction centrifugal pump
Reduction Ratio	89/41 x 48/49 (2.126)
Height Thickness Radiator Cap Opening Pressure Reservoir Tank Capacity < To Full level > Water Pump Type Reduction Ratio	160 mm (6.3 in) 32 mm (1.26 in) 74 \sim 103 kPa (0.75 \sim 1.05 kg/cm ² , 10.7 \sim 14.9 psi) 0.28 L (0.25 lmp qt, 0.30 US qt) Single-suction centrifugal pump 89/41 x 48/49 (2.126)





IGHTENING TORQUE

		Thread Tight		Tightening torque		Tightening torque		Bernarka	
Part to be tightened	Part name	size	Uτγ	Nm	m∙kç	ft · lb	Remarks		
Camshaft Cap	Flange bolt	M6	24	10	1.0	7.2			
Cylinder Head	Nut	M8	12	25	2.5	18	1		
Spark Plug	-	MIO	4	13	1.3	9.4			
Cylinder Head Cover	Bolt	M6	8	10	1.0	7.2			
Blind Plug (Sand)	Screw	MI2	6	37	3.7	27	- 0		
Blind Plug (Water)	Screw	M6	3	7	0.7	51			
Connecting Rod	Nut	M7	8	23	23	17			
Cam Chain Sprocket	Bolt	M7	4	24	24	17			
Cam Chain Tensioner	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	72			
Cam Chain Guide (Intake)	Bolt	M6	2	10	10	72	-6		
Cam Chain Tensioner End	Can holt	MI1	1	20	2.0	14	Y		
Pine Stonner	Bolt	M6	6	10	1.0	72			
Thermostat Housing Assembly	Flance holt	Me	1	10	1.0	7.2			
Thermostat Housing Assembly	Bolt	MG	2	10	1.0	7.2			
Padiator	Elange holt	MG	2	7	07	7.Z 5.1			
Water Pine Joint	Rolt	MG	2	10	1.0	70			
Water Pipe Joint	Bolt	Me	7	10	1.0	7.2			
Water Pump Cover	Bolt	MG	2	10	1.0	7.2			
Padiator Cover	Scrow	ME	4	5	1.0	1.2			
Addition Cover	Screw	MG	1	5	0.5	5.0			
Oil Pump Mount	Bolt	MG	2	10	0.7	5.1 70	- 6		
	Bolt		3	10	1.0	24	Y		
	Bolt	MIO	- 2	43	4.3	31			
Corburgtor loint	Bolt	MC	2	20	2.0	7.0			
Exhaust Pine	BUIL	IVIO MC	0	10	1.0	7.2			
Auffler Bracket	Rolf	MO	o	10	1.0	1.2			
Exhaust Dine Blind Blug (CO test)	Bolt	IVIO	4	20	2.0	14			
Contest)	Elango halt		4	10	1.0	1.2			
2ropkesso		IVI8 MC	13	24	2.4	17	🖸		
Dil hoffle plate	Flange DOIT		21	12	1.2	0./	-a		
Propisors Cover (Left)	Bolt	IVI6	4	1	0.7	5.1			
Propheneo Cover (Left)	Bolt	IVIO MC	5	10	1.0	7.2			
StatikCase Cover (Right)	Bolt	IVIO MAC	10	10	1.0	7.2			
Separator Cover	Bolt	IVI6	2	10	1.0	7.2	V		
Starter Clutch Cover	Bolt	IVI6	5 7	10	1.0	7.2			
starter Clutch			1	10	1.0	1.2			
starter Clutch Outer and	Flange Doit	IVI I U	I	00	0.0	58			
Starter Wheel	Screw	M6	3	10	1 .0	7.2	-0		
Pressure Plate	Bolt	M5	5	6	0.6	4.3			
Clutch Boss	Nut	M18	1	70	7.0	51	l Jse lock washe		
'ush Lever	Screw	M5	2	5	0.5	3.6	-0		
ʻush Rod	Nut	M6	1	16	1.6	11			
Drive Sprocket	Nut	M18	1	70	7.0	51	Use lock washe		
Stopper Plate	Flange bolt	M6	1	10	1.0	7.2	-0		
A.C. Magneto	Bolt	MIO	1	80	8.0	58	-		
itator Coil	Bolt	M6	3	10	1.0	7.2	- 6		
'ickup Coil	Screw	M5	2	5	0.5	3.6	-		
Starter Motor	Bolt	M6	2	10	1.0	7.2			
Jeutral Switch	Screw	M6	2	4	0.4	2.9			
Jil Level Switch	Flange bolt	M6	2	7	0.7	5.1			
					I				

Chassis

Model		FZR400U/FZR400SUC							
Steering System:									
Steering Bearing Type		Taper Roller Bearing							
Front Suspension:									
Front Fork Travel		130 mm (5.12 in)							
Front Spring Free Length		412 mm (16	0.2 IN)					
< Lillil > Collar ength		160 mm (6.	3 in))					
Spring Rate:	KI	4.4 N/mm (0.5 k	a/mm	. 25.2	2 lb/	in)		
opinig rate.	K2	6.6 N/mm (0.7 k	g/mm	. 37.5	i lb/	n)		
Stroke	KI	0.0 ~ 90 mi	n (0.0)~3	.54 ir	ו)			
	K2	90 ~ 130 m	m (3.	.54 ~	5.12	in)			
Optional Spring		No							
Oil Capacity		444 cm ³ (15	5.6 Im	p oz,	15 U	IS 02	Z)		
Oil Level (Fully Compression)		92 mm (3.6	2 in)						
		Bellow the	top o	t inn	er tor	k tud	e wit	nout	
Oil Grade		Yamaha Eor		10W	Tor	oquiv	alont		
Boor Supponsion						cqui	aicin		
Shock Absorber Travel		50 mm /1 0	7 in)						
Shock Absorber Traver		196.5 mm (7 74	in)					
< Limit >		186.5 mm (7.34 i	in)					
Fitting Length		174 mm (6.	85 in)) Í					
Spring Rate	K1	98.1 N/mm	(IO k	g/mm	n, 560) lb/i	n)		
Stroke	K1	0 ~ 50 mm	(0.0	~ 1.9	7 in)				
Optional Spring		No							
		Hard STD Soft					ft		
		Adjusting	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
		position							
Swingarm:									
Free Play Limit	End	1.0 mm (0.0	04 in)						
	Side	1 .0 mm (0.0)4 in)						
Front Wheel:									
Type		Cast Wheel	-						
RIM Size									
Rim Bunout Limit	Radial	1 mm (0.04	in)						
	Lateral	0.5 mm (0.0	2 in)						
 Rear Wheel:			,						
Type		Cast wheel							
Rim Size		MT4.00 x 18							
Rim Material		Aluminum							
Rim Runout Limit	Radial	1 mm (0.04 in)							
	Lateral	0.5 mm (0.02 in)							
Drive Chain:									
Type/Manufacturer		428HVS/DAIDO							
NO. Of LINKS Chain Free Play		130 10 \sim 20 mm (0.4 \sim 0.8 in)							
Challi Fiet Flay		10 ~ 20 mm (0.4 ~ 0.8 in)							

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Model	FZR400U/FZR400SUC		
[÷] ront Disc Brake: Type Disc Outside Diameter x Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Outer	Dual 282 x 4 mm (11.10 x 0.16 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in)		
< Limit >* Master Cylinder Inside Diameter Caliper Cylinder Inside Diameter:	0.5 mm (0.02 in) 15.87 mm (0.62 in) 42.85 mm (1.69 in)		
Brake Fluid Type	DOT # 4 or DOT # 3		
Rear Disc Brake: Type Disc Outside Diameter x Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Outer < Limit > *	Single 210 x 5 mm (8.27 x 0.20 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in)		
Master Cylinder Inside Diameter Caliper Cylinder Inside Diameter Brake Fluid Type	14.0 mm (0.55 in) 38.18 mm (1.5 in) DOT #4 or DOT #3		
Clutch Lever: Clutch Lever Free Play	10 ~ 15 mm (0.4 ~ 0.6 in)		
Brake Lever and Brake Pedal: Brake Lever Free Play Brake Pedal Position	$2 \sim 5$ mm (0.08 \sim 0.20 in) 42 mm (1.7 in) Bellow the top of the footrest.		

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Part to be tightened	Thread size	Tightening torque		
		N m	m∙kg	ft∙lb
Front Axle and Outer Tube	M14 x 1.5	58	5.8	42
Rear Axle and Nut	M16 x 1.5	107	/ 10.7	77
Handlebar Crown and Inner Tube	M8 x 1.25	26	2.6	19
Handlebar Crown and Steering Stem	M22 x 1.0	110	11.0	80
Brake Caliper (Front/Rear)	M10 x 1.25	35	3.5	25
Bleed Screw and Brake Caliper	M8 x 1.25	6	0.6	4.3
Brake Hose and Union Bolt	M10 x 1.25	26	2.6	19
Front Master Cylinder and Master Cylinder Holder	M6 x 1.0	9	0.9	6.5
Front Master Cylinder and Cylinder Cap	M5 x 0.8	2	0.2	1.4
Front Fender and Outer Tube	M6 x 1.0	6	0.6	4.3
Handlebar and Inner Tube	MB xl.25	23	2.3	17
Engine Mounting: Front	M10 x 1.25	55	5.5	40
Rear — Upper	M10 x 1.25	55	5.5	40
Rear – Lower	M10 x 1.25	45	4.5	32
Down Tube and Frame: Front	M10 x 1.25	60	6.0	43
Rear	MB x 1.25	33	3.3	24
Footrest Bracket and Frame	MB x 1.25	28	2.8	20
Pivot Axle and Nut	M14 x 1.5	90	9.0	65
Relay Arm and Frame	M10 x 1.25	40	4.0	29
Arm and Swingarm	M10 x 1.25	40	4.0	29
Arm and Relay Arm	M10 x 1.25	40	4.0	29
Swingarm and Frame	MI0 x 1.25	40	4.0	29
Rear Shock Absorber	MI0 x 1.25	40	4.0	29
Footrest and Footrest Bracket	MI0 x 1.25	57	5.7	41
Rear Footrest Bracket and Frame	MB x 1.25	20	2.0	14
Rear Master Cylinder and Rear Arm Bracket	MS x 1.25	20	2.0	14
Cowling and Stay	M6 x 1.0	4	0.4	2.9
Tension Bar and Brake Caliper Bracket	MB x 1.25	28	2.8	20
Front Fork Pinch Bolt	M8 x 1.25	20	2.0	14
Sprocket and Clutch Hub	MB x 1.25	32	3.2	23
Brake Disc and Clutch Hub	M8 x 1.25	20	2.0	74
Inner Tube and Steering Stem	M8 x 1.25	2 2	2.2	16
Frame and Rear Frame: Upper	M10 x 1.25	64	6.4	46
Lower	MI2 x 1.25	88	a.8	64

Electrical


MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS



Model	FZR400U/FZR400SUC
Electrical Starter System:	Constant mesh type
Starter Motor:	constant mesh type
Model/Manufacturer	SM-7/M ITSUBA
output Armature Coil Resistance	0.4κw 0Ω at 20°C (68°F)
Brush Overall Length	11 mm (0.43 in)
< Limit >	5 mm (0.20 in)
– Spring Force	540 ~ 660 g (19.05 ~ 23.28 0Z) 23 mm (0 91 in)
Wear Limit	22 mm (0.87 in)
Mica Undercut	1.8 mm (0.07 in)
Starter Switch:	A 104 128/HITACHI
Amperage Rating	100A
Horn:	
Туре/	Plane Type/I pcs.
Model/Manufacturer	MF-12/NIKKO
Maximum Amperage	1.5A
Type	Semi transistor type
Model/Manufacturer	FX257N/NIPPON DENSO
Self Cancelling Device	Yes
Hasher Frequency	$27W \times 2 pcs + 3.4W$
Sidestand Relay:	
Model/Manufacturer	G4MW-112IT-010-Y17/OMRON
Coil Winding Resistance	67.5 \sim 82.5Ω at 20°C (68°F)
	NO
JII Level Switch: Model/Manufacturer	1 WG/NIPPON DENSO
starting Circuit Cut-Off Relay:	
Model/Manufacturer	G4MW/OMRON
Coil Winding Resistance	67.5 \sim 82.5 Ω at 20°C (68°F)
Model/Manufacturer	G4MW/OMRON
Coil Winding Resistance	67.5 \sim 82.5 Ω at 20°C (68°F)
Color Code	Black
Electric Fan:	NAABO8/NUPPON DENSO
Model/Manufacturer	47X/NIPPON THERMOSTAT
Thermo Unit:	
Model/Manufacturer	1 1H/NIPPONSEIKI
Circuit Breaker:	Fuse
Amperage for Individual Circuit x Quantity:	i uag
MAIN	30A x 1
HEADLIGHT	10A x1
IGNITION	10A x 1
RESERVE	10A x 1, 30A x 1

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS



GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICA-TIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multifastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

A (Nutt)	B (Bolt)	Gen spe	eral torquecification	ue s						
(Nut)	DOIL	Nm	m∙kg	ft∙lb						
10 mm	6mm	6	0.6	4.3						
12mm	8mm	15	1.5	11						
14 mm	10 mm	30	3.0	22						
17 mm	12 mm	55	5.5	40						
19 mm	14mm	85	8.5	61						
22 mm	16 mm	130	13.0	94						



A: Distance across flats

B: Outside thread diameter

DEFINITION OF UNITS

Unit	Read	Definition	Measure
mm cm	millimeter centimeter	10 ⁻³ meter 10 ⁻² meter	Length Length
kg	kilogram	10 ³ gram	Weight
Ν	Newton	1 ka x m/sec ²	Force
Nm m∙kg	Newton meter Meter kilogram	N x m m x kg	Torque Torque
Pa N/mm	Pascal Newton per millimeter	N/m² N/mm	Pressure Spring rate
L cm ³	Liter Cubic centimeter		Volume or Capacity
r/min	Rotation per minute		Engine Speed



LUBRICATION POINT AND GRADE OF LUBRICANT

ENGINE

Lubrication Point	I Symbol
Oil seal lip	
O-Ring	
Bearing	(8)
Piston surface	
Piston pin	
Cylinder head bolt	
Crankshaft pin	
Crankshaft journal	
Connecting rod bolt/Nut	
Camshaft cam lobe/Journal	
Valve stem (IN, EX)	
Valve stem end (IN, EX)	
Valve lifter	
Water pump impeller shaft	
Oil pump rotor (Inner/Outer), housing	
Oil strainer assembly	
Idle gear surface/Bearing	
Starter idle gear	
Starter idle gear shaft	
Primary driven gear	
Transmission gear (Wheel/Pinion)	
Axe (Main/Drive)	
Push lever assembly	
Push rod	
Shift cam	
Shift fork/Guide bar	
Shift shaft assembly	
Neutral switch O-Ring	

LUBRICATION POINT AND GRADE OF LUBRICANT



CHASSIS

Lubrication Point	Symbol
Steering bearing (Upper/Lower)	
Wheel bearing/Axle	
Front wheel oil seal (Right/Left)	
Rear wheel oil seal	
Clutch hub oil seal	
Clutch hub fitting area	
Rear brake pedal shaft	
Change pedal	
Side stand sliding surface	
Tube guide (Throttle grip) inner surface	
Brake lever bolt, sliding surface	
Clutch lever bolt, sliding surface	
Rear shock absorber (Upper/Lower)	
Swingarm pivot bearing	
Pivot shaft	
Arm bearing	
Thrust cover (Inner)	
Swingarm bearing (Inner)	
Rear footrest ball	
Rear footrest pin	



LUBRICATION DIAGRAM

- Oil filter
 Oil strainer
 Oil pump



COOLANT DIAGRAM SPEC

COOLANT DIAGRAM

Radiator
 Water pump
 Thermostat housing
 Thermostatic valve
 Radiator cap





CABLE ROUTING (1)

1 Band

- 2 Throttle cables
 3 Brake hose
 4 Clutch cable

[A] Insert the clutch cable into the frame inner hole.



CABLE ROUTING SPEC

CABLE ROUTING (2)

- 1) Brake hose
- (Ž) Clamp

- [A] Pass the handlebar switch lead (Left) behind the inner tube
- I To headlight unit
- C To flasher light (Left)
- D To flasher light (Right)



CABLE ROUTING (3)





@Speedometer assembly (2) Headlight unit @Horn @Brake hose (5) Clamp @Front brake caliper (Left) (7) Speedometer cable @Clutch cable @Ignition coil lead (Left) @Starter cable (1) Sidestand switch @Air vent hose @Rectifier/Regulator lead @Band @Canister (For California only)

- CABLE ROUTING
- A To handlebar switch (Left)
- B To clutch lever
- $\fboxline{\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}}$ Pass the speedometer cable outside the inner tube.

SPEC

- D To air filter case
- E To fuel tank
- F To fuel pump
- \fbox{G} Pass the sidestand switch lead inside the water pipe.
- H To oil lever gauge
- Get these cords together, put them in the recess on the left inside of the frame, and place the cover on them.
- J Fasten the lead and the rectifier/regulator together.
- K Fasten the lead under the water pump installing bolt.
- L To neutral lead

CABLE ROUTING

С

CABLE ROUTING (4)



@Brake hose (Right)
@Clamp
③ Ignition coil (Right)
@Spark lead (Right)
@Air guide
⑥ Recovery tank hose
⑦ Fuel hose
@Water pipe
④ Breather hose (Fuel tank)
① Rear brake reservoir tank
① Rear brake switch
@Rear brake switch lead
@Rear brake hose
④ Breather hose (Recovery tank)

@Recovery tank

CABLE ROUTING



𝖾𝖾 To radiator cap assembly

- Pass the spark lead and fan motor lead along the air guide groove.
- ${\mathscr E}$. Pass the recovery tank hose on the fuel tank bracket.
- 必必 To fuel pump.
- F Pass breather hose (Fuel tank), Breather hose (Recovery tank) and carburetor air vent hose inside the relay arm.



CABLE ROUTING (5)



CABLE ROUTING



- A To fuel pump
- $[\underline{B}]$ Pass the starter motor lead under the starter motor.
- C Pass on the inside of the water pipe the carburetor air vent hose on the side of the #1 and #2 cylinders, and clamp this hose together with the carburetor air vent hose on the side of the # 3 and #4 cylinders. Then let these hoses go down in front of the starter motor.
- D To clutch lever
- $[\underline{E}]$ Locate the wire harness with its white taped portion in line with the hole on the inside of the tank rail.
- F To headlight unit

(1) Fuel pump relay (2) Ignition coil (Right) (3) Starter motor @Clamp (5) Rear brake switch lead @Breather hose (Recovery tank) (7) Rear brake master cylinder @Main fuse @Recovery tank (10) Sidestand relay (1) Digital ignitor unit Diode assembly @Rectifier/Regulator @Battery @Battery (-) terminal @Canister (For California only) @Starter lead @Generator lead @Clutch cable @ignition coil (Left) (21) Thermo unit @Relay assembly

Exup servo motor (For California only)
 Exup control unit (For California only)

INTRODUCTION/MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART

PERIODIC INSPECTIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS

INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended inspections and adjustments. These preventive maintenance procedures, if followed, will ensure more reliable vehicle operation and a longer service life. The need for costly overhaul work will be greatly reduced. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART

Proper periodic maintenance is important. Especially important are the maintenance services related to emissionscontrols. These controls not only function to ensure cleaner air but are also vital to proper engine operation and maximum performance. In the following maintenance tables, the services related to emissions control are grouped separately.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

			Initial	Odometer readings										
No.	ltem	Remarks	1,000 km or 1 month (600 m	**1 7,000 km or 7 months ni) (4,400 m	**2 13,000 km or 13 months i) (8,200m i)	19,000 km or 19 months (12,000 mi)	^{XX} ₃ 25,000 km or 25 months (15,800m i	31,000 kr or 31 month (19,600m						
1*	Valve clearance	Check and adjust valve clearance when engine is cold.					0							
**	Spark plug	Check condition. Adjust gap ahd clean. Replace at 13,000 km (or 13 months) and thereafter every 12,000 km (or 12 months).		0	Replace	0	Replace	0						
3*	Crankcase ventilation system	Check ventilation hose for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.		0	0	0	0	0						
4*	Fuel line	Check fuel hose and vacuum pipe for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.		0	0	0	0	0						
5*	Fuel filter	Replace initial 31,000 km (19,600 mi) and thereafter every 30,000 km (I 9,000 mi).						Replace						
6*	Exhaust system	Check for leakage. Retigh- ten if necessary. Replace gasket(s) if necessary.		0	0	0	0	0						
7*	Carburetor synchroni- zation	Adjust synchronization of carburetors.	*0	0	0	0	0	0						
8*1	dle speed	Check and adjust engine idle speed. Adjust cable free play.		0	0	0	0	0						

*It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer or other qualified mechanic. NOTE :_____

For father odometer reading, repeat the above maintenance at the period established; ****1**: Every **6,000** km (3,800 mi), ****2**: Every **12,000** km (7,600 mi), and ****3**: Every 24,000 km (15,200 mi) intervals.

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART



GENERAL MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION

-				Initial		rigs			
JO.	ltem	Remarks	Туре	,000 km or 1 month (600 mi)	7,000 km or 7 months (4,400 mi)	** 2 3,000 km or 3 months 8,200 mi)	19,000 krr) or 19 months (12,000 mi)	**3 ,25,000 km or ,25 months (15,800 mi)	,31,000 kn or .31 month: (19,600 mi
1	Engine oil	Warmup engine before draining	*1)Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 type "SE" motor oil *2)SAE 10W30 type "SE" motor oil	0	0	0	0	0	0
2*	Oil filter	Replace.	-	0		0		0	
3"	Air filter	Clean with compressed air. Replace if necessary.	-		0	0	0	0	0
4	Cooling system	Check hose for cracks or damage, replace if necessary.	-		0	0	0	0	0
		Replace coolant 24 months.	Ethylene glycol anti-freeze coolant					Replace	
5"	Brake system	Adjust free play. Replace pads if necessary.	~	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Drive chain	Check chain condition. Adjust and lubricate chain thoroughly.	SAE 30W-50W motor oil.			Every 500	km (300 mi)	
7	Control and meter cable	Apply chain lube thoroughly.	Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 1 ()W3() motor oil.	0	0	0	0	0	0
8"	Rear arm pivot shaft and rear suspension link pivots.	Applγ grease lightly.	Lithium soap base grease.					0	
9	Brake/ clutch lever pivot shaft	Applγ chain lube lightly.	Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 1 ()W3() motor oil.		0	0	0	0	0
0	Brake pedal and change pedal shaf1	Lubricate. Apply chain lube lightly.	Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 1 0W30 motor oil.		0	0	0	0	

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS CHART

				initial		Ode	ometer read	ings	-					
JO.	ltem	Remarks	Туре	1,000 km or 1 month (600 mi)	** 7,000 km or 7 months (4,400 mi)	** ² 13,000 km or 13 months (8,200 mi)	19,000 km or 19 months (12,000 mi)	** ³ 25,000 km or 25 months (15,800 mi)	31,000 km or 31 months (19,600 mi)					
1*	Side stand pivot	Check operation and lubricate. Apply chain lube lightly.	Yamaha chain and cable lube or SAE 1 0W30 motor oil,		0	0	0	0	0					
12*	Front fork oil	Check opera- tion and leakage.	Yamaha Fork Oil 10WT or equivalent		0	0	0	0	0					
13*	Steering bearing	Check bear- ings assembly for looseness. Moderately 22,366 RMPY (15,000 mi).	Medium weight wheel grease.		0	0	0	Repack	0					
14*	Wheel bearings	Check bear- ings for smooth rotation.			0	0	0	0	0					
15	Battery	Check speci- fic gravity and breather pipe for pro- per operation.	-		0	0	0	0	0					
16*	Sidestand switch	Check and clean or replace if necessary.		0	0	0	0	0	0					

*1) If ambient temperature does not go below 5°C (41°F).

*2) If ambient temperature does not go below 15°C (59°F).

*It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer or other qualified mechanic.

NOTE: -

For farther odometer reading, repeat the above maintenance at the period established, ""1: Every 6,000 km (3,800 mi), **2: Every 12,000 km (7,600 mi) and **3: Every 24,000 km (15,200 mi) intervals.

COWLINGS REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION





COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
- EXE Lower cowling (Left)









- 2. Remove:
 - ze Lower cowling (Right)

3. Remove:

- 4. Remove:
 - ZE Center cowling (Right)

COWLINGS REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION



- 5. Remove:
 - Rear view mirrows (Left and right)



- 6. Remove:
 - Headlight covers (Left and right) ①
- 7. Disconnect:
 - \bullet Flasher light leads (Left and right) (2)
 - Headlight coupler ③
- 8. Remove:
 - Flasher lights (Left and right)





- 9. Remove:
 - Upper cowling

COWLINGS REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION





10. Remove:

😹 Seat

NOTE:

To open the seat lock, insert the key in the lock and turn it clockwise.

11. Remove:

zz Top cover





INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure.

- Note the following points.
- 1. install:
 - 😹 Seat

NOTE: ____

Make sure that the seat is securely fitted.

∠∠ When reinstalling the seat, insert the lobes on the seat front into the receptacles on the frame, then push down the seat.





ENGINE

EXUP CABLE ADJUSTMENT (For California only)

1. Remove:

- Lower cowling (Left)
- 🥢 Seat

Refer to the "COWLINGS REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.

- 2. Remove:
 - 🜌 Valve cover 🕦
- 3. Turn on the main switch.

NOTE: ____

If does not operate EXUP servo motor, refer to the "YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE SYSTEM" section in the CHAPTER 8.







- 4. Check:
 - SE Alignment mark ()

Not aligned \rightarrow Adjust EXUP cables.

5. Adjust:

Adjustment steps:

- Zee Loosen both locknuts (2) and turn in both adjuster (3).
- Insert a [ϕ 4 mm (ϕ 0.16 in)] pin ④ through the aligning indent in the pulley and into the hole.
- Zero in) with fingers.

العام Turn both adjuster 1/2 turn clockwise.

Ze Tighten the locknuts.



Locknuts: 8 Nm (0.8 m-g, 5.8 ft·lb)

zz Remove the pin.

ZZ Turn on the main switch and, check that the alignment mark is aligned. If not, repeat the above step.





- 7. Install:
 - Valve cover ()



△ WARNING:

The engine must be cool before servicing the valve clearance.

NOTE: ____

Measure and adjust valve clearance when piston is at TDC on compression stroke.

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - ze Lower cowlings (Left and Right)
 - ZE Center cowlings (Left and Right)
 - seat Seat

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section.

2. Remove:

zz Fuel tank

Refer to the "CARBURETOR - RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.

3. Place a drain pan under the drain bolts.



4. Remove:

Drain bolt (Outlet pipe) (1)@Drain bolt (Cylinder) (2)











- 5. Remove:
 - $\overset{}{\sim}$ Radiator cap (1)
- 6. Drain:
 - Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE. MENT" section.
- 7. Disconnect:

- 9. Remove:
 - Radiator
- 10. Remove:
 - ビビ Spark plug leads
 - KE Cylinder head cover
 - se Generator cover

Valve Clearance Measurement

- 1. Measure:
 - Valve clearance

Valve clearance measurement steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.
- Align the "T" mark (1) on the magneto with the crankcase end (2) when #1 piston is at TDC on compressionstroke.









UOTE: ______ Compression T.D.C. can be found when the :am lobes are apart from each other, as shown.

- ${\bf D}$ Measure the valve clearance using Thickness Gauge $({\bf 3})$.
- Out of specification+ Adjust valve clearance.

Intake Valve (Cold): 0.11 ~ 0.20 mm (0.004 ~ 0.008 in) Exhaust Valve (Cold): 0.21 ~ 0.30 mm (0.008 ~ 0.012 in)

- Record the measured amount if the clearance is incorrect.
- Measure the valve clearance in sequence, for #2, 4 and #3 cylinders.
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust valve clearance.

Firing Sequence: #1 \rightarrow #2 \rightarrow #4 \rightarrow #3

(4) Front

NOTE: -

Turn crankshaft each degrees counterclockwise from #1 Cylinder TDC.

#2 Cylinder	180 degrees
#4 Cylinder	360 degrees
#3 Cylinder	540 degrees

ビビ Crankshaft counterclockwise turning angle ビビ Cylinder

5 Combustion

Adjusting Pad Replacement

- 1. Remove:
 - Ex Cam chain tensioner
 - Se Chain guide (Upper)
 - Ex Chain guide (Exhaust side)
 - Cam caps
 - se Cam chain
 - ze Cam shafts



NOTE:____

Refer to the "ENGINE DISASSEMBLY CAM-SHAFT AND CYLINDER HEAD – Procedure 2'', in the CHAPTER 4.

Fasten the wire to the cam chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

- 2. Remove:
 - Valve lifter ①
 - zz Pad
 - Use valve lapper (2)

Record the installed pad number.

NOTE: -

- Place a piece of rug in the cam chain room to prevent the pad from falling into the crankcase.
- Remove the rug after adjustment.
- 3. Select:
 - er Proper pad

Proper pad selection steps:

Select the proper pad from the table:

Pad	range	Pad Availability: 25 increments
No. 120	1.20 mm (0.047 in)	Pads stepped in
No. 240	2.40 mm (0.094 in)	Increments

NOTE: ____

Thickness (1) of each pad is marked on the pad side wall.

Round off the hundredths digit of the installed pad number to the nearest 0.05 mm increment.

Hundredths digit	Rounded valve
0 or 2	0
5	(NOT ROUNDED OFF)
8	10





EXAMPLE:

Installed pad number = 148 (1.48 mm) Rounded off digit = 150

NOTE: -

Pads can only be selected in 0.05 mm (0.002 in) increments.

Locate the "Rounded off Pad Number" on the chart, and then find the measured valve clearance. The point where these coordinates intersect is the new pad number.

NOTE: _

Use the new pad number as a guide only as the number must be verified.

- 4. Install:
 - Pad (New) 1
- 5. Install:
 - Valve lifter 2

NOTE: -

Apply molybdenum disulfide grease to the pad.
 Valve lifter must be rotated smoothly by a finger.

- 5. Install:
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle \ensuremath{\mathcal{I}}}$ Camshafts (1)
 - 🛩 Cam chain

a Camshaft caps (2)



Bolts (Camshaft Cap) : 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

NOTE: ____

EX Install the exhaust camshaft first.

 \mathcal{I} Align the matching marks (3).

*Apply molybdenum disulfide grease to the camshafts and cam caps.



INTAKE

B	I									NST				JMB	ĒR									_	
MEASURED						To or		455		100	170	175	190	195	190	105	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	225	240
CLEARANCE	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	105	170	175	100	105	130	195	200	205	210	210	220	225	230	235	240
0.00~0.02				120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	1/5	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225
0.03~0.07			120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230
0.08~0.10		120	125	130	135	140	146	160	1155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235
0.11~0.20									R	CON	MEN	IDED	CLE		NCE	1000	005	040	0.15	1000	loor	1000	000	1040	
0.21~0.22	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	
0.23~0.27	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	ļ	
0.28~0.32	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J		
0.33~0.37	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J			
0.38~0.42	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240					
0.43~0.47	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J					
0.48~0.52	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J						
0.53~0.57	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240								
0.58~0.62	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J								
0.63~0.67	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J									
0.68~0.72	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	ĺ										
0.73~0.77	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240												
0.78~0.82	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240]												
0.83~0.87	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240														
0.88~0.92	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	ļ														
0.93~0.97	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240																
0.00 - 1.02	305	210	215	220	335	230	225	240]					-	<u> </u>										
1.03~1.07	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J					VAL	VE	CLE	:ARA	NCE	. (0	cold)	:					
1.08~1.12	215	220	225	230	235	240	J						0.	.11	~ 0.2	20 m	m (0	.004	\sim	0.008	3 in)				
1.13~1.17	220	225	230	235	240								Exar	nple	: Ins	talle	d is	170							
1.18~1.22	225	230	235	240											Me	asu	red o	lear	ance	is O	.24 r	nm (0.00	9 in)	
1.23~1.27	230	235	240												Re	plac	e 17	0 pa	d wi	th 18	80 pa	ad			
1.28~1.32	235	240																							
1.33~1.37	240																								

EXHAUST

B									AI	NST	ALLE	DPA		UMBI	ER										
CLEARANCE	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240
0.00~0.02						120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	~200	~205~	210~	215
0.03~0.07					120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220
0.08~0.12				120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225
0.13~0.17			120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230
0.18~0.20		120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175_	1801	11851	1901	195	200	205	_210	215	220	225	230	235
0.21~0.30									RE	COM	MEN	DED	CLE	ARA	NCE				· · · -						<u> </u>
0.31~0.32	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J
0.33~0.37	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240		
0.38~0.42	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240			
0.43~0.47	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205_	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	L			
0.48~0.52	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	1				
0.53~0.57	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	l					
0.58~0.62	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	Į						
0.63~0.67	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240								
0.68~0.72	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240									
0.73~0.77	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240										
0.78~0.82	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	J										
0.83~0.87	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	ļ											
0.88~0.92	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	2.55	240	l												
$0.93 \sim 0.97$	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240)													
$0.98 \sim 1.02$	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	l														
$1.03 \sim 1.07$	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	ł															
$1.08 \sim 1.12$ $1.13 \sim 1.17$	210	215	220	225	230	235	240	240	,			١	/ALV	Έ	CLE	ARA	NCE	(c	old):						
1.18~1.22	215	220	225	230	235	240							0.	21 ^	~ 0.3	0 m	m (0	.008	~´(0.012	in)				
1.23~1.27	220	225	230	235	240										inet	مالە	lie 1	175			,				
1.28~1.32	225	230	235	240		1								ipie.	Me	200	n is nd cl	loara	ncc	ie A	25 m		014	in)	
1.33~1.37	230	235	240		1										De	asul				15 0.	55 m 5 m		.014	in)	
1.38~1.42	235	240		1											ĸe	piace	9 175	o pao	a wit	n 18	э ра	a			
1.43~1.47	240		•																						



NOTE:

 Refer to the "ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND AD-JUSTMENT - CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT" section in the CHAPTER 4.
 Turn the carnkshaft counterclockwise several turns for the installed parts to settle into the correct position.



• Valve clearance

Valve clearance verification steps:

- steps.
- If the clearance is incorrect, repeat all Adjusting Pad Replacement steps until the proper clearance is obtained.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
- ze Cam chain tensioner

NOTE: ____

Install the cam chain tensioner with the "UP" mark facing upward.



Bolts (Cam Chain Tensioner): 10 Nm (1.0 m-kg, 7.2 ft·lb)



- 2. Install:
 - Guide collar (1)
 - @Spring (2)
 - 🛩 Washer 3
 - Cam chain tensioner cap (4)





CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATIO





3. Recheck: \swarrow Align the matching marks (1).

4. Install:

🖉 Chain guide (Upper) 🕦

Ex Chain guide (Exhaust side) (2)

Bolts (Chain Guide): 10 Nm (1.0 m-kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

5. Install:

KE Cylinder head cover



Bolts (Cylinder Head Cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m-kg, 7.2 ft-lb)

6. Fill:

KK Cooling system



Coolant Total Amount (Including All Routes): 1.9 L (1.7 Imp qt, 2.0 US qt)

CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION

Carburetors must be adjusted to open and close simultaneously.

NOTE: ____

Valve clearance must be set properly before synchronizing the carburetors.

CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATIO



- 1. Remove:
 - Center cowlings
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION ~ REMOVAL" section.

- 2. Remove:
 - Exe Fuel tank

Refer to the "CARBURETOR - RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.

- 3. Remove:
 - *Vacuum plugs (1)

- 4. Install:
 - Vacuum gauge

Vacuum Gauge: P/N Y U-08030

- 5. Start the engine and let it warm up.
- 6. Adjust:
 - zz Idle speed
 Turn the throttle stop screw (1)

Turn in	Engine speed is increased.
Turn out	Engine speed is decreased.

- Idle Speed: 1,250 ~ 1,350 r/min
 - 7. Adjust:

se carburetors synchronization

Carburetor synchronization adjustment steps:<

 $\not \ll \not \ll$ synchronize carburetor No. 1 to carburetor No. 2 by turning synchronizing screw (1) until both gauges read the same.









IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMEN



*Racing the engine for less than a second, two or three times, and check the synchronization again.

> Vacuum Pressure at Idle Speed: 21.33 ± 0.6 kPa (160 ± 5 mmHg, 6.30 ± 0.2 inHg) Vacuum Synchronous Difference: 1.33 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.4 inHg)

•Repeat the above steps to synchronize carburetor No. 4 to carburetor No. 3 by turning synchronizing screw (2) until both gauges read the same.

*Repeat the same steps to synchronize No. 2 carburetor to No. 3 carburetor by turning synchronizing screw (3) until both gauges read the same.

- 8. Adjust:
 - zz Idle speed
- 9. Install:
 - Vacuum plug
 - zz Fuel tank
 - Seat
 - Center cowlings

IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Start the engine and let it warm up.
- 2. Inspect:
 - zz Idle speed

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.

July F

Idle Speed: 1,250 \sim 1,350 r/min

- 3. Adjust:
 - zz Idle speed

Turn the throttle stop screw (1)

Turn in	Engine speed is increased.
Turn out	Engine speed is decreased.







THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUST-MENT

NOTE: ____

Before adjusting the throttle cable free play, the engine idle speed should be adjusted.

1. Check:

هد Throttie cable free play (a)

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.





2. Adjust:

M Throttle cable free play

Throttle cable adjustment steps:
Remove the seat, top cover and air filter
case.
Refer to the "CARBURETOR - REMO-
VAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.
zz Loosen the locknut (Throttle cable 1) (1) .
${\mathscr A}$ ${\mathscr A}$ Turn the adjuster (Throttle cable 1) ${\widehat{ extsf{2}}}$
clockwise or counterclockwise until proper
free play (Throttle grip) is attained.
@Throttle cable 2

Throttle Cable Free Play (Throttle Grip)@: 2 ~ 3 mm (0.08 ~ 0.12 in)

*Tighten the locknut (1)

- If the free play is incorrect, adjust the throttle cable free play with the adjuster (Throttle grip side).
- Loosen the locknut (Throttle cable 1 Throttle grip side) ④.
- Z Turn the adjuster (Throttle cable 1 Throttle grip side) (5) clockwise or counterclockwise until proper free play (Throttle grip) @is attained.

SPARK PLUG INSPECTION





Throttle Cable Free Play (Throttle Grip) (a) : $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm}$ (0.08 \sim 0.20 in)

 \mathscr{K} \mathscr{K} Tighten the locknut (4).

NOTE: _

Normally, once the throttle cable length adjuster (carburetor) is properly set; the only adjustment required is maintenance of free play at the throttle cable length adjuster (Throttle grip).



SPARK PLUG INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Electrode (1)
 - Wear/ Damage-t Replace.
 - *Insulator color (2)

Normal condition is a medium to light tan color.

Distinctly different $color \rightarrow Check$ the engine condition.

- (a) Spark plug gap
- 2. Clean:
 - •Spark plug

Clean the spark plug with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush.

3. Inspect:

*Spark plug type Incorrect4 Replace.

Standard Spark Plug: CR8E (NGK), U24ESR-N (NIPPON DENSO)





4. Measure:

*Spark plug gap Out of specification → Regap. Use a wire gauge.

Spark Plug Gap: 0.7 ~ 0.8 mm (0.028 ~ 0.032 in)

- 5. Tighten:
 - Spark plug

NOTE: ____

Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.



Spark Plug: 13 Nm (1.3 m·kg, 9.4 ft·lb)

NOTE:

If a torque wrench is not available when you are installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 to 1/2 turns part finger tight. Have the spark plug torqued to the correct value as soon as possible with a torque wrench.

IGNITION TIMING CHECK

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left)
 - se Center cowling

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section.

- 2. Remove:
 - se Generator cover
- 3. Connect :

*Timing light (1) To the #1 spark plug lead.

zz Inductive tachometer

Timing Light: P/N Y U-33223 Inductive Tachometer: P/N YU-08037



COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT



4. Warm up the engine and allow it to idle at the specified speed.





- 5. Check:
 - Ignition timing

Visually check the crankcase end (1) is within the firing range (2) on the magneto. Out of firing range \rightarrow Check pickup assembly.

NOTE: -

Ignition timing is not adjustable.

- 6. Install:
 - **Generator cover**

COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

NOTE: .

Insufficient compression pressure will result in performance loss.

- 1. Measure:
 - Valve clearance
 Out of specification → Adjust.
 Refer to the "VALVE CLEARANCE AD-JUSTMENT" section.
- 2. Warm up the engine.
- 3. Remove:
 - *Spark plugs
- 4. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left)

ച്ച Center cowling (Left)

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.

- 5. Measure:
 - Compression pressure

Compression pressure measurement steps:

Install the Compression Gauge (1) using an adapter.



COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT



 Crank over the engine with the electric starter (be sure the battery is fully charged) with the throttle wide open until the compression reading on the gauge stabilizes. *Check readings with specified levels (See chart). Compression Gauge: P/N YU-33223 Compression Pressure (At sea level) : Standard : 950 kPa (9.5 kg/cm², 138 psi) Minimum: 750 kPa (7.5 kg/cm², 109 psi) Maximum: 1,150 kPa (11.5 kg/cm², 164 psi) A WARNING: When cranking the engine, ground spark plug lead to prevent sparking. *Repeat the previous steps for the other cylinders. • If pressure falls bellow the minimum level: 1) Squirt a few drops of oil into the affected cylinder. 2) Measure the compression again. **Compression Pressure** (with oil introduced into cylinder) Reading Diagnosis Higher than Worn or damaged pistons without oil Defective ring(s), valves, Same as cylinder head gasket or without oil piston is possible. Inspect cylinder head, Above valve surfaces, or piston maximum crown for carbon deposits. evel VOTE: The difference between the highest and lowest cylinder compression readings must not vary nore than the specified value. Difference Between Each Cylinder: Less than 100 kPa (1 kg/cm², 15 psi)

3-22
ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION/



ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

1. Place the motorcycle on its centerstand and warm up the engine for several minutes.

NOTE: _

Position motorcycle straight up when checking oil level, a slight tilt to the side can produce false readings.

- 2. Stop the engine and visually check the oil level throught the level window (1).
- 3. Inspect:

∠∠0il levelOil level should be between maximum (2) and minimum (3) marks.

Low oil level \rightarrow Add oil to proper level'.

NOTE: _

Wait a few minutes until level settles before inspecting.



ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT

- 1. Warm up the engine for serveral minutes.
- 2. Place a drain pan under the engine.
- 3. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left) Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION → REMOVAL" section.
- 4. Remove:
 - Oil filler cap
- Remove:
 ∠∠ Drain plug 1
 Drain the engine oil.
- 6. Tighten:

ಜ್ Drain plug ()

Oil Drain Plug: 43 Nm (4.3 m·kg, 31 ft·lb)



30	40	50	60° F	
	-		SAE 20W	/40
			SAE 10W/30	C
0	5	 10	ا 15°C	





- 7. Fill:
 - Crankcase
- A CAUTION:

Do not allow foreign material to enter the crankcase.

Periodic Oil Change: 2.7 L (2.4 Imp qt, 2.9 US qt) Recommended Engine Oil: At 5°C (40" F) or Higher: Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 Type SE Motor Oil At 15°C (60°F) or Lower: SAE 10W30 Type SE Motor Oil

8. Install:

Oil filler cap

ENGINE OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right)
 Refer to the COWLING REMOVAL AND
 INSTALLATION REMOVAL" section.
- 2. Warm up the engine for several minutes.





- 3. Remove:
 - Cowling stays (Left and right) ①
 ∠∠ Exhaust pipe
 Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL MUFFLER ASSEMBLY" section in the

CHAPTER 4.

- 4. Drain the oil.
- 5. Remove:
 - Oil filler cap

ENGINE OIL FILTER REPLACEMEN 2





- 6. Remove:
 - Oil filter (1)
 - Shim 2
 - @Spring (3)
- 7. Check:
 - O-ring Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 8. install:
 - Oil filter (New)
 - ze Shim
 - Spring
 - To oil filter cover.

NOTE:

Be sure the O-ring $(\hat{1})$ is positioned properly.

- 9. Install:
 - Oil filter cover



NOTE: ____

Mesh the oil filter cover projection (1) with the crankcase slot.

- 10. Fill:
 - KE Crankcase



With Oil Filter Replacement: 2.5 L (2.2 Imp qt, 2.64 US qt)

- 11. Warm up the engine for a few minutes, then stop the engine.
- 12. Observe:
 - Oil level
- 13. Install:
 - Center cowlings (Left and right)
 - Exe Lower cowlings (Left and right)

CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT ADJ



CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT

Check:
 ∠ Clutch lever free play ^a
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Free Play: 2 ~ 3 mm (0.08 ~ 0.12 in)

- 2. Adjust:
 - est Clutch lever free play

Adjustment		steps:	
ĽĽ	Loosen	the locknut	

EXE Turn the adjuster 2 in or out until the specified free play is obtained.

Turn in	Free play is increased.
Turn out	Free play is decreased.

Ex Tighten the locknut.

NOTE: -

Normally, once the clutch cable length adjuster (crankcase) is properly set; the only adjustment required is maintenance of free play at the clutch cable length adjuster (handlebar lever).





- 3. Remove:
 - Lower cowling (Left) • Cover
- 4. Loosen:
 - Lock nut ①
- 5. Screw in adjuster ② until lightly tight and back it out 1/4 turn.
- 6. Tighten:
 - Locknut (1)
- 7. Check:

AIR FILTER CLEANING/CARBURETOR





AIR FILTER CLEANING

- 1. Remove:
 - 🖉 Seat
 - ZE Top cover

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section.

- 2. Remove:
 - 🛫 Air filter case cover 🕦
 - ZE Air filter element

A CAUTION:

The engine should never be run without the air/filter element installed; excessive piston and/or cylinder wear may result.

- 3. Clean:
 - ZE Air filter element

Blow out dust in the element from the outer surface using compressed air.

- 4. Inspect :
 - Air filter element
 - Damage → Replace.
- 5. Install:
 - zz Air filter element
 - Air filter case cover
 - E Top cover
 - zz Seat



CARBURETOR JOINT INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:

 - E Air filter case

Refer to the "CARBURETOR - RE-

MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.

2. Inspect :

Zerburetor joint

Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

FUEL LINE INSPECTION

1. Remove:

Exe Lower cowlings (Left and right)

CRANKCASE VENTILATION HOSE INSPECTION/







- 2. Inspect:
 - Fuel pipes $Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.$
 - ∠ Fuel filter

Contamination/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

NOTE:

Drain and flush the fuel tank if abrasive damage to any components is evident.

CRANKCASE VENTILATION HOSE INSPEC-TION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section.
- 2. Inspect:
 - $\not \in \not \in$ crankcase ventilation hose (1) Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

EXHAUST SYSTEM INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - ze Lower cowlings (Left and right)
 - Ke Center cowlings (Left and right)
 - Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION REMOVAL" section.



- 2. Inspect:
 - Exhaust pipe
 - Gaskets (Exhaust pipe)
 - Muffler Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Bolt
 - Nut
 - Loose \rightarrow Tighten.

COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION/COOLANT REPLACEMENT



3. Tighten:



COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Seat cowling ①



2. Inspect:

 Coolant level (Reservoir tank ①)
 Low level → Add tap water (Soft water).

@Coolant reservoir tank
@"FULL" level
③ "LOW" level

△ WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

▲ CAUTION:

Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts; use boiled or distilled water if you can't get soft water.

COOLANT REPLACEMENT

▲ WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. When the engine has cooled, open the radiator cap by the following procedure:

COOLANT REPLACEMENT



Place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

1. Remove:

- 🖉 Lower cowling (Left)
 - AND INSTALLATION REMOVAL section.
 - 2. Place a drain pan under the drain bolts.



- 3. Remove:
 - ∠ Drain bolt (Outlet pipe) (1)
 - Se Drain bolt (Cylinder) (2)
 - Radiator cap
 - Drain the coolant.

NOTE: _

Remove the drain bolts first, then remove the radiator cap to prevent the coolant spilling.

- 4. Tighten:
 - Exe Drain bolt (Cylinder)
 - ZE Drain bolt (Outlet pipe)



Drain Bolt (Cylinder): 7 Nm (0.7 m-kg, 5.1 ft·lb) Drain Bolt (Outlet Pipe): 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)

NOTE: _

Replace with new copper gasket.

5. Fill:

KK Cooling system

COOLANT REPLACEMENT





Coolant filling steps:

- Fill the coolant into the radiator until the radiator is full.
- Start the engine (Coolant level decreases.)

\triangle CAUTION:

Always check coolant level, and check for coolant leakage before starting engine.

Add the coolant while engine is running.
Stop the engine when coolant level stabilizes.
Add the coolant again to specified level ①.
Install the radiator cap.



Recommended Coolant: High Quality Ethylene Glycol Anti-Freeze Containing Anti-Corrosion for Aluminum Engine Inhibitors

Coolant and Water Mixed Ratio: 50%/50%

Total Amount:

1.9 L (1.7 Imp qt, 2.0 US qt)

Reservoir Tank Capacity: (From Low to Full Level): 0.28 L (0.25 Imp qt, 0.30 US qt)

▲ CAUTION:

Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine. You may use distilled water if you can't get soft water.

Do not mix more than one type of ethlen glycol antifreeze containing corrosion for aluminum engine inhabitors.





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FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
 - Ze Adjuster locknut (1)
- 2. Adjust:
 - 🛩 Free play

Turn the adjuster 2 until the free play a is within the specified limits.

Turn in	Free play is decreased.
Turn out	Free play is increased.



Front Brake Lever Free Play: $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm}$ (0.08 \sim 0.20 in)

▲ CAUTION:

Proper lever free play is essential to avoid excessive brake drag.

- 3. Tighten:
 - Z Adjuster locknut

REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen:
 - zz Adjuster locknut ()
- 2. Adjust:
 - se Brake pedal height (a)

Turn the adjuster (2) until the brake pedal position is at the specified height.

Rear brake light switch

Refer to the "REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT" section.



Brake Pedal Height: 42 mm (1.7 in) Below the Top of the Footrest

▲ WARNING:

After adjusting the brake pedal height, visually check the adjuster end (2) through the hole of the joint holder (3). The adjuster end must appear within this hole (4).

3. Lock:





BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION/BRAKE PAD INSPECTION REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT





BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION

Inspect:
 *Brake fluid level
 Fluid at lower level → Replenish.

(1) Front brake fluid lower level



Brake Fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, #3 can be used.

▲ WARNING:

- se Use only designated quality brake fluid to avoid poor brake performance.
- •**Refill** with same type and brand of brake fluid; mixing fluids could result in poor brake performance.
- •Be sure that water or other contaminants do not enter master cylinder when refilling.
- Clean up spilled fluid immediately to avoid erosion of painted surfaces or plastic parts.

(1) Rear brake fluid lower level



BRAKE PAD INSPECTION

- 1. Activate the brake lever or brake pedal.
- 2. Inspect:

*Wear indicator ① Indicator almost contacts disc→ Replace pads.

REAR BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUST-MENT

- 1. Loosen:
 - zz Locknut 🛈

BRAKE HOSE INSPECTION/DRIVE CHAIN SLACK CHECK/



- 2. Adjust:
 - *Rear brake light switch Hold the switch body ② with your hand so it does not rotate and turn the adjuster ③.

NOTE: _

Proper adjustment is achieved when the brake light comes on just before the brake begins to take effect.

BRAKE HOSE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - 😹 Brake hoses

 $\textbf{Cracks/Damage} \rightarrow \textbf{Replace}.$

AIR BLEEDING

▲ WARNING:

Bleed the brake system if:

- zz The system has been disassembled.
- KE A brake hose has been loosened or removed.
- The brake fluid is very low.
- **EX** The brake operation is faulty.

A dangerous loss of braking performance may occur if the brake system is not properly bled.



- 1. Bleed:
 - **Brake system**

Air bleeding steps:

- a. Add proper brake fluid to the reservoir.
- b. Install the diaphragm. Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to overflow.
- c. Connect the clear plastic tube (1) tightly to the caliper bleed screw.



A Front

- B Rear
- J. Place the other end of the tube into a container.
- e. Slowly apply the brake lever or pedal several times.
- f. Pull the lever in or push down on the pedal. Hold the lever or pedal in position.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw and allow the lever or pedal to travel towards its limit.
- h. Tighten the bleed screw when the lever or pedal limit has been reached; then release the lever or pedal.



6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)

i. Repeat steps (e) to (h) until of the air bubbles have been removed from the system.

NOTE: ____

If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid system stabilize for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the system have disappeared.

j. Add brake fluid to the level line on the reservoir.

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:

Before checking and/or adjusting the chain slack, rotate the rear wheel through several revolutions. Check the chain slack several times to find the point where the chain is the tightest. Check and/or adjust the chain slack where the rear wheel is in this "tight chain" position.

- 1. Place the motorcycle vertically on a leve place.
- 2. Measure:
 - *Drive chain slack (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.



Drive Chain Slack: 10 \sim 20 mm (0.4 \sim 0.8 in)

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT



3. Remove:

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*Cotter pin (1)
```

- Loosen:
 ∠∠ Nut (Rear axle) (2)
 ∠∠ Locknut (3)
- 5. Adjust:
 *Chain slack
 Turn the adjuster (4) in or out.

Turn in	Chain slack is decreased.
Turn out	Chain slack is increased.

NOTE: _

There are marks on each side of rear arm and on each chain puller; use them to check for proper alignment.

▲ CAUTION:

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

6. Tighten:

ZE Nut (Rear axle)



- 7. Tighten:
 - ze Adjuster
 - Ref Locknut
- 8. Install:Cotter pin ① (New)

▲WARNING:

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.

NOTE: __

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the wheel shaft cotter pin hole, align groove to hole by tightening up on the axle nut.





DRIVE CHAIN LUBRICATION

The chain consists of many parts which work against each other. If the chain is not maintained properly, it will wear out rapidly, therefore, form the habit of periodically servicing the chain. This service is especially necessary when riding in dusty conditions.

This motorcycle has a drive chain with small rubber O-rings between the chain plates. Steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, and certain solvents can damage these O-rings. Use only kerosene to clean the drive chain. Wipe it dry, and thoroughly lubricate it with SAE $30 \sim 50W$ motor oil. Do not use any other lubricants on the drive chain. They may contain solvents that could damage the O-rings.



Recommended Lubricant: SAE 30 \sim 50 Motor Oil or Chain Lubricants Suitable for "O-ring" Chains

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.
- 2. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 3. Check:

se Steering assembly bearings

Grasp the bottom of the front forks and gently rock the fork assembly back and forth.

Looseness \rightarrow Adjust the steering head.

4. Remove:

zz Seat

zz Top cover

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION ~ REMOVAL" section.

5. Remove:

Ex Handlebars bosses (Left and right)

zz Handlebar crown

Refer to the "STEERING HEAD HANDLEBAR - REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 7.





STEERING HEAD INSPECTION ADJ



- 6. Remove:
 - zz Lock washer (1)
 - Ring nut (Upper)
 - *Washer ③
- 7. Remove:
 - er Front fork
 - Refer to the "FRONT FORK REMO-VAL" section in the CHAPTER 7
- 8. Tighten:
 - Ring nuts (Lower and upper)

Ring nuts tightening steps:

NOTE: _

Set the Torque Wrench to the Ring Nut Wrench so that they form a right angle.

 $\not \leq$ Install the ring nut (Lower) (4).

NOTE: .

The tapered side of ring nut must faced down-ward.

 \mathscr{K} Tighten the ring nut (4) using the Ring Nut Wrench.

Ring Nut Wrench: P/N Y U-33975

> Ring Nut (4) (Initial Tightening): 52 Nm (5.2 m·kg, 37 ft-lb)

Loosen the ring nut (4) completely and retighten it to specification.

△ WARNING:

Do not over-tightening.



Ring Nut (4) (Final Tightening) : 3 Nm (0.3 m·kg, 2.2 ft·lb)

NOTE:

Recheck the steering head by turning the steering from lock to lock, after adjusting steering head.

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION

If steering is binded, loosen the ring nut so that there is no free play on bearing. If steering is loosened, repeat the adjustment steps. • install the washer (3). • Install the ring nut (Upper) (2). NOTE: _ The tapered side of ring nut must face downward. • Finger tighten the ring nut (2), then align the slots of both ring nuts. If not aligned, hold the lower ring nut (4) and tighten the other until they are aligned. • Install the lock washer (1) NOTE: _ Make sure the lock washer tab is placed in the slots. zz Install the handle crown and tighten the steering stem nut to specification. Nut (Steering Stem) : 110 Nm (11.0 m-kg, 80 ft-lb) • Tighten the pinch bolts to specification. Pinch Bolt (Handle Crown): 20 Nm (2.0 m-kg, 14 ft-lb) 10. Install: se Front fork **EXE** Handlebars (Left and right) Nut (Front Axle): × 58 Nm (5.8 m · kg, 42 ft · lb) **Bolt (Front Fork Pinch):** 20 Nm (2.0 $m \cdot kg$, 14 ft · lb)



11. Install:

E Top cover

se Seat



FRONT FORK INSPECTION

∆ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.
- 2. Check:
 - zz Inner tube
 - Scratch/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - ළ Oil seal
 - Excessive oil leakage \rightarrow Replace.
- 3.Hold the motorcycle on upright position and apply the front brake.
- 4. Check :
 - Operation
 Pump the front fork up and down for several times.
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ADJUSTMENT

The spring preload of the rear shock absorber can be adjusted to suit rider's preference, weight, and the course conditions.

- 1. Adjust:
 - ser Spring preload

Adjustment steps:

◆To increase preload, adjuster ① is turned toward the "H". To decrease preload, adjuster is turned toward the "S".

	Hard			STD	So	ft	
Adjusting position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1









TIRE INSPECTION

- 1 Measure:
 - KE Tire pressure

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.

▲ WARNING:

Tire inflation pressure should be checked and adjusted when the temperature of the tire euqals the ambient air temperature. Tire inflation pressure must be adjusted according to total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories (fairing, saddlebags, etc. if approved for this model), and vehicle speed.

Basic weight: With oil and full fuel tank	186 kg (410 lb) (Except for California) 189 kg (417 lb) (For California)		
Maximum load*	156 kg (344 lb) (Except for California) 153 kg (337 lb) (For California)		
Cold tire pressure	Front	Rear	
Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load*	200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² 28 psi)	230 kPa (2.3 kg/cm ² 32 psi)	
90 kg (198 lb) ~ Maximum load*	200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi)	
High speed riding	200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm² , 28 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi)	

* Load is the total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories.

2. Inspect:

∠ ∠ Tire surfaces Wear/Damage → Replace.

Minimum Tire Tread Depth (Front and Rear): 1 mm (0.04 in)

@Tread depth@Side wall@Wear indicator





WHEEL INSPECTION

▲ WARNING:

After extensive tests, the tires mentioned below have been approved by Yamaha motor Co., Ltd. for this model. No guarantee for handling characteristics can be given if tire combinations other than what is approved are used on this motorcycle. The front and rear tires should be of the same manufacture and design.

FRONT:

Manufacture	Size	Туре
Bridgestone	110/70 R17–53H	CY03
Dunlop	1 10/70R17-53H	K455F

REAR:

Manufacture	Size	Туре
Bridgestone	140/60 R 18-64H	CY04
Duniop	140/60 R 18-64H	K455

It is dangerous to ride with a worn-out tire. When a tire tread begins to show line, replace the tire immediately.

- Patching a punctured tube is not recommended. If it is absolutely necessary to do so, use great care and replace the tube as soon as possible with a good quality replacement.
- Do not attempt to use tubeless tires on a wheel designed for tube type tires only. Tire failure and personal injury may result from sudden deflation.

Be sure to instal

Wheel	Tire	
Tube type	Tube type only	
Tubeless	Tube type or tubeless	

Be sure to install the correct tube when using tube type tires.

WHEEL INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Ze Aluminum wheels

Damage/Bends \rightarrow Replace.

Never attempt even small repairs to the wheel.

NOTE: _

Always balance the wheel when a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced.



CABLE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - @Throttle cables
 - Ze Cable sheaths
 - se Clutch cable

se Starter cable

Check for damage to the cable insulation.

Corrosion/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Obstruction \rightarrow Reroute.

Unsmoothness \rightarrow Lubricate.

LUBRICATION

Throttle cables/Clutch cable/Starter cable

Cable lubrication steps:

- Remove the two grip ends that secure throttle to handlebar.
- Hold cable end high and apply several drops of lubricant to cable.
- Coat metal surface of disassembled throttle twist grip with suitable all-purpose grease to minimize friction.



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

Lever/Pedal

Lubricate pivoting part of each lever and pedal.



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

Sidestand

Lubricate the pivoting part.



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil



ELECTRICAL

BATTERY INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AN INSTALLATION – REMOVAL" section.



Fluid level (3) should be between upper (1 and lower (2) marks. Incorrect+ Refill.

▲ CAUTION:

Refill with distilles water only; tap water con tains minerals harmful to a battery.

3. Connect:

Breather pipe (Battery) (1)
Be sure the hose is properly attached anc routed.

4. Inspect:

*Breather pipe (Battery) ① Obstruction → Reroute. Damage → Replace.

△ CAUTION:

When inspecting the battery, be sure the breather pipe is routed correctly. If the breather pipe touches the frame or exits in such a way as to cause battery electrolyte or gas to exit onto the frame, structural and cosmetic damage to the motorcycle can occur.

5. Check:

 Specific gravity: Less than 1.280 → Recharge battery.

> Charging Current: 1.2 amps/10 hrs Specific Gravity: 1.280 at 20°C (68°F)



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Replace the battery if:

- Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate one cell to be lower than the rest.
- •Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.

▲ CAUTION:

Always charge a new battery before using it to ensure maximum performance.

▲ WARNING:

Battery electrolyte is dangerous; it contains sulfuric acid and therefore is poisonous and highly caustic.

Always follow these preventive measures:

- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause servere burns or permanent eye injury.
- *Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.

Antidote (EXTERNAL):

*SKIN-Flush with water.

*EYES- Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

Antidote (INTERNAL):

*Drink large quantities of water or milk follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention.

Batteries also generate explosive hydrogen gas, therefore you should always follow these preventive measures:

Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
 *Keep batteries away from fire, sparks, or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes, etc.)

• DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.

KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.



rest.

FUSE INSPECTION/HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT



FUSE INSPECTION

The fuse panel is located under the seat.

- 1. Inspect:
 - zz Fuses
 - Defective+ Replace.

Blown fuse (New)→ Inspect circuit.

NOTE: .

Install new fuses of proper amperage.

Spare fuses

Description	Amperage	Quantity
Main	30A	1
Headlight	10A	1
Signal	10A	1
Ignition	10A	1
Decemica	10A	1
Reserve	30A	1

Blown fuse replacement steps:

*Turn off ignition and the circuit.

*Install a new fuse of proper amperage.

@Turn on switches to verify operation of electrical device.

• If fuse blows immediately again, check circuit in question.

WARNING:

Do not use fuses of higher amperage rating than recommended. Extensive electrical system damage and fire could result from substitution of a fuse of improper amperage.



HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT

1. Adjust:

KE Horizontal adjustment:

To adjust the beam to the right, turn the adjusting screw (1) clockwise.

To adjust the beam to the left, turn the screw (1) counterclockwise.

HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT









2. Adjust:

@Vertical adjustment:

- To raise the beam, turn the adjusting screw (2) clockwise.
- To lower the beam, turn the screw (2) counterclockwise.

HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
- 2. Disconnect:
 - 🖉 Headlight bulb coupler 2
- 3. Remove:
 - Ke Headlight bulb cover (3)
- 4. Remove:
 - •Bulb Turn the bulb holder counterclockwise to release bulb.

△ WARNING:

Keep flammable products or your hands away from the bulb while it is on, it will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.

5. Install:

*Bulb (New) Secure the new bulb with the bulb holder.

∆CAUTION:

Avoid touching glass part of bulb. Also keep it free from oil otherwise, transparency of glass, bulb life and illuminous flux will be adversely affected. If oil gets on bulb, clean it with a cloth moistened thoroughly with alcohol or lacquer thinner.

6. Install:

Readlight bulb cover

TAIL/BRAKE BULB REPLACEMENT ADJ

- 7. Connect:
 - Ex Headlight bulb coupler
- 8. Install:
 - Ex Headlight cover.

TAIL/BRAKE BULB REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Seat cowling

2. Remove:

Turn the bulb socket approximately 30° counterclockwise.

- 3. Remove:
 - E Defective bulb
- 4. Install:
 - zz Bulb socket
 - Seat cowling
 - Seat

ENG

ENGINE OVERHAUL

ENGINE REMOVAL

NOTE: _

It is not necessary to remove the engine in order

- to remove the following components:
- **EX** Cylinder head
- **EX**Cylinder
- Piston
- . Clutch
- Water pump
- ZZ A.C. magneto

LOWER COWLING, CENTER COWLING, UPPER COWLING AND TOP COVER

- 1. Remove:
 - Exe Lower cowlings (Left and right)
 - **Center cowlings (Left and right)**
 - Upper cowling
 - Seat
 - E Top cover

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION -- REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

FUEL TANK

1. Remove:

SE Fuel tank

Refer to the "CARBURETOR - RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.

ENGINE OIL

1. Drain:

ze Engine oil

Refer to the "ENGINE OIL REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

COOLANT

1. Drain:

• Coolant Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

AIR FILTER CASE AND CARBURETOR

- 1. Remove:
 - ZE Air filter case
 - **Carburetor**

Refer to the "CARBURETOR – RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.



RADIATOR

- 1. Disconnect:
 - zz Hose (Radiator Inlet) (1)
 - 😹 Hose (Radiator Outlet) (2)



- 2. Disconnect:
 - Exe Fan motor coupler
- 3. Remove:
 - **KE Radiator assembly**

▲ CAUTION:

Cover the cylinder head cover and the fender with rugs to prevent a scratching.

- 4. Disconnect:
 - ZE Pipes (Left and right)

5. Remove:

MUFFLER ASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove:
 - 😹 Nuts (Exhaust pipe) 🕦
 - EX Cowling stays (2)
 - See Bolt (Muffler bracket) ③

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

ENG



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CLUTCH CABLE AND DRIVE CHAIN

- 1. Remove:
 - zz Shift arm
 - Ex Crankcase cover (Left)

Remove:
 ∠∠Clutch cable

- Straighten:
 Lock washer tab
- 4. Remove:

LEADS

- 1. Straighten:
 - Clamp

2. Disconnect:

NOTE: -

Disconnect the negative lead ① first.



- 3. Disconnect:
 - zz Lead (Starter motor)









- 4. Remove:
 - Cover
- 5. Disconnect:
 - Exe Coupler (Oil level Neutral switch)
 - ZZ Coupler (A.C. generator)
 - Exe Coupler (Sidestand switch)

6. Remove:

ENGINE REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - $\bullet \, \text{Cover} \ (1)$
 - Starter lever 2

- 2. Place a suitable stand under the engine.
- 3. Remove: ∠∠ Down tube frames (Left and right) ①
 - 😹 Bolt (Engine-mount) (2)



- 4. Remove:
 - $_{\mbox{\tiny EM}}$ Bolt (Engine-mounting Lower) 1
 - 😹 Bolt (Engine-mounting Upper) 2
 - ළු Collars (3)



(2)

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Remove:
 ∠∠ Engine assembly.
 From right side.

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

CYLINDER HEAD COVER, CAMSHAFT AND CYLINDER HEAD

ENG

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the cylinder head cover, camshaft and cylinder head can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- $\ensuremath{\ens$
- Sec Center cowlings (Left and right)
- 🛩 Seat
- E Top cover
- **EX** Radiator
- Air filter case
- **Carburetor**
- ee Muffler assembly
- ZZ Down tube frame (Right)







2. Remove: @Generator cover ① </br>

- 3. Turn: ∠∠ Crankshaft Counterclockwise
- 4. Align:
 - 🌌 "T" mark 🕦
 - $\overset{_{\mathscr{E}}}{=}$ Crankcase end (2)

NOTE:

When #1 piston is at TDC on compression stroke.

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY



- 5. Remove:
 - KE Cam chain tensioner (1)
 - See Gasket (Cam chain tensioner)

6. Remove: 🖉 Union bolts 🕦 KE Oil delivery pipe (2)

7. Remove: KE Cam chain guide (Upper) (1) se Cam chain guide (Exhaust side) 2

NOTE: ____

Select either of the two procedures explained in this manual, as follows:

Reference Procedure 1.

For engine service except cylinder head disassembly.

→ Disconnect the cam chain.

The pistons and cylinder can be removed without removing the camshafts.

Procedure 2.

For engine service including cylinder head disassembly.

 \rightarrow Remove the cam caps and camshafts.

The camshafts can be removed without disconnecting the cam chain.











Procedure 1.

Disconnect:
 ∠∠ Cam chain
 Use the Cam Chain Cutter ①.



2. Remove:

🖉 Rubbers (Camshaft cap) 🕦

3. Remove:

KE Nuts (Cylinder head)

Use the Hexagon Wrench 6 mm (0.24 in) ().

4. Remove:

- E Cylinder head
- See Gasket (Cylinder head)
- Dowel pins
- 5. Go to "CYLINDER AND PISTON".

Procedure 2.

- 1. Remove:
 - zz Camshaft caps
 - $\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\varkappa}}\xspace$ Dowel pins

NOTE: ____

Remove the camshaft caps in a crisscross pattern from outermost to inner caps.

A CAUTION:

Do not rotate the camshaft or valve damage may occur.

- 2. Remove:
 - ZE Camshafts

NOTE:

Fasten safety wire (1) to the cam chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY



3. Remove:

KENuts (Cylinder head)

Use the Hexagon Wrench 6 mm (0.24 in)@.

NOTE:

- zz Loosen the nuts in their proper loosening sequence.
- EXE Follow numerical order shown in photo. Start by loosening each nut 1/2 turn until all are loose.

4. Remove:

EX Cylinder head

NOTE:

Remove the cylinder head as a whole to prevent the valve lifters and adjusting pads from falling into the crankcase.

- 5. Remove:
 - Gasket (Cylinder head) ①
 - Dowel pins (2)

CYLINDER AND PISTON

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the cylinder and piston can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}\xspace$ Lower cowlings (Left and right)
- KE Center cowlings (Left and right)

zz Seat

- •Top cover
- ze Radiator
- Ke Air filter case
- EX Carburetor
- se Muffler assembly
- Se Down tube frame (Right)
- zz Cylinder head




- ENG
- 1. Remove:
 - Water pipe ①
 - O-rings
 - ≝≝Cylinder

2. Remove:

🖉 Gasket (Cylinder) 🛈

 \mathbb{Z} Dowel pins (2)

- 3. Mark:
 - Pistons
 With the piston number designations as shown.
- Remove:
 ∠∠ Circlips (Piston pin) ①

NOTE: _

Before removing the piston pin circlip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the circlip from falling into the crankcase cavity.

- 5. Remove:
 - ∠∠

NOTE: _____

Before removing the piston pin, deburr the clip grooved and pin hole area. If the piston pin groove is deburred and piston pin is still difficult to remove, use the Piston Pin Puller (3).



Piston Pin Puller: P/N YU-01304

▲ CAUTION:

Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.





STARTER CLUTCH

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the starter clutch can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- se Starter clutch cover
- 1. Remove:
 - Starter clutch cover ①
 - See Gasket (Starter clutch cover)
 - se Dowel pens.





- 2. Remove:
 - 🖉 Bolt (Starter clutch) 🛈
 - se Washer

3. Attach: ∠∠ Heavy Duty Puller ①



- 4. Remove:
- 5. Remove:

∠ woodruff key (1)
∠ Starter clutch gear (2)
∠ Idle gear (3)
∠ Idle gear (4)





CLUTCH

NOTE: ____

With the engine mounted, the starter clutch can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Ze Lower cowling (Right)
- Exe Crankcase cover (Right)
 - 1. Remove:
 - Exe Crankcase cover (Right) (1)
 - See Gasket (Crankcase cover)
 - zz Dowel pins

NOTE: ____

Working in a crisscross pattern, loosen bolts 1/4 turn each. Remove them after all are loosened.

2. Remove:

Bolts (Clutch spring) (1)

- *Clutch springs (2)
- ** Pressure plate (3)
- se Friction plates
- $\ensuremath{\measuredangle}$ Clutch plates

NOTE:

Loosen the bolts in a crisscross pattern.

3. Remove:

∠∠ Push rod #11
● Ball 2
∠∠ Push rod #23

4. Straighten the lock washer tabs.

- 5. Loosen:
 - Nut (Clutch boss) ①
 - Use the Universal Clutch Holder 2.

Universal Clutch Holder: P/N Y M-91 042

NOTE: _

Hold the clutch boss loosen the nut by Universal Clutch Holder 2.









• Nut (Clutch boss) (1) EX Lock washer (2) • Clutch boss ③ • Thrust washer (4)

6. Remove:











- 7. Remove:
 - ZZ Spacer 2
 - Bearing (3)

NOTE: -

Install the 5 mm (0.2 in) screw (1) on the spacer (2) then remove the spacer with pulling out screw.

- 8. Remove:
 - Clutch housing ①

9. Remove: **EX** Thrust washer (1) *Collar 2

A.C. MAGNETO

NOTE: ____

With the engine mounted, the A.C. Magneto can be maintained by removing the following parts. Ex Lower cowling (Left)

se Generator cover





1. Remove:

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

- Bolt (Magneto) ①
- 🥢 Washer

NOTE: .

Hold the magneto to loosen the nut by the Universal Rotor Holder 2.



- 2. Attach:
 - Rotor puller ①



- 3. Remove:
 - Magneto (2)
- 4. Remove:
 - Starter coil assembly (1)
 - 🖉 Pickup coil 2
 - •Woodruff key ③

WATER PUMP

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the water pump can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Seat
- Exe Lower cowling (Right)
- Shift arm
- ze Crankcase cover (Right)
- Water pipe
- Water pump cover

- Water pump cover (1)
- 2. Remove:
 - Water pump housing ①

OIL PUMP AND SHIFT SHAFT

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the oil pump and shift shaft can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- **EXE Lower cowling (Right)**
- ZE Crankcase cover (Right)
- **EX** Clutch housing
 - 1. Remove:
 - Oil pump assembly (1)

• Gasket (Oil pump assembly) ① KK Dowel pin (2)











3. Remove:

see Shift shaft assembly 1

OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the oil pan and oil strainer can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Ex Lower cowlings (Left and right)
- **Muffler** assembly
- Cowling stay
- 1. Disconnect:
 - \mathscr{A} 0il level switch lead $\widehat{\mathbb{O}}$
 - \sim Neutral switch lead (2)

2. Remove:
Oil filter cover 1
See Oil filter

Remove:
 Drain plug ①
 ∠∠ Oil level switch ②
 ∠∠ Oil pan ③
 ∠∠ Gasket (Oil pan)
 ∠∠ Dowel pins







- 4. Remove:
 - Oil strainer cover (1)
 - \mathbb{Z} Relief value 2



5. Remove:

STARTER MOTOR

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the starter motor, can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Seat
- se Fuel tank

Remove:
 ∠∠ Starter motor ①
 ∠∠ crankcase ventilation hose ②

CRANKCASE **DISASSEMBLY** 1. Remove: • Oil seal stopper (1)















- 3. Remove:
 - Bolts (Crankcase)

NOTE: ____

Remove the bolts starting with the highest numbered one.

ENG

- The embossed numbers in the crankcase designate the crankcase tightening sequence.
- 4. Place the engine upside down.
- 5. Remove:
 - ∠∠Crankcase (Lower) Use a soft hammer.
- ビビ Upper case B Lower case

TRANSMISSION, SHIFTER AND SHIFT CAM

1. Remove: ∠∠ Transmission assembly ① ∠∠ Dowel pins

2. Remove:
Stopper lever ①
Stopper plate (Shift cam) ②

- 3. Remove:
 - 🖉 Guide bars 🛈
 - •Shift fork #12
 - •Shift fork #2 ③
 - •Shift fork #3 ④

ENG

- 4. Remove:
 - Shift cam







CRANKSHAFT

- 1. Remove:
 - se Crankshaft assembly

- 2. Remove:
 - se Main journal bearing

NOTE:

Identify each main journal bearing position very carefully so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.

- 3. Remove:
 - Cam chain guide (Intake side) ①
 - O-ring (2)

4. Remove: **KE Neutral switch**

- 5. Remove:
 - Breather hose
 - •Oil baffle plate



VALVE PAD AND VALVE

NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the valve pad and valve can be maintained by removing the following parts. Conver cowlings (Left and right) Center cowlings (Left and right) Center

ENG





1. Remove:

- Lifters ①
- Ke Valve pads

NOTE:

Identify each lifter and pad position very carefuly so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.

@ Lifters

2 Valve pads

2. Check:

Valve sealing
 Leakage at valve seat → inspect the valve face, valve seat and valve seat width.
 Refer to the "INSPECTION AND REPAIR
 VALVE SEAT" section.

ENG

NOTE: __

Before removing the internal parts (valve, valve spring, spring seat, etc.) of the cylinder head, the valve sealing should be checked.



3. Attach:

• Valve spring compressor (1)



③ Valve retainers

- 4. Remove:
 - Valve retainers (1)
 - Valve spring seat (2)
 - •Oil seal ③
 - Valve spring (4)
- Valve (5)
- Valve spring seat (6)

NOTE:

Identify each part position very carefuly so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.



ENG





- 2. Remove:
 - Outer rotor ①
 - •Pin (2)
 - Inner rotor ③
 - ≪washer **4**
 - Pump cover (5)
 - *≝∉* Pump shaft (6)





CYLINDER HEAD

- 1. Eliminate:
 - Carbon deposit
 (from combustion chamber)
 Use rounded scraper.

NOTE:

Do not use a sharp instrument and avoid damaging or scratching:

KE Spark plug threads

KK Va Ive seat

- 2. Inspect:
 - $\underset{\ll}{\sim}$ Cylinder head Scratches/Damage \rightarrow Replace.





- 3. Measure:
 - ●Warpage Out of specification → Resurface.



Cylinder Head Warpage: Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

- 4. Resurface:
 - ze Cylinder head

Resurfacement steps:

Place a 400 \sim 600 grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate, and resurface the head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

NOTE:

Rotate the head several times to avoid removing too much material from one side.







VALVE 1. Inspect: Valve face • Stem end Wear/Pitting \rightarrow Reface. Out of specification \rightarrow Replace. Face Width (1): $1.6 \sim 2.4 \text{ mm}$ (0.0630 $\sim 0.0945 \text{ in}$) Seat Width 2 : $0.9 \sim 1.1 \text{ mm} (0.0354 \sim 0.0433 \text{ in})$ < Limit > 1.6 mm (0.063 in) Margin Thickness (3) : $0.6 \sim 0.8 \text{ mm}$ ($0.0236 \sim 0.0315 \text{ in}$) < Limit > 0.4 mm (0.0157 in)





- 2. Measure:
 - Valve stem clearance

Valve stem clearance = Valve guide inside diameter ① --Valve stem diameter ②

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace either valve and/or guide.

Use a Micrometer and Bore Gauge $(\mathbf{\widehat{3}})$

<u> </u>	Valve Stem Clearance	Maximum
Intake	$^{\prime}$ 0.010 \sim 0.037 mm (0.0004 \sim 0.0015 in)	0.08 mm (0.0031 in)
Exhaust	0.025 \sim 0.052 mm (0.001 \sim 0.002 in)	0.1 mm (0.0039 in)

3. Inspect:

Ke Valve stem end

Mushroom shape/Larger diameter than rest of stem \rightarrow Replace valve, valve guide, and oil seal.

4. Measure:

- Valve stem runout
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

ENG

Maximum Runout: 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

VALVE GUIDE

NOTE: ____

KAWays replace the oil seal if the valve is removed.

- 1. Inspect:
 - 🛩 Valve guide

Wear/Oil leakage into cylinder → Replace.

- 2. Remove:
 - $\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\varkappa}}\xspace$ Valve guide

Use the Valve Guide Remover (1).



Valve Guide Remover (4.5 mm): P/N YM-04116

3. Install:

✓ Valve guide (New)

Use the Valve Guide Installer (1) with the valve Guide Remover (2).



Valve Guide Installer: P/N YM-04117 Valve Guide Remover (4.5 mm): P/N YM-04116

Bore valve guide (2) to obtain proper valve stem clearance.
 Use the Valve Guide Reamer (4.5 mm) (1).

Valve Guide Reamer (4.5 mm): P/N YM-04118

NOTE: -

Reface the valve seat after installing the valve guide.







VALVE SEAT

- 1. Clean:
 - ZZ Valve face
 - ze Valve seat
 - Remove carbon deposit.
- 2. Inspect:
 - zz Valve seat

Pitting/Wear → Reface valve seat.

3. Measure:

 $\not \sim$ Valve seat width (1)

Out of specification \rightarrow Reface value seat.

ENG

1 the	Valve Seat Width
Intake	$0.9 \sim 1.1$ mm (0.035 ~ 0.043 in)
Exhaust	$0.9 \sim$ 1.1 mm (0.035 \sim 0.043 in)

Valve seat width measurement steps: Image: Seat width measuremen

Reference Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clean pattern.

- Measure the valve seat width. Whether the valve seat and valve face made contact, bluing will have been removed.
- elf the valve seat width is too wide, too narrow, or seat has not centered. The valve seat must be refaced.



- 4. Reface:
 - 🥢 Valve seat

Use 20°, 45" and 60" Valve Seat Cutter.

Valve Seat Cutter Set (1) : P/N YM-91043









A CAUTION:

Remove just enough material to achieve satisfactory seat.

When twisting cutter, keep and even downward pressure to prevent chatter marks.

Cut sections	as follows
Section	Cutter
А	20 °
В	45"
C	60"

Valve seat refacing steps:

A Valve face indicates that valve seat is centered on valve face but is too wide.

/alve Seat Cutter Set		Desired Result
Use lightly	20° cutter	To reduce valve seat
	60° cutter	(0.04 in)

3 V al ve seat is in the middle of the valve face but too narrow.

/alve Seat Cutter Set		Desired Result
Use	45° cutter	To achieve a uniform valve seat width of 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

C Valve seat is too narrow and right up near valve margin.

Valve Seat Cutter Set		Desired Result
Use	20° cutter	To center the seat and
	45° cutter	1.0 mm (0.04 in)

D Valve seat is too narrow and is located down near the bottom edge of the valve face.

Valve Seat Cutter Set		Desired Result	
Use 6 fi 4	60° cutter, first	To center the seat and	
	45° cutter	increase its width.	



- 5. Lap:
 - Valve face
 - Valve seat

NOTE: ____

After refacing the valve seat or replacing the valve and valve guide, the valve seat and valve face should be lapped.









Measure:
 *Spring Tilt (a)
 Out of specification → Replace.















VALVE LIFTER

- 1. I nspect:
 - Valve lifters Scratches/Damage → Replace both lifters and camshaft case.

CAMSHAFT, CAM CHAIN, AND CAM SPROCKET

Camshaft

- 1. I nspect :
- •Cam lobes Pitting/Scratches/Blue discoloration → Replace.
- 2. Measure:
 - •Cam lobes

Use the Micrometer.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

1 C	Cam Lobe ① (Limit)	Cam Lobe ② (Limit)
Intake	32.51 mm (1.2799 in)	25.005 mm (0.9844 in)
Exhaust	32.21 mm (1.2681 in)	24.96 mm (0.9827 in)

- 3. Measure:
 - ZZ Camshaft runout
 - Use the Micrometer.
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Camshaft Runout Limit: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

Camshaft/Cap Clearance

Measurement

- 1. Install:
 - ee Camshaft
- 2. Position:
 - $\mathscr{K}\mathscr{K}$ Strip of Plastigage[®](1) Onto the camshaft.







3. Install:

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

- ee Dowel pins
- se Camshaft caps
- 4. Tighten:

KE camshaft cap bolts



NOTE: _

必必 Tighten the camshaft caps in a crisscross pattern from innermost to outer caps.

- Ze Do not turn the camshaft when measuring clearance with the Plastigage[®].
- 5. Remove:
 - 🛩 Camshaft caps





6. Measure:

Width of Plastigage[®] (1) Out of specification \rightarrow Follow step 7.



Camshaft-to-cap Clearance: 0.020 ~ 0.054 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0021 in)

7. Measure:

🖉 Camshaft outside diameter 🛈

Use a micrometer.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the camshaft.

Within specification \rightarrow Replace the camshaft case.





Cam Chain

Inspect:
 Cam chain
 Chain stretch/Cracks → Replace.

ENG







Cam Sprockets

Inspect:
 *Cam sprockets
 Wear/Damage → Replace.

Cam Chain Guide

- 1. Inspect:
 - ಶ. Cam chain guide (Upper) 🛈
 - \mathscr{A} Cam chain guide (Exhaust side) 2
 - 🖉 Cam chain guide (intake side) (3)
 - Wear \rightarrow Replace.

Cam Chain Tensioner

- 1. Check:
 - •One-way cam ① operation Unsmooth operation → Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - •All parts

4 Springs

- Damage/Wear → Replace.
- (2) End plug (5) Collar
- (3) Washer (6) Tensioner body
 - (7) Tensioner rod
- CYLINDER AND PISTON
 - Inspect:
 ∠ cylinder and Piston walls
 Vertical scratches → Rebore or Replace cylinder and piston.
- 2. Measure:
 - EX Piston-to-cylinder clearance



 D_1 D_2 D_3 D_4 D_5 D_6



Piston-to-cylinder clearance measurement steps:

First step:

Measure the cylinder bore "C" with a Cylinder Bore Gauge.

NOTE: _____

Measure the-cylinder bore "C" in parallel to and at right angles to the crankshaft. Then, find the average of the measurements.

1 A		Standard		Wear Lim	it
Cylinder bore "C"	56.000 (2.204	$ ho$ \sim 56.005 7 \sim 2.2049	mm) in)	56.05 mn (2.2067 ir	n 1)
Taper "T"		_		0.05 mm (0.0019 in)
Out of round "R"		-		0.03 mm (0.001 in))
C = Maximum D T = (Maximum D, or D_2) - (Maximum D_5 or D_6) R = (Maximum D, D_3 or D,) - (Minimum D_2 , D_4 or D_6)					
 If out of specification, rebore or replace cylinder, and replace piston and piston rings as a set. 2nd step: Measure the piston skirt diameter "P" with a micrometer. 5.0 mm (0.2 in) from the piston between ed. 					
Piston Size P					
Standard	Standard 55.945 ~ 55.960 mm (2.2026 ~ 2.2031 in)				
Oversize 2	Oversize 2 56.5 mm (2.22 in)				
Oversize 4	Oversize 4 57.0 mm (2.24 in)				
 If out of specification, replace piston and piston rings as a set. 3rd step: Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance with following formula: 					
Piston-to-cylinder Clearance = Cylinder bore "C" — Piston skirt diameter "P"					



set If out of specification, rebore or replace cylinder, and replace piston and piston rings as a set.



Piston-to-cylinder Clearance: $0.04 \sim 0.06 \text{ mm}$ $(0.0016 \sim 0.0024 \text{ in})$ Limit: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

PISTON RING AND PISTON PIN

Piston Ring

- 1. Measure:
 - Side clearance
 - Use the Feeler Gauge ①.

Out of specification → Replace the piston and/or rings.

NOTE: _

Decarbon the piston ring grooves and rings before measuring the side clearance.

	Side Clearand	ce:
6	Standard	Limit
Top ring	0.03 \sim 0.07 mm (0.0012 \sim 0.0028 in)	0.10 mm (0.004 in)
2nd ring	0.02 \sim 0.06 mm (0.0008 \sim 0.0024 in)	0.10 mm (0.004 in)

- 2. Position:
 - Piston ring
 - Into cylinder.

NOTE:

Insert the ring into the cylinder, and push it approximately 20 mm (0.8 in) into the cylinder. Push the ring with the piston crown so that the ring will be at a right angle to the cylinder bore.

3. Measure:

EE End gap

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.







K	End Gap (Installed) :
<u></u>	Standard
Top ring	0.15 ∿0.30 mm (0.0059 ~ 0.0118 in)
2nd ring	0.15 ∼0.30 mm (0.0059 ~ 0.0118 in)
Oil control (Rails)	0.2 ~ 0.8 mm (0.0079 ~ 0.0315 in)

Piston Ring Oversize

- Top and 2nd piston ring
 - Oversize top and middle ring size is stamped on the top of ring.

Oversize 2	0.50 mm (0.0197 in)
------------	---------------------





150





*Oil control ring

L

L

Expander spacer of bottom ring (oil control ring) is color-coded to identify sizes.

Size	Color
Oversize 2	Red

Piston Pin

- 1. Lubricate:
 - zz Piston pin (Lightly)



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

- 2. Install:
 - ළ Piston pin

Into the small end of connecting rod.

- 3. Check:
 - Free play

Free play \rightarrow Inspect the connecting rod for wear.

Wear \rightarrow Inspect the connecting rod and piston pin.

- 4. Position:
 - ළු Piston pin

Into the piston.





K ≤ Free play

When the pin is in place in the piston. Free play \rightarrow Replace the piston pin and/or piston.

ENG



CRANKSHAFT AND CONNECTING ROD

Crankshaft

- Measure:
 - Runout

Use the V-Blocks and Dial Gauge.

- Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.
- Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

Т

2. Inspect:

EXE Crankshaft journal surfaces Wear/Scratches \rightarrow Replace.

Main Journal Oil Clearance

- 1. Clean all parts.
- 2. Position:
 - Ex Crankshaft journal surfaces

Place on a bench in an upside down position.

3. Install:

Main journal bearings Into the upper crankcase.

- •Crankshaft
- 4. Attach:
- Plastigage[®] ① Onto the crankshaft journal surface.





5. Install:

*Bearings Into the lower crankcase. ﷺ Crankcase (Lower)

- 6. Tighten:
 - Bolts

∆ CAUTION:

Tighten to full torque in torque sequence cast on the crankcase.

ENG



Bolt ① ~ ⑫ : 24 Nm (2.4 m·kg, 17 ft·lb) Bolt ③ ~ ⑫ : 12 Nm (1.2 m·kg, 8.7 ft·lb)

- 7. Remove:
 - Bolts

Reverse assembly procedure.

يره crankcase (Lower) Use care in removing.



8. Measure:

🖉 Plastigage width 1

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the bearings; replace the crankshaft if necessary.



Main Journal Oil Clearance: 0.025 ~ 0.043 mm (0.0010 ~ 0.0017 in)

Connecting Rod Bearings

1. Inspect:

Connecting rod bearings
Burns/Flaking/Roughness/Scratches →
Replace.







Connecting Rod Oil Clearance

- 1. Clean all parts thoroughly.
- 2. Install:

zz Connecting rod bearings Into the connecting rod and cap.

- 3. Attach:
 - \bullet Plastigage[®] (1)
 - Onto the crank pin.



- 4. Install:
 - ZE Connecting rod
 - Ex Connecting rod cap

NOTE: ____

∠∠ Be sure the letters on both components align to form a perfect character.

5. Lubricate:

Bolt threads (Connecting rod)

ZZ Nut seats (Connecting rod)



6. Tighten:

EXE Nuts (Connecting rod cap)

NOTE: _

Do not turn the connecting rod until the clearance measurement has been completed.

▲ CAUTION:

Tighten to full torque specification without pausing. Apply continuous torque between 1.2 and 2.3 m-kg. Once you reach 1.2 m-kg DO NOT STOP TIGHTENING until final torque is reached. If tightening is interrupted between 1.2 and 2.3 m-kg, loosen nut to less than 1.2 m-kg, and start again.

Nuts (Connecting Rod) : 23 Nm (2.3 m-kg, 17 ft-lb)





7. Remove:

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

必必 connecting rod cap
Use care in removing.

8. Measure:

end width of $\mathsf{Plastigage}^{\mathbb{R}}$ (1)

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the bearings and/or replace the crankshaft if necessary.



Connecting Rod Oil Clearance: $0.043 \sim 0.0066 \text{ mm}$ (0.0017 $\sim 0.0026 \text{ in}$)



Crankshaft Main Journal and Connecting Rod Bearing Selection

Numbers used to indicate crankshaft journal sizes are stamped on the LH crankweb. The first six (6) are main journal bearing numbers, starting with the left journal. The four (4) connecting rod bearing numbers follow in the same sequence.

The upper crankcase half is numbered J1, J2, J3, J4, J5 and J6 on the rear right bosse as shown.





BEARING COLOR CODE		
No. 1	Blue	
No. 2	Black	
No. 3	Brown	
No. 4	Green	
* No. 5	Yellow	

₭ No. 5 applies only to the main journal bearing selection.



Example 1: Selection of the main journal bearings:

ENG

• If the crankcase J1 and crankshaft J1 sizes are No. 4 and No. 1, respectively, the bearing size No. is:

earing Size No. = trankcase No. — Crankshaft No. = — 1 = 3 (Brown)

BEARING CC	LOR CODE
No. 1	Blue
No. 2	Black
No. 3	Brown
No. 4	Green
No. 5	Yellow

Example 2: Selection of the connecting rod bearing:

If the connecting rod P1 and crankshaft P1 sizes are No. 5 and No. 1, respectively, the bearing size No. is:

Bearing Size No. =

Connecting rod No. – Crankshaft No. = 5 - 1 = 4 (Green)

BEARING	COLOR	CODE	
No. 1		Blue	
No. 2		Black	
No. 3		Brown	
No. 4		Green	

OI L PUMP

1. Measure:

∠ Tip clearance "A"

Between the inner rotor (1) and the outer rotor @ .

•Side clearance "B"

Between the outer rotor 2 and the pump housing 3.

Use the Filler Gauge and Straight Edge.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the oil pump assembly.





Tip Clearance "A" Limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in) Side Clearance "B" Limit: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

ENG

- 2. Lubricate:
 - inner rotors
 - Outer rotors
 - Oil seal
 - ze Pump shaft



SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

 Install: Reverse removal procedure.

NOTE:

Alighn the pins in the pump shaft and the groove on the inner rotors dualing assembly.

- 4. Check:
 - Oil pump operation
 With a finger.
 Unsmooth operation → Repeat step 2. or replace.



PRIMARY DRIVE

- 1. Inspect:
 - \not Primary drive gear (Crank shaft) 1
 - Exe Primary driven gear 2

Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace both gears.

Excessive noises during operation \rightarrow Replace both gears.

Primary reduction ratio:				
No. o	No. of teeth			
Drive	Driven	Ratio		
41	89	2.170		







STARTER CLUTCH

- 1. Check:
 - Roller operation
 Push the roller to arrow direction.
 Unsmooth operation → Replace starter clutch.

ENG

- 2. Inspect:
 - Starter idle gear teeth ①
 - Starter drive gear teeth ② Burrs/Chips/Roughness/Wear → Replace.

3. Inspect:

∠∠ Contacting surfaces
Pitting/Wear/Damage → Replace.

 $\overline{\bigcirc}$





- 4. Check :
 - Starter clutch operation

Clutch operation checking steps:

- EXE Install the starter clutch gear to the starter clutch, and hold the starter clutch.
- When turning the starter clutch gear clockwise the starter clutch and the wheel gear should be engaged.
- If not, the starter clutch is faulty. Replace it.
- When turning the starter clutch gear counterclockwise, the starter clutch gear should turn freely.
- If not, the starter clutch is faulty. Replace it.







CLUTCH

Clutch Housing

- 1 . Inspect :
 - Bogs on the housing
 - Cracks/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Deburr or replace.

ENG

- Red Clutch housing bearing
- Chafing/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

NOTE:

Wear on the friction plate dogs of the clutch housing will cause an erratic operation.

Clutch Boss

- 1 . Inspect :
 - \mathbb{Z} Clutch boss splines (1)

Scoring/Wear/Damage → Replace clutch boss assembly.

NOTE:

Scoring on the clutch plate splines will cause erratic operation.

Friction Plates

- 1. Inspect:
 - E Friction plate

Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace the friction plates as a set.

2. Measure:

Ex Friction plate thickness

Measure at all four points.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the friction plates as a set.



Wear Limit: 2.8 mm (0.11 in)



Clutch Plates

- 1. Measure:
 - Exe Clutch plate warpage

Use the surface plate and Feeler Gauge (1). Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

Warp Limit: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

- 2. Inspect:
 - ∠∠ Pressure plateDamage → Replace.

ENG











Push Rod

- 1. I nspect :
 - Push rod 1 (1)
 - Boll 2
 - @Push rod 2 (3)
 - Wear/Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Push Lever Assembly and Boll Screw Housing 1. I nspect :

Zer Push lever assembly Unsmooth \rightarrow Replace.

2. Measure:



Clutch Spring

- 1. Measure:
 - Exe Clutch spring free length

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the springs as a set.



Clutch Spring Minimum Free Length; 29.0 mm (1.14 in)













TRANSMISSION

Shift Fork 1. Inspect:

- Shift fork cam follower ①
- ළු Shift fork pawl 2
- Wear/Chafing/Bends/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check:
 - Shift fork movement
 - On its guide bar (3).
 - Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Replace the fork and/guide bar.

Shift Cam

- 1. Inspect:
 - Shift cam grooves
 - Wear/Damage/Scratches \rightarrow Replace.
 - se Shift cam segment
 - Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace.
 - Shift cam bearing
 - Pitting/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Main and Drive Axles

- 1. Measure:
 - 🜌 Axle runout 🛈

Use the centering device and Dial Gauge@. Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Runout Limit: 0.08 mm (0.0031 in)

Gears

- 1. Inspect:
 - 🜌 Gears

Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace.

- Check:
 ∠∠ Gear movement
 - Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Replace.
- 3. Inspect:
 - ee Mating dogs
 - Cracks/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Shift Shaft Assembly

- 1. Inspect:
 - ese Shift shaft
 - Bends/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Spring
 Damage → Replace.
INSPECTION AND REPAIR





- 1. Check: الع Relief valve body () ي Cover (2) *Spring ③ **必必 0-ring**(4) Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check: zz Oii pipe 🛈 Damage \rightarrow Replace. Comtamination \rightarrow Wash and blow out the passage.



CRANKCASE

1. Inspect: නන Case halves KK Bearing seat SE Fitting Damage → Replace



BEARING AND OIL SEAL

- 1. Inspect:
 - se Bearings

Clean and lubricate, then rotate inner race with finger.

Roughness \rightarrow Replace the bearing (see Removal).

- 2. Inspect:
 - •Oil seals

Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace the (see Removal).

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YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE

- (For California Only)
 - 1. I nspect :
 - 🛩 Shaft arm
 - Wear/Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - 2. Inspect:
 - Bush ①
 - Wear \rightarrow Replace.





INNER ROTOR (OIL PUMP)

- 1. Install:
 - zz Pump shaft (1)
 - Pump cover (2)
 - Washer ③
 - inner rotor (4)
 - *Pin (5)
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\not\in}}\xspace$ Outer rotor (6)

NOTE:

Insert the inner rotor (1) into the outer rotor (2). Then with the pump shaft dowel pin (3) in the inner rotor slit.

ENG

2. Install:







CONNECTING ROD

- 1. Clean:
 - Z Crankshaft
 - KE Connecting rods
- 2. Install:
 - *Connecting rod bearings
 - Into the connecting rod and cap.
- 3. Lubricate:
 - @Connecting rod bolt threads
 - KE Connecting rod nuts



Molybdenum Disulfide Oil

4. Apply engine oil to the crankshaft pins.

ENG

CRANKSHAFT

@Crankshaft
② Oil seal
③ Main journal bearing
@Connecting rod assembly
@Connecting rod bolt
@Connecting rod bearing
@ N u t







5. Install:

@Connecting rods

• Connecting rod caps

NOTE:

• The stamped "Y" mark on the connecting rods ① should face towards the left side of the crankcase.

ENG

- Be sure the letter on both components align to form a perfect character.
- 6. Install:

@Connecting rod bolts

Align the bolt head and connecting rod cap.

- 7. Tighten :
 - ze Connecting rod nuts

∆CAUTION:

Tighten to full torque specification without pausing. Apply continuous torque between 1.2 and 2.3 m-kg. Once you reach 1.2 m-kg. DO NOT STOP TIGHTENING until final torque is reached. If the tightening is interrupted between 1.2 and 2.3 m·kg, loosen the nut to less than 1.2 m-kg and start again.





VALVE PAD AND VALVE

NOTE:

Deburr any deformed valve stem end. Use an oil stone to smooth the stem end.

①Deburr @Valve stem

- 1. Eliminate:
 - Carbon depositFrom the combustion chamber.
 - Use a rounded scraper.

NOTE: ____

Do not use a sharp instrument and avoid damaging or scratching:

- Spark plug threads
- zzVa Ive seat
- **KE** Cylinder head













- 2. Install:
 - Valve spring seat (1)
 - ළු Oil seal 2

- 3. Install:
 - Valve

NOTE: ____

Apply molybdenum disulfide oil.

- 4. Install:
 - Valve spring ①

NOTE:

Install springs with wider-gapped coils facing upwards, as shown.

2 Larger pitch @Smaller pitch

5. Attach:

Valve spring compressor ①
Attachment ②



- 6. Install:
 - Valve retainers (3)
- 7. Settle the valve retainer by lightly patting the valve seat with a piece of wood (1) in between.

NOTE:

Do not hit so much as to damage the valve.



- 8. Install:
 - Valve pads (1)

NOTE:

Apply molybdnum disulfide oil.

9. Install:

• Lifters ①









CRANKSHAFT 1. Install:

- ZZ Oil baffle plate
- **Breather hose**



10 Nm (1.0 m-kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

2. Install:

 \mathbb{Z} Neutral switch assembly (1)

3. Install: عد Cam chain guide (Intake side) (1) KK O-ring (2)





CRANKCASE

@Crankcase	assembly	
2 Oil level	window	
@Crankcase	ventilation	hose
(4) 6 mm bo	lt	
(5)6 mm bo	lt	
66 mm bo	lt	
(7)6 mm bo	lt	
(8)8 mm bo	lt	

(9) 8 mm bolt
(10) O-ring
(11) 8 mm bolt





TRANSMISSION

- Main axle
 Sth pinion gear
 Circlip
 3rd pinion gear
 6th pinion gear
 2nd pinion gear
 Bearing
- (8) Circlip

10 2nd wheel gear 11 6th wheel gear 12 3rd wheel gear 13 4th wheel gear 14 5th wheel gear 15 1st wheel gear 20 Washer

@Drive axle

DRIVE AXLE RUNOUT LIMIT: Α 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) MAIN AXLE RUNOUT LIMIT: В 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) (7) (16) (15) (14) (8) С USE NEW ONE (8) (13) С USE NEW ONE (12) 8 M 9 USE NEW ONE С (8) 10 M (T) (7) 83B285C3 83B333A-9C3 24) 30 LS Į 1Μ 4 (5) 6 3 (M) (7)С USE NEW ONE С USE NEW ONE (8) Μ





- 4. Install:
 - Main journal bearing (1)
 To crankcase (Lower) (2)

ENG

NOTE:

Apply molybedenum disulfide oil.

5. Install:

🜌 Cam cahin 🛈

- Onto the crankshaft
- \mathbb{Z} Crankshaft assembly (2)

NOTE: ____

- The stepped crankshaft end ③ should face to the left.
- *Pass the cam chain through the cam chain cavity. Be sure to attach a retaining wire @to the cam chain.



- TRANSMISSION, SHIFTER AND SHIFT CAM
 - 1. Install:
 - Shift cam assembly (1)
 - Guide bar ②
 - *∞* Shift fork #13
 - se Shift fork #2 ④
 - See Shift fork #3(5)

NOTE:

All shift fork letters should face to the left side and be in sequence (1, 2, 3) beginning from the left.







- 2. Install:
 - 🖉 Stopper plate (Shift cam) 🛈
 - zz Stopper lever (2)



3. Install:

ළුළ Circlip (1) To crankcase (Lower)

NOTE:

Be sure the circlips 1 are inserted into the lower crankcase positioning grooves.

- 4. Install:
 - $\overset{\scriptstyle \swarrow}{\scriptstyle \checkmark}$ Main axle assembly (1)
 - \mathbb{Z} Drive axle assembly (2)
 - Oil seal (3)

NOTE:

- Be sure the main axle bearing pin (4) should face to front and the drive axle bearing pins (5) should face to rear.
- Solution Mesh the shift fork #1 with the 4th wheel gear (1) and #2 with the 5th wheel gear (2) on the drive axle.
- $\not \in \mathcal{S}$ Mesh the shift fork #2 with the 3rd pinion gear (3) on the main axle.
- *Carefully guide the shift forks so that they mesh smoothly with transmission gears.



CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

- 1. Apply:
 - Quick Gasket@
 - To crankcase matching surfaces.















∆ CAUTION:

Before tightening the crankcase bolts, check the following points:

*Be sure the gear shifts correctly while handturning the shift cam.

2. Tighten:

- Lower crankcase bolt A
- E Upper crankcase bolt B

(Follow the proper tightening sequence.)



8 mm Bolt ① ~ ⑫ ⑳ : 24 Nm (2.4 m⋅kg, 17 ft⋅lb) 6mmBolt ⑬ ~ ㉓ ㉑ ~ ㉓ ⑴ 12 Nm (1.2 m⋅kg, 8.7 ft⋅lb)

NOTE: _

• Install the ground lead 36 on bolt No. 39 .

Install the copper washer (37) on bolt No. (29).

NOTE:

 $\underset{\ll}{}$ Install the washer \mathfrak{B} on bolt No. 9 , 10 , 1 , 12 .

3. Install:

•Oil seal stopper (1)

Bolts (Oil Seal Stopper): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)



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STARTER MOTOR

- 1. Check:
 - O-ring (Starter motor) ① Damage → Replace.
- 2. Install:
 - Starter motor (2)



OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER

- 1. Install:
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}\xspace$ Oil strainer assembly



2. Install:

- E Oil strainer cover ()
- zz Relief valve 2

NOTE:

The element (window) must be installed vertically against housing arrow mark.

3. Install:

- ze Dowel pins
- 😹 Gasket (New)
- •Oil pan ①
- Oil level switch 2
- EXE Drain plug (3)



Bolts (Oil Pan): 10 Nm (1.0 m⋅kg, 7.2 ft-lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Oil filter
 - Oil filter cover (1)



Refer to the "ENGINE OIL FILTER RE-PLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.













OIL PUMP AND SHIFT SHAFT

- 1. Install:
 - se Shift shaft

NOTE:

Insert the stopper between spring ends.

2. Install: • Dowel pin ① *Gasket (New) (2)

- 3. Install:
 - Oil pump assembly (1)

Oil Pump Mounting Bolts: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Use LOCTITE®

NOTE: _

Align the oil pump arrow mark 2 with crankcase arrow mark (3).

WATER PUMP

- 1. Install:
 - Water pump housing (1)



- 2. Install:
- ∠ O-ring
 - **Water pump cover** (1)

Bolts (Water Pump Cover) : 10 Nm (1.0 m-kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

4-60

A.C. MAGNETO

- (1) Magneto
- $\overline{2}$ Stator coil assembly
- 3 Pickup coil





A.C. MAGNETO

- 1. Install:
 - Exe Stator coil assembly (1)
 - ZZ Pickup coil (2)
 - *Woodruff key (3)



NOTE:

• Clean the tapered portions of the crankshaft and magneto.

ENG

∠∠ When installing the magneto, make sure the woodruff key is properly seated in the key way of the crankshaft.



- 2. Install:
 - Magneto ①
 - See Bolt (Magneto)
- 3. Attach :
 - 🐭 Universal Rotor Holder (2)

NOTE: -

Hold the magneto to tighten the nut by the Universal Rotor Holder 2 .



4. Tighten:

EX Bolt (Magneto)



Bolt (Magneto): 80 Nm (8.0 m·kg, 58 ft·lb)

CLUTCH

@Primary	driven	gear
@Thrust	washer	
3 Clutch	boss	
Friction	n plate	
@Clutch	plate	
6 Pressure plate		
@Clutch	spring	
8 Push ro	od # 1	

@ O-ring
(1) Lock washer
@ Boll
@ Oil seal
@ Push rod #2
@ Push lever assembly
(1) Boll screw housing
(1) Collar

Thrust washer
Spacer
Bearing

ENG





CLUTCH

- 1. Install:
 - *Collar 🕦
 - Thrust washer (2)
 - Clutch housing ③
 - ළු Bearing ④
 - *Spacer (5)
 - EX Thrust washer 6
 - Clutch boss ⑦
 - ze Lock washer (New) (8)
 - Nut (Clutch boss) (9)

NOTE:

Install the bearing 3 and spacer @after installation of the clutch housing 3 .

ENG



- 2. Tighten:
 - Nut (Clutch boss) ①
 - Use the Universal Clutch Holder (2).

NOTE: _

Hold the clutch boss to tighten the nut by Universal Clutch Holder 2 .



NOTE:

Bend the lock washer tab along the nut flat.



3. Install:

@Push rod #2①
•Boll ②

- *Push rod #1 ③
- *EXE* Clutch plates



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- 4. Install:
 - Pressure plate

NOTE: ____

Be sure the match mark (1) on the clutch boss is aligned with the match mark @on the pressure plate.

5. Install:

• Clutch springs ① See Bolts (Clutch spring) ②

Bolts (Clutch Spring) : 6 Nm (0.6 m-kg, 4.3 ft · lb)

6. Install:

ee Dowel pins

See Gasket (Crankcase cover)

*Crankcase cover (Right) (1)



STARTER CLUTCH

- Install:
 ∠∠ Idle gear ①
 ∠∠ Idle gear ②
 Starter clutch gear ③
 - 🦗 Woodruff key 🄇
- 2. Install: @Starter clutch ()
 - Bolt (Starter clutch)



Bolt (Starter Clutch) : 80 Nm (8.0 m-kg, 58 ft-lb)



STARTER CLUTCH

- 1) Starter drive gear
- 2 Idle gear

- (3) Idle gear
 (4) Shaft
 (5) Starter clutch assembly

6 Starter clutch gear 7 Woodruff key (8) Washer



ENG

PISTON AND CYLINDER

@Top ring				
@Oil ring	(Lower)			
@Oil ring	(Upper)			
@Second ring				
(5) Circlip				
@Piston pin				
@Piston				

@ Dowel pin
@ Cylinder
(10) O-ring
@ Gasket (Cylinder)
(12) Piston ring





3. Install:

ZE Dowel pins



Bolts (Stater Clutch Cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m-kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

ENG







PISTON AND CYLINDER

- 1. Install:
 - •Piston rings

NOTE: ____

Be sure to install rings so that Manufacturer's marks or numbers are located on the top side of the rings. Oil the pistons and rings liberally.

- 2. Install:
 - Piston pins
 - Pistons
 - 🖉 🖉 Circlips (Piston pin) 🕧

NOTE:

- Be sure the piston arrow mark ② face to exhaust side of the engine.
- Before installing the piston pin circlip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the circlip from falling into the crankcase cavity.
 Be sure the marked piston numbers (3) should be in sequence (1, 2, 3, 4) begining from the left.

WARNING:

Always use new circlips (Piston pin).









- 3. Install:
 - zz Gasket (Cylinder) (1)
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}\xspace$ Dowel pins
- 4. Lubricate:
 - Pistons
 - Piston rings
 - ∞cylinder

NOTE:

Apply a liberal coating of 4-stroke engine oil.

5. Position:

Offset the piston ring end gaps.

- Top ring end ①
- EX Oil ring end (Lower) (2)
- Oil ring end (Upper) (3)
- ≤ ≤ 2nd ring end ④
- 6. Install:
 - ZZ Cylinder

NOTE:

 $\not \leq$ Install pistons #2 and #3 first.

Set Pass the cam chain and cam chain guide (E) haust side) through the cam chain cavity.



- O-ring
- Water pipe ①

Bolts (Water Pipe): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 8. Turn:
 - Crankshaft Counterclockwise.
- 9. Align:
 - 🛩 "T" mark
 - *Stationary pointer
 - Refer to "ENGINE DISASSEMBLY -CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT".

NOTE:

When # 1 piston is at TDC.



CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT

Cylinder Head

- @Washer
 (2) Rubber washer
 (3) Gasket (Cylinder head cover)
 (4) Spark plug
 (5) Nut
- @Washer

@Gasket (Cylinder head) (1) Cylinder head cover @Cylinder head assembly

7 Valve guide8 Circlip



Camshaft

@Camshaft (Intake)
@Cam chain sprocket
③ Valve lifter
④ Valve pad
⑤ Valve retainer
@Spring seat
⑦ Valve spring

(8)	Spring	seat
-----	--------	------

- () Oil seal
- 10 Intake valve
- <u>()</u> Exhaust valve
- (12) Cam chain tensioner

@Gasket (Cam chain tensioner) @Cam chain guide (Intake side)

- @Camshaft (Exhaust)
- (16) Chain guide (Upper)
- 🕦 Cam chain
- (18) Cam chain guide (Exhaust side)

ENG

(19) Match mark





CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT

1. Install:

NOTE:

The gasket "HEAD" mark should face upward.

ENG

NOTE: _____

• Select either of the two procedures explained in this manual, as follows:

Reference Procedure 1.

The cam chain is disconnected \rightarrow Connect. @Procedure 2.

The camshafts are removed \rightarrow Install.



Procedure 1

1. Install:

Ke Camshafts, and cylinder head assembly

NOTE:

*Be sure the camshaft timing marks ① align with the camshaft cap marks ②.

• Be sure the "T" mark on the magneto align the stationary pointer when #1 piston is at TDC.



2. Tighten:

KE Nuts (Cylinder head)

Use the Hexagon Wrench 6 mm (0.24 in) () .

NOTE: _____

Tighten the nuts in their proper tightening sequence and torque nuts in two stages.



Nuts (Cylinder Head): 25 Nm (2.5 m-kg, 18 ft·lb)



- 4. Connect:
 - se Cam chain With the chain joint (New). Use the Cam Chain Cutter (1).



NOTE: ____

Keep the cam chain as tense as possible on the

ENG

5. Go to "CAM CHAIN TENSIONER".

Procedure 2.

exhaust side.

- 1. Install:
 - KE Camshaft case and cylinder head assembly
- 2. Tighten:
 - **EXNUTS (Cylinder head)**

Use the Hexagon Wrench 6 mm (0.24 in).

NOTE ·

Tighten the nuts in their proper tightening sequence and torque nuts in two stages.



Nuts (Cylinder Head): 25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

3. Install:

Camshafts

Camshaft installation steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.
- Align the "T" mark (1) on the magneto with the crankcase end 2 when #1 piston is at TDC.

A CAUTION:

Do not turn the crankshaft during the camshafts installation. Damage or improper valve timing will result.



Lubricate the camshaft bearing surfaces, cam lobes and cam journals.

Molybdeum Disulfide Oil

- Install the exhaust camshaft (1) first, then install the intake camshaft (2).
- Be sure the timing marks (3) on the camshaft face upward.
- Keep the cam chain as tense as possible on the exhaust side.
- $\not \in Remove the retaining wire (4).$

▲ CAUTION:

Do not turn the camshaft separately or damage to the piston and valve will result.

- Install the dowel pins.
- See Install the camshaft caps.
- Align the camshaft timing marks (3) with the camshaft cap marks (5).

NOTE: _

- *The numbers are punched on the camshaft caps in increments from right to left.
- be bolts at * marked place in this stage.
- 必必 Tighten the bolts (Camshaft caps).

NOTE: _

Tighten the camshaft caps in a crisscross pattern from innermost to outer caps.

A CAUTION:

The cam caps must be tightened evenly or damage to the cylinder head, camshaft caps and cam will result.



Bolts (Camshaft Cap): 10 Nm (1 .0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

4. Install:

- $\bullet \, {\rm Cam}$ chain guide (Exhaust side) ()
- 🖉 Cam chain guide (Upper) 2

ENG



CAM CHAIN TENSIONER

- 1. Position:
 - zz Cam chain

Exhaust side → Tense.

Intake side → Slack.

2. Install:

ze Cam chain tensioner

Cam chain tensioner installation steps:

- Remove the tensioner end cap bolt and spring.
- Release the cam chain tensioner one-way cam (1) and push the tension rod (2).

zz Install the tensioner with a new gasket into the cylinder.



Bolts (Cam Chain Tensioner) : 10 Nm (1.0 m-kg, 7.2 ft-lb)

zz Install the collar (3) , springs (4) , washer (5)and end cap bolt (6).



End Cap Bolt (Cam Chain Tensioner): 20 Nm (2.0 m-kg, 14 ft·lb)

- 3. Turn:
 - Crankshaft
 - Counterclockwise for a several turns.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Exe Camshaft timing marks (1) Align with the camshaft cap marks (2).
 - Crankshaft "T" mark (3) Align with the crankcase end (4). Out of alignment \rightarrow Adjust. **Refer to "CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION** STEPS".
- 5. Install:
 - See Gasket (Cylinder head cover)
 - **EXCylinder head cover**





















- 6. Install:
 - 🛩 Washers (New)
 - *∞*Oil delivery pipe ①
 - E Union bolts 2



ENG

- 7. Install:
 - ze Dowel pins
 - \mathcal{I} Generator cover (1)



REMOUNTING ENGINE

When remounting the engine, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Engine assembly
 - Bolt (Engine mount Rear Lower) (1)
 - Bolt (Engine mount Rear Upper) (2)



@Collars

- 2. Install:
 - ∠∠ Down tube frames (Left and right) ①
 ∠∠ Bolt (Engine Mount) ②







3. Install:
*Starter lever (1)
•Cover (2)



- 4. Install:
 - zz Drive chain 🛈
 - Exe Drive sprocket 2
 - Ze Lock washer (New) (3)
 - Ze Nut (Drive sprocket) (4)



Nut (Drive Sprocket) : 70 Nm (7.0 m · kg, 50 ft · lb)

NOTE: -

Adjust the drive chain slack if necessary.

Install:
 *Cover (Crankcase Left)
 *Shift arm



- 6. Install:
 - se Muffler assembly
- 7. Tighten : ze Flange nuts (Exhaust pipe)



8. Tighten:

➢ Bolt (Muffler bracket) ①
 ➢ Bolt (Muffler stay) (For California only
 ②





Exhaust pipe assembly	8 Bracket
Gasket (Exhaust pipe)	(9) Cables
3 Bush	@Washer
Oil seal	1 Pulley
5 Gasket	(12) Valve cover
Shaft arm	(13) Gasket (Muffler)
Housing	🚺 Muffler assembly





9. Install (For California only):

ENG

- *Gasket (1)
- Housing (2)



IO. Install (For California only):





11. Install (For California only):
Pulley 1
@Cables 2
Clips 3

Adjust (For California only):
 ∠∠ Cable
 Refer to the "EXUP CABLE ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

13. Adjust:

*Throttle cable



Refer to the "THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



- 14. Adjust:
 - Clutch cable



Clutch Cable Free Play: $2 \sim 3 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.12 \text{ in})$

Refer to the "CLUTCH ADJUSTMEI section in the CHAPTER 3.

15. Fill:

Total Amount: 1.0 L (0.9 Imp qt, 1.1 US qt)

Refertothe"COOLANT REPLACEME section in the CHAPTER 3.

16. Fill:

ze Engine oil



Total Amount: 0.8 L (0.7 Imp qt, 0.84 US qt)

Refer to the "ENGINE OIL REPL MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

RADIATOR COOL

COOLING SYSTEM

RADIATOR

- (1) Radiator assembly
- 2 Fan motor assembly
- 3 Radiator cap assembly
- 4 Radiator cap
- (5) Radiator cover

(6) Hose (Radiator Outlet)
 (2) Outlet pipe
 (2) O-ring
 (2) Hose (Radiator Inlet)





REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Exe Lower cowlings (Left and Right)
 - ير Side cowlings (Left and Right)

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL ANC INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 2. Drain:
 - Cooling system
 Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACEMENT

section in the CHAPTER 3.

3. Remove:

KE Muffler assembly

NOTE: _

Thoroughly flush the cooling system with clea tap water.

∆CAUTION: _

Take care so that coolant does not splash the painted surfaces. If splashes, wash it awa with water.

▲ WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap, drain bol and hoses especially when the engine ar radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and stea may be blown out under pressure, which cou cause serious injury. When the engine has coole place a thick rag like a towel over the radiat cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwi to the detent. This procedure allows any residu pressure to escape. When the hissing sound F stopped, press down on the cap while turni counterclockwise and remove it.



- 4. Disconnect:
 - 😹 Hose (Radiator 🗕 Inlet) 🕕
 - 🖉 Hose (Radiator 🗕 Outlet) 2


- 5. Remove:
 - ullet Radiator assembly (1)
 - Cowling stay (2)







6. Remove:

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Radiator core
 - Obstruction \rightarrow Blow out with compressed air through rear of the radiator. Flattened fin \rightarrow Repair/replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Ke Hose (Radiator Inlet)
 - Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Ex Hose (Radiator Outlet)
 - Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Outlet pipe Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- 3. Measure:

Radiator cap opening pressure Radiator cap opens at pressure below the specified pressure → Replace.

Radiator Cap Opening Pressure: 74 \sim 103 kPa (0.75 \sim 1.05 kg/cm² , 10.7 \sim 14.9 psi)





Measurement steps:

• Attach the Cooling System Tester ① and Adapter ② to the radiator cap ③ .



∠∠ Apply the specified pressure for 10 seconds, and make sure there is no pressure drop.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

1. Install:

Fan motor assembly



- 2. Install:
 - ze Radiator



- 3. Fill:
 - Cooling system
 Refer to the "COOLANT REPLAC MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Cooling system
 Decrease of pressure (leaks) → Repair required.

RADIATOR COOL



Inspection steps:

@Attach the Cooling System Tester (1) to the radiator.



Apply 100 kPa (1 .0 kg/cm², 14 psi) pressure .
 @Measure the indicated pressure with the gauge.

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE COOL

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE

- Hose 3
 Thermostatic cover
 Thermostatic
- $(\mathbf{4})$ Thermostatic housing
- (5) Hose 1
- (6) Hose 2

- Pipe 2
 Pipe 1
 Water jacket joint
 O-ring
 O-ring
 Water pipe
- @ O-ring
 @Water pump cover
 @ O-ring
 (6) Water pump housing
 (7) O-ring



WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE COOL

REMOVAL

1. Remove:

- KE Lower cowlings (Left and right)
- ZE Center cowlings (Left and right)
- Seat
- zz Top cover

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 2. Drain:
 - Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Remove:
 ✓ Fuel tank
 Refer to the "CARBURETOR - RE-MOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 6.



- 4. Disconnect: $\not \sim$ Crankcase ventilation hose (1)
 - Air vent hose (2)
- 5. Remove:
 - ${\scriptstyle \measuredangle \ }$ Air filter case (3)
- 6. Disconnect:
 - Hose 1 ①
 - ee Hose2 2
 - zz Hose 3 3

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE



- 7. Disconnect:
 - ළු Thermo unit lead (1)
 - set Thermo switch lead 2

- 8. Remove:
 - **EXE** Thermostatic housing

9. Remove:



10. Remove: ∠ Shift arm ∠ Crankcase cover (Left)

11. Remove: ∞∞ Water pipe ①



WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE COOL

- 12. Remove:
 - •Water pipe (1)
 - Water pump cover (2)



13. Remove:

@O-ring

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Thermostatic valve Valve does not open at 80 \sim 84°C (176 \sim **183**" F) \rightarrow Replace.



Inspection steps:				
*Suspend thermostatic valve (1) in a vessel				
 . 				
ze Place reliable thermometer in a water (3) .				
∠ Head water slowly.				
ullet Observe thermometer (4) , while stirring				
water continually.				

NOTE:

Thermostatic valve is sealed and its setting is specialized work. If its accuracy is in doubt, always replace it. A faulty unit could cause serious overheating or overcooling.

WATER PUMP AND THERMOSTATIC VALVE



2. Inspect:

Impeller
 Cracks/Wear/Damage → Replace.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Water pump cover
 - Pipe
 - ZE Crankcase cover (Left)
 - Shift arm
 - RE Thermostatic cover



A CAUTION:

Always use new O-ring.

- 2. Fill:
 - Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACEMENT'
 - section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Cooling system
 Decrease of pressure (Leaks) → Repair as required.

CARBURETOR

CARBURETOR

CARBURETOR

- () Upper bracket
- 2 Throttle stop screw
- 3 Fuel overflow hose
- Lower bracket
- 5 Syncronizing screw
- **6** Float

١

- Difference Float pin
- 8 Float chamber
- 9 Needle jet
- (1) Fuel drain screw

(III)	Value	0.00t	aaaamblu
- (1)/	valve	seat	assembly

- 12 Pilot jet
- (13) Main jet
- (14) Starter plunger assembly
- (15) Pilot screw
- 6 Piston valve assembly
- (17) Jet needle set
- (18) Starter lever shaft
- (19) O-ring

SPECIF	CATIONS	
ID Mark	3BF-00 (Except for California), 3FH-00	
MAIN JET MAIN AIR JET PI LOT JET PILOT AIR JET JET NEEDLE PILOT SCREW THROTTLE VALVE ENGINE IDLE SPEED FUEL LEVEL	(For California) #87.5 #60 #15 #130 5CFZ2 3 % #130 1,250 ~ 1,350 r/min 4.5 ~ 6.5 mm (0.18 ~ 0.26 i	

CARB



SECTION VIEW

@Starter air bleed (2) Starter air bleed pipe @Air vent (4) Air inlet $(\mathbf{5})$ Mixture outlet @Starter plunger @Starter jet No 1 @Starter jet No. 2 @Pilot air jet 2

@Main air jet (1)Pilot air jet 1 (12) Fuel inlet @Float needle valve @Main bleed pipe @Valve seat @Pilot jet @Float @Throttle valve @Bypass hole

@Pilot outlet 20 Pilot screw @Main jet @Needle jet @Jet needle @Spring clip (26) Piston valve

A CAUTION:

The pilot screw settings are adjusted for maximum performance at the factory. Any attempt to change these settings w Il decrease engine performance.

CARB



CARBURETOR

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Top cover
 - Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

CARB

- 2. Turn the fuel cock to "OFF" position.
- 3. Remove:
 - zz Fuel cock lever (1)

1



1

- Disconnect:
 ∞ Fuel hose ①
- 5. Remove:

▲ WARNING:

Gasoline is highly flammable. Avoid spilling fuel on the hot engine.

6. Remove:

7. Remove:

CARBURETOR CARB



CARBURETOR CARB

DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

The following parts can be cleaned and inspected without carburetor separation.

- E Throttle valve
- Piston valve
- Starter plunger
- Exe Float chamber components
- 1. Remove:
 - *Bracket (Upper) ①
 - Bracket (Lower) 2
 - Starter lever shaft ③





2. Remove: xxxxxx(1) •Spring (2) •Starter plunger (3)

- Remove:
 ∠∠ Vacuum chamber cover ①
 - 🜌 Spring 🧕
 - EXE Piston valve assembly (3)

4. Remove:
∠∠ Plug (Jet needle) 1
*Spring 2
∠∠ Washer 3
● Jet needle 4

CARBURETOR

CARB

- 5. Remove:
 - Pilot screw









- 6. Remove:
 - *Gasket
 - *Float pin ①
 - *Float 2
 - Valve seat screw 3
 - •Valve seat assembly ④
- 7. Remove:
 Main jet 1
 Holder (Main jet) 2
 Masher 3
 Pilot jet 4
 Needle jet 5
 Pilot air jet 6

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - se Carburetor body
 - Ex Float chamber
 - E Fuel passage
 - Contamination \rightarrow Clean as indicated.

Carburetor cleaning steps:

- •Wash carburetor in petroleum based solv (Do not use any caustic carburetor clear solution.)
- *Blow out all passages and jets with a pressed air.
- 2. Inspect:
 - er Floats
 - Damage → Replace.

CARBURETOR

- 3. Inspect:
 - *Float needle valve (1)
 - Valve seat 2
 - *⊾⊾* 0-ring (3)

Damage/Wear/Contamination \rightarrow Replace as a set.

CARB

- 4. Inspect:
 *Throttle valve
 Scratches → Replace.
 *Rubber diaphragm
 Tears+ Replace.
- 5. Inspect:
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathnormal{\mathbb{N}}}}$ Needle jet (1)
 - zz Main jet 2
 - zz Holder (3)
 - Pilot jet ④
 - zz Pilot adjust screw (5)
 - Pilot air jet (6) Bends/Wear/Damage → Replace.
 Contamination → Blow out jets with a compressed air.



*Free movement Insert the throttle valve into the carburetor body, and check for free movement. Stick- Replace.











ASSEMBLY

To assemble the carburetor, reverse the disassembly procedures. Note the following points.

∆CAUTION:

ي Before reassembling, wash all parts in clean gasoline.

KK Always use a new gasket.

1. Install:

Piton valve assembly

NOTE: -

Note position of tab 1 on diaphragm. This tab must be placed in the cavity of the carburetor body during reassembly.



Ø

∞ Float chamber cover *Vacuum chamber cover



Screw (Float Chamber Cover): 2 Nm (0.2 m•kg, 1.4 ft•lb) Screw (Vacuum Chamber Cover): 3 Nm (0.3 m•kg, 2.2 ft•lb)

3. Connect:

ණ Throttle shaft

Throttle valves must be fully closed.

4. Install:

Starter lever shaft











CARBURETOR



- 5. Installer:
 - •Upper bracket ①
 - •Lower bracket 2



CARB

INSTALLATION Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.



1. Install:



2. Install: ∠∠ Fuel tank bracket ①



Bolts (Fuel Tank Bracket): 10 Nm (1.0 m-kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 3. Install:
 - zz Fuel pump ()



CARBURETOR_

ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: ____

Before adjusting the fuel level, the float height should be adjusted.

CARB

∆ CAUTION:

The pilot screw settings are adjusted f maximum performance at the factory. A attempt to change these settings w decrease enaine performance.

Fuel Level Adjustment

- 1. Measure:
 - •Fuel level (a)

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust it by the follo ing adjustment steps.

Fuel Level (a) : $4.5 \sim 6.5 \text{ mm} (0.18 \sim 0.26 \text{ in})$ Below the float chamber line.



- See Place the motorcycle on the level place.
- connect the Fuel Level Gauge (YM-013 to the carburetor (1).
- $\not \leq P$ lace the Gauge vertically next to the fl chamber line 2.
- \mathbb{Z} Loosen the drain screw (3).
- eee Warm up the engine, then shut it off aft few minutes.
- ير fvleasure the fuel level. It should be wit the specified range.

NOTE: -

Fuel level readings of both side of carburline should be equal.





- 2. Adjust:
 - zz Fuel level

Fuel level adjustment steps:

*Remove the carburetor assembly.

- Refer to "REMOVAL" section.
- *Remove the float, valve seat and the needle valve.

CARB

- If either is worn, replace as a set.
- *If both are fine, adjust the float height by bending the float tang (f).
- @Recheck the fuel level.

FRONT WHEEL

- (1) Gear unit assembly (5) Bearing
- Oil seal
-
- (3) Meter clutch(4) Clutch retainer
- ⑦ Collar
- (8) Wheel axle

(6) Spacer

CHASSIS

TIRE AIR PRESSURE	(COLD):	
Cold tire pressure	Front	Rear
Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load*	200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi)	230 kPa (2.3 kg/cm², 32 psi)
90 kg (198 lb) \sim Maximum load *	200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi)
High speed riding	200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi)

★ Load is the total weight of cargo, rider, passenger,anc accessories.





REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

2, Remove:

3. Remove:

See Brake calipers (Right/Left)

4. Loosen:

∠ Pinch bolt (Front axle) ①
∠ Axle (Front) ②

5. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitablt stand under the engine.

6. Remove:

∠∠ Axle ①
∠∠ Wheel (Front)
∠∠ speedometer gear unit

NOTE: _

Do not squeeze the brake lever while the wheel is off the motorcycle.

INSPECTION

1. Inspect:

ಸಸ Tire

Tire tread shows crosswise lines (minimun tread depth)/Cracks \rightarrow Repalce.



Minimum Tire Tread Depth: 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

- 1) Tread depth 2) Side wall 3) Wear indicator
- 2. Inspect:

Ker Front axle Bends → Replace. Roll the axle on a flat surface.

▲ WARNING:

Do not attempt to straighten a dent axle.

340 008



3. Inspect:

🛩 Wheel

 $Cracks/Bends/Warpage \rightarrow Replace.$

4. Measure:

∞ Wheel runout

Over specified limit \rightarrow Repalce.



Rim Runout Limits: Radial (1) : 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Lateral (2) : 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

A WARNING:

- After mounting a tire, ride conservatively to allow proper tire to rim seating. Failure to do so may cause an accident resulting in motorcycle damage and possible operator injury.
- After a tire repair or replacement, be sure to torque tighten the valve stem locknut (1) to specification.



Valve-stem Locknut: 1.5 Nm (0.15 M · kg, 1.1 ft · lb)



5. Inspect:

See Wheel bearings

Bearings allow play in the wheel hub or wheel turns roughly \rightarrow Repalce.

Wheel bearing replacement steps:

- $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}$ Clean the outside of the wheel hub.
- Install the new bearing by reversing the previous steps.

NOTE: -

2

Use a socket (2) that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.

A CAUTION:

Do not strike the center race or balls of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.

- 6. Inspect:
 - 🛩 Brake disc

Wear/Over specified limit → Replace.



Maximum Deflection: (Front and Rear) : 0.5 mm (0.02 in) Minimum Disc Thickness Front: 3.5 mm (0.14 in)

INSTALLATION

When installing the front wheel, reverse t removal procedure. Note the following points. 1. Lublicate:

- Bearings
- Oil seals
- Lithium Soap Base Grease
- 2. Install:

KE speedometer gear unit

NOTE:___

Be sure that the two projections inside 1 wheel hub mesh with the two slots in the g unit assembly.



ĥa

EO

- Install:
 ∞ Front wheel

NOTE:

Be sure that the projecting portion (torque stopper) 1 of the gear unit housing is positioned correctly.

- 4. Tighten:
 - E Front axle
 - ZE Pinch bolt (Front axle)
 - Brake calipers (Right/Left)
 - KK Speedometer cable



WARNING:

Make sure that the brake hoses are routed properly.

@Brake hose
@Brake hose holder

STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:

- *After replacing the tire and/or rim, wheel balancer should be adjusted.
- *Adjust the wheel balance with brake disk installed.

1. Remove:

*Balancing weight



FRONT WHEEL









- 2. Set the wheel on a suitable stand.
- 3. Find:
 - se Heavy spot

Procedure:

- a. Spin the wheel and wait for it to rest.
- b. Put an "XI" mark on the wheel bottom spot.

CHAS do

- c. Turn the wheel so that the $^{\prime\prime}X_1^{\prime\prime}$ mark is 90^o up.
- d. Let the wheel fall and wait for it to rest. Put an $^{\prime\prime}X_2^{\prime\prime\prime}$ mark on the wheel bottom spot.
- e. Repeat the above b., c., and d. several times until these marks come to the same spot.
- f, This spot is the heavy spot "X".

4. Adjust:

•Wheel balance

Adjusting steps:

*Install a balancing weight (1) on the spoke exactly opposite to the heavy spot "X". NOTE:

Start with the smallest weight.

*Turn the wheel so that the heavy spot is 90° up.

*Check that the heavy spot is at rest there. If not, try another weight until the wheel is balanced.

5. Check: •Wheel balance

Checking steps:

- *Turn the wheel so that it comes to each point as shown.
- *Check that the wheel is at rest at each point. If not, readjust the wheel balance.

REAR WHEEL CHAS

REAR WHEEL

- (1) Collar
- 2 Oil seal
- 3 Bearing
- (4) Spacer
- 5 Clutch hub
- 6 Collar
- (7) Cotter pin
- (8) Tension bar
- 9 Brake hose holder



REAR WHEEL CHAS

REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is nc danger of it falling over.

- Elevate the rear wheel by placing a suitable stand under the swing arm.
- 3. Remove:
 - ze Brake caliper

NOTE: -

Do not depress the brake pedal while the calipe is off the disc.

- 4. Loosen:
 - 😹 Lock nut 🛈
 - 🖉 Adjuster 2
- 5. Remove:
 - *Cotter pin
 - zz Axle nut
 - Axle ③
 - 🛩 Rear wheel

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Tire
 - zz Rear axle
 - se Wheel
 - see Wheel bearings
 - zz Brake disc

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL - INSPEC TION".

- 2. Measure:

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL - INSPECTION".



REAR WHEEL

INSTALLATION

When installing the rear wheel, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

CHAS 650

- 1. Lubricate:
 - se Bearings
 - Oil seals
 - Spacer
 - Collar



- 2. Adjust:
 - zz Drive chain slack



Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

3. Tighten:

Ke Nut (Rear axle)

se Brake caliper



NOTE:

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening.

STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: _

- After replacing the tire and/or rim, wheel balance should be adjusted.
- Adjust the wheel balance with brake disc and wheel hub installed.
 - 1. Adjust:
 - Wheel balance Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 7.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

- 1 Master cylinder cap
- 2 Rubber seal

(6) Union bolt

 $(\overline{7})$ Copper washer

- 3 Master cylinder kit
- (4) Master cylinder
 (5) Brake hose
- Piston
 Piston seal

(9) Brake caliper

10 Pad spring

- 13 Dust seal
- (14) Brake pad
- 5 Brake disc
- 👸 Joint

 ${\mathscr E}$ The arrow mark (a) on the pad spring must pointing the disc rotating direction.

CHAS 650



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

CHAS 550

(1) Reservoir tank cap (10) Union bolt (2) Bush (1) Copper washer 3 Diaphragm @Brake caliper @Piston (4) Reservoir tank (5) Reservoir hose (14) Piston seal (6) Master cylinder (15) Dust seal $(\tilde{7})$ Master cylinder kit @Brake pad (17) Pad spring (8) Brake hose (9) Brake pedal @Brake disc





FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS

ACAUTION:

Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. Do not disassemble components unless absolutely necessary. If any hydraulic connection in the system is opened, the entire system should be disassembled, drained, cleaned and then properly filled and bled upon reassembly. Do not use solvents on brake internal components.

Solvents will cause seals to swell and distort. Use only clean brake fluid for cleaning. Use care with brake fluid. Brake fluid is injurious to eyes and will damage painted surfaces and plastic parts.

BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

NOTE:

It is not necessary to disassemble the brake caliper and brake hose to replace the brake pads.



Front Brake

- 1, Remove:
 - Cover ①

- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining clips ①
 - Retaining pins (2)
 - Pad spring ③

CHAS of 50









3. Remove:

•Brake pads ①

NOTE:

- Replace the pad spring if the pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.
- Replace the pad shim if the pad replacement is required for the rear brake.

NOTE:

Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit (a).

Wear Limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

- Connect a suitable hose ① tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place other end of this hose into an open container,
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the piston into the caliper by your finger.
- Tighten:
 - Caliper bleed screw

Caliper Bleed Screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)



- 7. Install:
 - Brake pad (New) ①
 - Pad spring (New) ②
 - Retaining pins ③
 - Retaining clips



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS



8 Inspect:

- Brake fluid level Refer to the 'BRAKE FLUID INSPEC TION'' section in the CHAPTER 3
- 1 "LOWER" level line
 - 9. Check:
 - Brake lever operation
 - A softy or spongyfilling \rightarrow Bleed brake system.
 - Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.







Rear Brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Bolts (Brake caliper)

- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining bolts ①
 - Brake pads 2
 - Pad spring

NOTE:

Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit (\widehat{a}) .



Wear Limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

7-14



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE



- Connect a suitable hose ① tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the pistons into the caliper by your finger.
- 6. Tighten:
 - Caliper bleed screw

Caliper Bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m ks, 4.3 ft- %)





- 7. Install:
 - Brake pad (New) ①
 - Pad spring (New) 2
- 8. Install:
 - Retaining bolt
 ③



- 9. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 1 "LOWER" level line
- 10. Check:
 - Brake pedal operation

A softy or spongy filling \rightarrow Bleed brake system,

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.





CALIPER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE: ____

Before disassembling the front brake caliper or rear brake caliper, drain the brake system of its brake fluid.

Front Brake

1. Remove:

- Cover
- Retaining clips
- Retaining pins
- $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}\xspace$ Pad spring
- Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE MENT" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - 🛩 Brake hose 🛈

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

- 3. Remove:
- 4. Remove:
 - \bullet Pistons (1)

 - Piston seals ③





FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS



Remove steps:

Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

▲ WARNING:

- KE Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.



Rear Brake

- 1. Remove:
 - 🜌 Brake hose (1)

Place the open hose end into a container and pump the old fluid out carefully.

- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining bolts (2)
 - 😹 Brake pads 🔇
 - ze Pad spring

Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.



- 3. Remove:
 - zz Piston 🕦
 - zz Piston seal 2
 - 🛩 Dust seal 3
FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS



Removal steps:

*Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

▲ WARNING:

- EX Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.

MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Before disassembling the front or rear brake master cylinders, drain the brake system of the brake fluid.



Front Brake 1. Remove: *Brake lever ① zz Brake switch ②

- 2. Remove:

 - E Copper washer 2
 - 🛩 Brake hose ③









- Screw (Master cylinder cap) (1)
- $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{I}}}$ Master cylinder cap (2)
- ze Rubber seal ③
- 🖉 Union bolt (
- $\not \in$ Bolt (Master cylinder bracket) (6)
- $\overset{}{\sim}$ Master cylinder bracket $(\bar{7})$
- 🖉 Master cylinder 🛞
- zz Dust boot (9)
- ළ Circlip 🛈
- 🦽 Master cylinder kit 🕦





Rear Brake

1. Remove: *Cotter pin (1) ### Plain washer (2) • Shaft (3) ### Union bolt (4) ### Copper washer (5) ### Bolt (Master cylinder) (6) ### Master cylinder (7) @ Adjusting rod (8) • Master cylinder kit (9)

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Inspect:
 @Caliper piston
 Rust/Wear → Replace.
 @Caliper cylinder body
 Wear/Scratches → Replace.



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE



- 2. Measure:
 - 🖉 Brake pad thickness (a)
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Pad Wear Limit: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

NOTE: _

Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.

- 3. Inspect:
 - $\underset{\ensuremath{\mathcal{K}}\ensuremath{\mathcal{K}}}{\ensuremath{\mathsf{Brake}}}$ brake hose Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.



4. Inspect:

∞∞ Master cylinder body Scratches/Wear \rightarrow Replace.

NOTE:

Clean all passages with new brake fluid.



Inspect:
 ∠ Master cylinder kit ①
 Scratches/Wear → Replace.

≪ ≪ Front brake B Rear brake

В





ASSEMBLY

▲ WARNING:

All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.

Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.

Brake Fluid: **DOT** # **4**

DOT # 4 If DOT # 4 is not available, # 3 can be used.

Replace the piston seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.



Front Brake

- 1. Install:
 - Piston seals (1)
 - Pistons ③
- 2. Install:
 - se Brake pad
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}\xspace$ Pad spring
 - Retaining bolt
 - Retaining crip Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.



3. Install:

🛩 Brake caliper ()

Bolts (Brake Caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)









FRONT AND REAR BRAKE CHAS

- 4. Install:
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{I}}}$ Master cylinder kit (j)
 - Circlip (2)
 - . Dust boot ③

- 5. Install:
 - Ke Master cylinder

NOTE: ____

Tighten first the upper bolt, then the lower bolt.



- 6. Install:
 - zz Brake hose ${
 m (1)}$
 - $\not \sim$ Copper washers 2
 - $\not \sim$ Union bolts (3)



Union Bolts: 26 Nm (2.6 m⋅kg, 19 ft・lb)

A Master cylinder 𝖾 𝖾 Brake caliper

▲ CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose to the caliper, lightly touch the brake pipe (1) with the projection (2) on the caliper.

A WARNING:

Always use new copper washers.

Install:
 Brake switch (1)
 Brake lever (2)
 Spring (3)

NOTE: _

Apply lithium soap base grease to pivot shaft of brake lever.

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

8. Fill:

se Brake fluid



If DOT # 4 is not available,

CHAS

∆ CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

▲ WARNING:

- ZE Use only the designated quality brake fluid. otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- EX Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.



- 9. Install:
 - zz Rubber seal (1)
 - zz Master cylinder cap 2

Screws (Master Cylinder Cap) : 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

10. Air bleed:

se Brake system Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE





II. Inspect:

See Brake fluid level

Fluid level is under "LOWER" level line $(\widehat{1}) \rightarrow$ Replenish.

Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Rear Brake

- 1. Install:
 - Piston seal (1)
 - zz Dust seal (2)
 - Piston ③



X

😹 Brake caliper



Bolts (Brake Caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- 3. Install:
 - 😹 Brake pad
 - zz Pad spring
 - Retaining bolt
 - Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.





WARNING:

Always use new cotter pin.

Reservoir tank

Ke Master cylinder assembly ()

Bolts (Master Cylinder Assembly): 35 Nm (3.5 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

- zz Cotter pin 2

▲ WARNING:

Always use new cotter pin.

CHAS of 50

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

- 8. Install:
 - zz Brake hose
 - zz Copper washers
 - ee Union bolts



ビビ Master cylinder ビビ Brake caliper

A CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose , lightly touch the brake pipe (1) with the projections (2) on the caliper and master cylinder.

▲ WARNING:

Always use new copper washers.

9. Fill:



· Y P

Recommended Brake Fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, DOT #3 can be used.

A CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.



Α





∆ WARNING:

Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
 Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
 Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.





IO. Install:

```
🜌 Diaphragm 🛈
```

• Bush ②

Reservoir tank cap (3)

- Air bleed:
 z Brake system
 Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 12. Inspect:

Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

FRONT FORK

- ① Cap bolt
- 2 O-ring
- 3 Collar
- (4) Spring seat
- 5 Fork spring
- 6 Rebound spring
- 9 Inner tube

(7) Damper rod

(8) Oil lock piece

- (1) Retaining clip
- (12) Oil seal
- (3) Seal spacer
 (9) Guide bushing
 (9) Outer tube
 (9) Gasket
 (1) Drain screw
 (2) Gasket
- FORK OIL (EACH): Δ CAPACITY: В 444 cm³ (15.6 imp oz, 15.0 US oz) OIL LEVEL: 92 mm (3.62 in) С From top of inner fork tube Fully compression without spring 3(2,3 kg, 17 (t · lb) 23 Nm GRADE: D Fork oil 10WT or equivalent (D)nn 1 (2) 22 Nm (2.2 m·kg, 16 ft·lb) 3 9 4 10 5 \mathfrak{n} (12) (13) **(14**) 1 (16) () () 6 **(**7) 20 Nm (2.0 m-kg, 14 ft•lb) (15) Ó (16) FORK SPRING FREE LENGTH: Ã Ε **%** (8) 408 mm (16.1 in) ന 0 18 40 Nm (4.0 m · kg, 29 ft · lb)



REMOVAL

△ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

1. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.

2. Remove:

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL - REMO-VAL" section.







- 3. Remove:
 - Exe Front brake caliper
 - zz Front fender ()
 - EX Bolts (Brake hose clamp) 2

- Loosen:
 ∠∠ Bolts (Handlebar bosses) (1)
- 5. Remove:
 ∠ Handlebar (Right) ②
 ∠ Handlebar bosses (Left and right) ③ with handlebar (Left) ④
- Loosen:
 K ⊂ Cap bolts (1)



FRONT FORK

- 7. Loosen:
 - 🖉 Pinch bolt (Handlebar crown) 🕦
 - ZZ Pinch bolt (Steering stem) 2

▲ WARNING:

Support the fork before loosening the pinch bolts.

8. Remove:

EX Front fork

DISASSEMBLY

- Remove:

 *Cap bolt ①
 *Collar ②
 Spring seat ③
 ∞ Fork spring ④
 Drain the fork oil
- 2. Remove:
 - 🖉 Dust seal 🕕
 - Retaining clip 2

Use a thin flat screwdriver, and be careful not to scratch the inner fork tube.

3. Remove:

See Bolt (Damper rod)

Use the Damper Rod Holder (1) and T-Handle (2) to lock the damper rod.





FRONT FORK

CHAS of

- 4. Remove:
 - 🜌 Damper rod 🛈
 - Kee Rebound spring (2)



- 5. Remove:
 - ee Inner tube

Inner tube removal steps:

- se Hold fork leg horizontally.
- Clamp the caliper mounting boss of the outer tube securely in a vise with soft jaws.
- See Pull out the inner tube from the outer tube by forcefully, but carefully, with drawing the inner tube.

NOTE: -

- Excessive force will damage the oil seal and/or the bushes. Damaged oil seal and bushing must be replaced.
- Avoid bottoming the inner tube in the outer tube during the above procedure, as the oil lock piece will be damaged.



- 6. Remove:
 - ≪≪Oil seal (1)
 - ೫೫ Seal spacer 2
 - Guide bushing 3
 - Oil lock piece ④

INSPECTION

1. Inspect: ∠∠ Inner tube Scratches/Bends → Replace.

∆ WARNING:

Do not attempt to straighten a bent inner fork tube as this may dangerously weaken the tube.

FRONT FORK CHAS



- 2. Inspect:
 - ∠∠ Outer tube
 Scratches/Bends/Damage → Replace.
- Measure:
 ∞ Fork spring
 Over specified limit → Replace.



4. Inspect :

Zemper rod ①
Ring ②
Wear/Damage → Replace.
Contamination → Blow out all oil passages with compressed air.

- න්න Oil lock piece
- 必必 O-ring (Cap bolt)
- Damage \rightarrow Replace.

ASSEMBLY

Before assembling, clean and inspect all parts and replace when necessary.

NOTE: _

In front fork assembly, be sure to use following new parts. Do not reuse them.

- ළු Slide bushing
- عد Guide bushing
- Oil seal

ee Dust seal

1. Install:

 \mathbb{Z} Rebound spring (1)

• Damper rod 2

Allow the rod to slide slowly down the tube until the it protrudes from the bottom.

•Oil lock piece ③

Fit oil lock piece over damper rod sticking out of the inner tube.

🜌 Inner tube 4

Into the outer tube.



FRONT FORK



- 2. Tighten:
 - ∠∠ Bolt (Damper rod)

Use the Damper Rod Holder (1) and T-Handle (2) to lock the damper rod.



Damper Rod Holder: P/N YM-01300-1 T-Handle:

P/N YM-01326



Bolt (Damper Rod): 40 Nm (4.0 m · kg, 29 ft · lb) Apply LOCTITE [®]



T

2

3. Install:

See Guide bushing (1) (New) Into the outer tube (6).

- Into the outer tube
- Seal spacer (2)
- On the top of guide bushing (1).
- Oil seal ③ Use the Fork Seal Driver Weight ④ and Adopter ⑤ .



⊯⊮ Retaining clip ⊮ Dust seal

4. Fill:

FRONT FORK





 Each Fork: 444 cm³ (15.6 lmp oz, 15.0 US oz) Fork Oil 10WT or equivalent After filling, slowly pump the fork up and down to distribute oil.
 Oil Level (a) : 92 mm (3.62 in) From the top of inner fork tube fully compressed without spring.

1 Inner tube

2 Fork oil

- 5. Install:
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{K}}}\xspace$ Fork spring
 - With the smaller pitch side up.
 - Spring seat
 - Collar
 - E Cap bolt

Temporarily tighten the cap bolt.



23 Nm (2.3 m-kg, 17 ft·lb)

INSTALLATION Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following point.



- 1. Install:
 - ∠∠ Front fork
 Temporary tighten the pinch bolts.

NOTE:

Hold the inner tube with its top 44 mm (1.7 in) above the top of the handlebar crown.

FRONT FORK CHAS



- 2. Tighten:
 - 🜌 Pinch bolt (Handlebar crown) 🕦
 - Ze Pinch bolt (Steering stem) (2)

Pinch Bolt (Handlebar Crown): 26 Nm (2.6 m·kg, 19 ft·lb) Pinch Bolt (Steering Stem): 22 Nm (2.2 m·kg, 16 ft·lb)

3. Install:

ze Handlebar boss

NOTE: -

Insert the pin on the spacer into the corresponding hole on the handlebar.



4. Install:

Exe Front fender

Bolt (Front Fender): 7 Nm (0.7 m-kg, 5.1 ft[.] lb)

5. Install:

```
Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL - IN STALLATION" section.
```

Front Axle: 58 Nm (5.8 m· kg, 42 ft· lb) Bolts (Brake Caliper) : 35 Nm (3.5 m· kg, 25 ft· lb) Pinch Bolt (Front Fork): 20 Nm (2.0 m· kg, 14 ft· lb)

∆ WARNING:

Make sure that the brake hoses are routed properly.



Handlebar

- 1 Throttle guide tube
- 2 Handlebar (Right)
- (3) Handlebar boss (Right)
- 4 Handlebar boss (Left)
- (5) Handlebar (Left)
- 6 Grip rubber
- $\tilde{(1)}$ Handlebar grip end

- 8 Locknut
- 9 Adjuster
- (1) Clutch cable
- (1) Throttle cable 1
- 12 Throttle cable 2
- **13** Starter cable
- (1) Starter lever assembly



Steering Head

() Steering stem nut	6 Ring nut (Lower)
2 Handle crown	@Bearing cover
3 Lock washer	@Bearing (Upper)
4 Ring nut (Upper)	9 Bearing (Lower)
(5) Washer	@Steering stem





REMOVAL

△ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

1. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.

2. Remove:

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL - RE-MOVAL" section.

3. Remove:

Se Bracket (Master cylinder)





Remove:
 ∠∠ Handlebar grip end (Right) ①

5. Remove: ∠∠ Handlebar switch (Right)



- 6. Remove:
 - er Throttle cable 🕦
 - zz Handlebar grip (Right) 2

CHAS 050

Remove:
 ∠∠ Handlebar switch (Left) ①

- 8. Remove:
 - ze Handlebar grip end (Left) (1)
 - ze Handlebar grip (Left) 2
 - $\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\varkappa}}\xspace \ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\kappa}}\xspace$ Clutch lever holder (3)

- 9. Remove:
 - ${\scriptstyle \measuredangle { Handlebar}} \ (Right)$
 - Handlebar bosses (Left and right) (1) with handlebar (Left).
- 10. Loosen:
- 11. Remove:
 - Exe Lower cowlings (Left and right)
 - ∠∠ Center cowlings (Left and right) Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL

AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 12. Remove:
 - Front forks (Left and right) Refer to the "FRONT FORK – RE-MOVAL" section.





14. Remove: zz Handlebar crown

15. Remove: Ze Lock washer () 😹 Ring nut (Upper) 2 Use Ring Nut Wrench



16. Remove:

- 🖉 Washer 🕦
- Ring nut (Lower) 2
- Bearing cover (3)

∆ WARNING:

Support the steering shaft so that it may not fall

17. Remove:

- 🜌 Bearing (Upper) 2
- Bearing (Lower)



1. Wash the bearing in a solvent.

CHAS

- 2. inspect:
 - se Bearings
 - see Bearing race
 - Pitting/Damage → Replace.





Bearing race remplacement steps:

- Remove the bearing races using long rod (1) and the hammer as shown.
- Remove the bearing race on the steering stem using the floor chisel (2) and the hammer as shown.
- zz install the new dust seal and races.

NOTE: .

Always replace bearings and races as a set.

3. Inspect:





Inspect:
 ∠∠ Handlebar bosses
 Cracks/Damage → Replace



INSTALLATION

Reverse the removal procedure.

Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Bearings (Upper/Lower)
 - se Bearing races



Lithium-Soap Base

- 2. Install:
 - Bearing (Lower) (1) Onto the steering stem.
 - Steering stem 2

▲ CAUTION:

Hold the steering stem until it is secured.

- Bearing (Upper) (3)
- zz Bearing cover (4)
- zz Ring nut (Lower) (5)
- 3. Tighten:
 - Ring nuts (Lower/Upper)

Ring nuts tightening steps:

NOTE: _

Set the Torque Wrench to the Ring Nut Wrench so that they form a right angle.

 $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}$ Install the ring nut (Lower) 5 .

NOTE: .

The tapered side of ring nut must face downward.

KE Tighten the ring nut (5) using the Ring Nut Wrench.



Ring Nut Wrench: P/N Y U-33975

Ring Nut (5) (Initial Tightening): 52 Nm (5.2 m·kg, 37 ft·lb)

• LOOSEN THE RING NUT (5) COMPLETE-LY and retighten it to specification.

A WARNING:

Do not over-tightening.

Ring Nut (5) (Final Tightening): 3 Nm (0.3 m⋅kg, 2.2 ft⋅lb)







 $\not < \not <$ Check the steering stem by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering stem assembly and inspect the steering bearings (1), (3).

 $\not \leq$ Install the washer (6).

ze Install the ring nut (Upper) 1.

NOTE:

The tapered side of ring nut must face downward.

• FINGER TIGHTEN THE RING NUT ⑦, then align the slots of both ring nuts. If not aligned, hold the lower ring nut (5) and tighten the other until they are aligned. ### Install the lock washer (8).

NOTE: .

Make sure the lock washer tab is placed in the slots.

Install the handle crown (9), and tighten the steering stem nut (10) to specification.

Y.

Nut (Steering Stem): 110 Nm (11.0 m-kg, 80 ft · lb)

Install:
 Brake hose joint



Brake (Brake Hose Joint): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

5. Install:

Front fork (Left and right) Refer to the "FRONT FORK - INSTALL-TION" section.



Pinch Bolt (Handlebar Crown): 26 Nm (2.6 m·kg, 19 ft·lb) Pinch Bolt (Steering Stem): 22 Nm (2.2 m·kg, 16 ft·lb)











- 8. Install:
 - **KE Handlebar bosses**

NOTE:

Insert the pin on the handlebar bosses into the corresponding hole on the handlebar crown.

9. Install:

Handlebars



10. Install:

- *Clutch lever holder (1)
- zz Handlebar switch (Left) (2)
- zz Handlebar grip (Left) (3)
- 😹 Handlebar grip end (Left) (4)

Handlebar (Left) installation steps: *Let* Install the lever holder with the punched mark (1) on the handlebar aligning with the slit in the lever holder (2).



Bolt (Lever Holder) : 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- **EXE** Install the handlebar switch (Left)
- Apply align coat of an adhesive for rubber to the handlebar end, as shown.
- (a) 20 mm (0.8 in)
- EXE Fit the handlebar grip fully over the handlebar end.

△ WARNING:

Leave the handlebar intact until the adhesive becomes dry enough to make the grip and handlebar stuck securely.

CHAS **S**

ze Install the handlebar grip end (Left).



25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

- 11. Install:
 - **Handlebar grip (Right)**
 - **EX** Throttle cable
 - **Handlebar switch (Right)**

NOTE: .

Before installing the handlebar grip (Right), apply a light coat of lithium soap base grease onto the handlebar end.

- 12. Install:
 - **EXE** Front brake master cylinder

NOTE:

Install the master cylinder with the punched mark (1) on the handlebar aligning with the master cylinder end 2.



Bolts (Master Cylinder Bracket): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

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13. Install:

zz Handlebar grip end (Right) (1)

△ WARNING:

Provide a clearance of 1 mm (0.04 in) between the handlebar grip (2) and the handlebar grip end (1) . Otherwise, the grip may not move.







14. Install:

E Front fender



15. Install:

See Front wheel

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL _ INSTA-LLATION" section.



16. Install:

zz Clutch cable

NOTE: _

Apply a light coat of lithium soap base grease onto the clutch cable end.

17. Adjust

See Clutch cable free play

Refer to the "CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Free Play: $2 \sim 3 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.12 \text{ in})$

At The Lever Pivot.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM

Rear Shock Absorber

(1) Shock absorber

(Ž) Collar

WasherCollar

5 Oil seal 6 Bearing



REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM



Swingarm

1 Swingarm	(7) Guard seal	NOTE:
2 Bearing	8 Arm (Left)	Coat the bearings, bushings, thrust covers, oil seals, and
3 Thrust washer	(9) Arm (Right)	collars with a liberal amount of light weight lithiun-soap
(4) Thrust cover	🕦 Oil seal	base grease before installing. After installing, thoroughly
5 Bush	(1) Collar	wipe off excess grease.
6 Pivot shaft	(12) Relay arm	



CHAS of too

HANDLING NOTES

△ WARNING:

This shock absorber contains highly compressed nitrogen gas. Read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber. The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for property damage or personal injury that may result from improper handling.

- 1. Do not tamper or attempt to open the cylinder assembly.
- 2. Do not subject shock absorber to an open flame or other high heat. This may cause the unit to explode due to excessive gas pressure.
- 3. Do not deform or damage the cylinder in any way. Cylinder damage will result in poor damping performance.



Shock absorber disposal steps: Gas pressure must be released before disposing the shock absorber. To do so, drill (1) a 2 - 3 mm (0.08 \sim 0.12 in) hole through the cylinder wall at a point 25 \sim 30 mm (1.0 \sim 1.2 in) under the spring seat.

∆CAUTION:

Wear eye protection to prevent eye damage from escaping gas and/or metal chips.

REMOVAL

Rear Shock Absorber

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

A WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.



REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM



- 2. Remove:
 - Lower cowlings (Left and right)
 Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 3. Remove:
 - ze Bolt (Arms Bottom)

- 4. Remove:
 - 😹 Bolt (Swingarm) 🕦
 - 😹 Bolt (Rear shock absorber Bottom) 2
 - 🛩 Relay arm (3)

- 5. Remove:
 - $_{{\scriptscriptstyle \mathscr{E}}{\scriptscriptstyle \mathscr{E}}}$ Bolt (Rear shock absorber ~ Top) ()
 - $\not \sim$ Rear shock absorber 2

Swingarm

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling down.



REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM CHAS

- 1. Remove:
- zz Rear wheel
- Refer to the "REAR WHEEL RE-
- MOVAL" section.
- Rear shock absorber





- 2. Remove:

- 3. Check:
 - Swingarm (Side play) ①
 Side play → Replace the bearings and collar. Move the swingarm from side to side.
 There should be no noticeable side play.



Side Play (At End of Swingarm): 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

4. Check:

✓ Swingarm (Vertical movement) ②
 Tightness/Binding/Rough spots → Replace the bearings.
 Move the swingarm up and down.



- 5. Remove:
 - Nut (Pivot shaft) ①
 - Swingarm

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM



- 6. Remove:
 - zz Guard seal

CHAS of

7. Remove:

8. Remove:

- 9. Remove: *∞* Thrust covers ①
 Thrust washer ②
 - Bush ③

INSPECTION

Rear shock absorber

- 1. Inspect:
 - Rear shock absorber
 - Oil leaks/Damage → Replace.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGAT







- 2. Inspect:
 - BushingsBearing
 - Dust seals
 - Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Swingarm

- 1. Wash the bearings in a solvent.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Bearings (Race/Rollers) ①
 Pitting/Damage → Replace.
 ✓ Trust washers ②
 ✓ Trust covers ③
 Damage → Replace.
 ✓ Collar ④
 ✓ Pivot shaft
 Damage → Replace.
- 3. Inspect:
 - 🜌 Arm (Left) 🛈
 - *Arm (Right) 2
 - Relay arm ③
 - Damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - ee Bearings
 - Pitting/Damge \rightarrow Replace.
 - •Oil seals
 - ഷഷ Collars
 - Damage \rightarrow Replace.
INSTALLATION

Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - ee Bearings
 - Oil seals
 - Collars



Swingarm

- 1. Install: • Guard seal (1)
 - @Tension bar 2



Screw (Guard Seal): 8 Nm (0.8 m • kg, 5.8 ft · lb) Bolt (Tension Bar): 15'Nm (1.5 m · kg, 11 ft · lb)

- 2. Install:
 - Arms (Left and right) (1)

Bolt (Arm) : 40 Nm (4.0 m-kg, 29 ft · lb)

Т

3. Install: ∠∠ Swing arm (1)

Pivot Shaft (Swingarm): 90 Nm (9.0 m · kg, 65 ft · lb)

Rear Shock Absorber

- 1. Install:
 - 🖉 Rear shock absorber 🕦

Rear Shock Absorber: Upper: 40 Nm (4.0 m · kg, 29 ft · lb)







REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM CHAS







2. Install:

🜌 Relay arm 🕦



Rear Arm – Frame: 40 Nm (4.0 m · kg, 29 ft · lb) Relay Arm – Rear Shock Absorber: 40 Nm (4.0 m · kg, 29 ft · lb)

- 3. Install:
 - KE Arms (Left and right) (1)



Relay Arm – Arms: 40 Nm (4.0 m • kg, 29 ft • lb)

- 4. Install:
- ze Rear wheel

Refer to the "REAR WHEEL INSTAL-LATION" section.



Nut (Rear Axle): 107 Nm (10.7 M・kg, 77 ft・lb) Bolts (Brake Caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m・kg, 25 ft・lb)

5. Adjust:

E Drive chain slack

Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Drive Chain Slack: 10 \sim 20 mm (0.4 \sim 0.8 in)



DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET

REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle verticaly on a level place.

▲ WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 2. Remove:
 - Shift arm
 - Se Crankcase cover (Left)
 - ZE Nut (Drive sprocket)
 - zz Lock washer
 - E Drive sprocket
 - Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 4.
- 3. Remove:
 - ∞ Rear wheel ⊗∕ Swingarm
 - Drive chain
 - Refer to the "REAR WHEEL RE-MOVAL" and REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM - REMOVAL".
- 4. Remove:

INSPECTION AND CLEANING

- 1. Measure:
 - zz Drive chain wear (1)
 - Length of 10 links.
 - Over specified limit \rightarrow Replace the drive chain, drive sprocket and driven sprocket as a set.



Drive Chain Wear Limit (10 Links): 150.1 mm (5.91 in)





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DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET CHAS











- 2. Check:
 - Ex Drive chain stiffness
 - Clean and oil the chain and hold as illus-trated.
 - Stiff \rightarrow Replace drive chain.
- 3. Clean:

E Drive chain

Drive Chain Cleaner: Kerosene

A CAUTION:

Do not use steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, and certain solvent of O-ring (1) damage may occur.

4. Inspect:

∠ Drive sprocket
More than 1/4 teeth 1 wear → Replace sprocket.

- 2 Correct
- 3 Roller
- @Sprocket

5. Inspect:

Zer Drive sprocket Bent teeth $(2) \rightarrow$ Replace sprocket.

@Slip off

INSTALLATION

Reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - **EX** Driven sprocket





DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKET

- 2. Lubricate:
 - **Bearings**
 - Oil seals
 - ese Collars



Lithium-Soap Base Grease

- 3. Install:
 - se Drive chain
 - Swingarm
 - ee Rear wheel

Refer to the "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM - INSTALLATION" and "REAR - WHEEL - INSTALLA-TION".

- 4. Install:
 - E Drive sprocket
 - zz Lock washer (New)
 - ZE Nut (Drive sprocket)



- 5. Install:
 - Ex Crankcase cover (Left)
 - se Shift arm

Bolts (Crankcase Cover - Left): X 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Bolt (Shift Arm): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

6. Adjust:

Exe Drive chain slack "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK Refer to the ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Drive Chain Slack: 10 \sim 20 mm (0.4 \sim 0.8 in)

∆CAUTION:

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

∆ WARNING:

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ELECTRICAL

FZR400U/SUC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



8

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



① Main switch	😥 Starting circuit cut-off relay
(2) Rectifier/Regulator	(3) Flasher relay
(3) A.C. generator	3 Cancelling unit
(4) "START" switch	(35) "TURN" switch
(5) Starter motor	(36) "TURN" indicator light
6 Starter relay	(37) Front position light/Flasher light (Left)
(7) Fuse "MAIN"	(38) Rear flasher light (Left)
(8) Battery	39 Rear flasher light (Right)
9 Fuse "IGNITION"	Front position light/Flasher light (Right)
(10) "ENGINE STOP" switch	(4) Reed switch
🗓 Diode block	42 Horn
(12) Clutch switch	(43) "HORN" switch
(13) Sidestand switch	🚯 Tachometer
(14) Ignition circuit cut-off relay	🚯 Temp meter
(15) Digital ignitor unit	46 Thermo unit
() Ignition coil (#1 and #4 cylinder)	🕢 Fuel pump relay
$(\widetilde{17})$ Ignition coil (#2 and #3 cylinder)	🚯 Fuel pump
(18) Pickup coil	(49) Fuse "HEAD"
(19) Spark plug	(50) "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch
🔞 Fuse "FAN"	 Meter light
21) Thermo switch	(52) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light
22) Fan motor	53 Headlight
3 Fuse "SIGNAL"	54) Tail/Brake light
24) Front brake switch	(55) License light
(25) Rear brake switch	56 EXUP control unit
6 "NEUTRAL" indicator light	(57) EXUP servomotor
(27) Neutral switch	0
🔞 "OI L" indicator light	尾 尨 For California only
29 Resistor	
🗿 Oil level switch	
(3) Relay assembly	

COLOR CODE

0	Orange	Y/R	Yellow/Red
R	Red	Br/W	Brown/White
L	Blue	R/W	Red/White
Br	Brown	R/Y	Red/Yellow
В	Black	B/R	Black/Red
Y	Yellow	B/W	Black/White
W	White	B/Y	Black/Yellow
G	Green	L/W	Blue/White
Р	Pink	L/B	Blue/Black
Dg	Dark green	L/Y	Blue/Yellow
C h	Chocolate	G/Y	Green/Yellow
Gy	Gray	W/R	White/Red
S b	Sky blue	W/G	White/Green



ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS (1)

- 1 Thermo switch 2 Thermo unit
- (3) Relay assembly
- (4) Fuel pump relay
- @ Horn
- 6 Oil level switch
- $(\overline{7})$ Neutral switch
- (8) Sidestand switch
- (9) Sidestand relay
- (1) EXUP control unit
- (For California only) (1) EXUP servomotor
 - (For California only)

SPECIFICATIONS	RESISTANCE
IGNITION COIL:	
PRIMARY	$1.8 \sim 2.2 \Omega$ at 20° C (65°F)
SECONDARY	9.6 ~ 14.4 k Ω at 20°C (68°F)
PICKUP COIL:	$85 \sim 115 \Omega$ at 20° C (68° F)





ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS (2)

(1) Wireharness (2) Rear brake switch (3) Diode block (© Fuse "MAIN" (© Main switch (@ Ignition coil (@ Plug Cap @Battery
@Starter relay
@Rectifier/Regulator
①Digital ignitor unit



CHECKING OF SWITCHES

Check the switches for the continuity between the terminals to determine correct connection.

Read the following for switch inspection.

SWITCH CONNECTION AS SHOWN IN MANUAL

The manual contains a connection chart as shown left showing the terminal connections of the switches (e.g., main switch, handlebar switch, brake switch, lighting switch, etc.)

The extreme left column indicates the switch positions and the top line indicates the colors of leads connected with the terminals in the switch component.

" \bigcirc " indicates the terminals between which there is a continuity of electricity; i.e., a closed circuit at the respective switch positions.

In this chart:

"R and Br" and "L/W and L/R" are continuous with the "ON" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "OFF" switch position.

"B and $B/W^{\prime\prime}$ is continuous with the "LOCK" switch position.

"B and B/W'' and "R and L/R'' are continuous with the "P" switch position.

CHECKING SWITCH FOR TERMINAL CONNECTION

Before checking the switch, refer to the connection chart as shown above and check for the correct terminal connection (closed circuit) by the color combination.

To explain how to check the switch, the main switch is taken for example in the following.

	В	B/W	R	Br	L/W	L/R
ON			0	0	\bigcirc	-0
OFF	\bigcirc	-0				
LOCK	\bigcirc					
Р	O	$- \circ$	0-			-0

ELEC





1. Disconnect the main switch coupler from the wireharness.

∆CAUTION:

Never disconnect the main switch coupler by pulling the leads. Otherwise, leads may be pulled off the terminals inside the coupler.

2. Inspect whether any lead is off the terminal inside the coupler. If it is, repair it.

NOTE: ____

If the coupler is clogged with mud or dust, blow it off by compressed air.

3. Use the connection chart to check the color combination for continuity (a closed circuit). In this example, the continuity is as follows.

"R and Br" and "L/W and L/R" are continuous with the "ON" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "OFF" switch position.

"B and B/W'' is continuous with the "LOCK" switch position.

"B and B/W" and "R and L/R'' are continuous with the "P" switch position.

Please note that there is no continuity (an open circuit) at all for the color combinations other than the above.

4. Check the switch component for the continui ty between "R and Br".

Checking steps:

se Turn the switch key to the "ON", "OFF", "LOCK", and "P" several times.

- Set the pocket tester selector to the " Ω x 1".
- •Connect the tester (+) lead to the "R" lead terminal in the coupler and the (-) lead to the "Br" lead terminal.

CHECKING OF SWITCHES ELEC

NOTE: _





Use thin probes for checking the continuity. Otherwise, the probes may contact other terminals inside the coupler.

*Check the continuity between "R" and "Br" at the respective switch positions of "ON" (1), "OFF" (2), "LOCK" (3), and "P" (4). There must be continuity (the tester indicating "0") at the "ON" switch position, and there must be no continuity (the tester indicating " ∞ ") at "OFF", "LOCK", or "P". There is something wrong between "R" and "Br" if there is no continuity at the "ON" position or if there is some continuity either at the "OFF" or "LOCK" or "P".

NOTE: ____

Check the switch for continuity several times.

- 5. Next go on to checking of the continuity between "B and B/W", "L/W and L/R", and "R and L/R" at the respective switch positions, as in the same manner mentioned above.
- 6. If there is something wrong with any one of the combinations, replace the switch component.

CHECKING OF BULBS (FOR HEADLIGHT, TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT, FLASHER LIGHT, METER LIGHT, ETC.)

Check the bulb terminal continuity for the condition of the bulb.

KINDS OF BULBS

CHECKING OF BULBS

The bulbs used in the motorcycle are classified as shown left by the shape of the bulb socket.

(A) and (B) are mainly used for the headlight.

(C) is mainly used for the flasher light and tail/brake light.

(D) and @are mainly used for the meter light and other indicator lights.

CHECKING BULB CONDITION

1. Remove the bulb.

NOTE: -

- *Bulbs of the (A) and @type uses a bulb holder. Remove the bulb holder before removing the bulb itself. Most of the bulb holders for this type can be removed by turning them counterclockwise.
- *Most of the bulbs of (C) and (D) type can be removed from the bulb sockets by pushing and turning them counterclockwise.

*Bulbs of the @type can be removed from the bulb sockets by simply pulling them out.

∆ CAUTION:

Be sure to hold the socket firmly when removing the bulb. Never pull the lead. Otherwise, the lead may be pulled off the terminal in the coupler.

A WARNING:

Keep flammable products or your hands away from the headlight bulb while it is on. It will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.







Checking steps:

- Set the pocket tester selector to the " $\Omega \times 1$ ". *Connect the tester leads to the respective bulb terminals. Take for example a 3-terminal bulb as shown left. First check the continuity between the (1) and (2) terminals by connecting the tester (+) lead to the (1) terminal and the tester () lead to the (2) terminal. Then check the continuity between the (1) and (3) terminals by connecting the tester (+) lead still to the (1) terminal and the tester (-) lead to the (3) terminal. If the tester shows " ∞ " in either case, replace the bulb.
- Check the bulb socket by installing a proven bulb to it. As in the checking of bulbs, connect the pocket tester leads to the respective leads of the socket and check for continuity in the same manner as mentioned above.



Ι

IGNITION SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



8-11



Aforementioned circuit diagram shows the ignition circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE:

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

- (1) Main switch
- 7 Fuse "MAIN"
- (8) Battery
- (9) Fuse "IGNITION"
- () "ENGINE STOP" switch
- @Diode block
- (13) Sidestand switch
- (14) Sidestand relay
- (15) Digital ignitor unit
- (16) Ignition coil (#1 and #4 cylinder)
- $(\overline{1})$ Ignition coil (#2 and #3 cylinder)
- 18 Pickup coil
- (19) Spark plug
- (27) Neutral switch













DIGITAL IGNITION CONTROL SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

The electronic ignition that sparks the engine is computer controlled and operated by the digital microprocessor. It has a pre-programed ignition advance curve.

This programed advance curve closely matches the spark timing to the engine's ignition requirements. Only one pickup coil is needed to meet the requirements of the digital ignitor unit.

The digital ignitor also includes the control unit for the electric fuel pump.

- A Pickup coil
- B Wave-shape shaping circuit
- C Edge detection circuit
- D Latch circuit
- E Microprocessor
- F Free-running counter
- G Comparison circuit
- H Register
- Flip-flop circuit
- J Driving circuit
- K Ignition coil
- Digital ignitor unit

OPERATION

The following operations are digitally-performed by signal from the pickup coil signal:

- 1. Determing proper ignition timing.
- 2. Sensing the engine revolution speed.
- 3. Determing timing for switching on ignition coil (duty control).
- 4. Increasing ignition coil primary current for starting the engine.
- 5. Sensing engine stall.
- 6. Preventing over-revolution of the engine.

ELEC

TROUBLESHOOTING

IF IGNITION SYSTEM SHOULD BECOME INOPERATIVE (NO SPARK OR INTERMITTENT SPARK)

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse "MAIN"
- 2. Battery
- 3. Spark plug
- 4. Ignition spark gap
- 5. Spark plug cap resistance
- 6. Ignition coil resistance
- 7. Main switch

- 8. "ENGINE STOP" switch
- 9. Neutral switch
- 10. Sidestand switch
- 11. Sidestand relay
- 12. Pickup coil resistance
- 13. Wiring connection (Entire ignition system)

NOTE: _

Remove the following before troubleshooting.

- 1) Seat
- 2) Lower cowling
- 3) Center cowling

- Top cover
 Air filter case
- 6) Crankcase cover (Left)

see Use the following special tools in this troubleshooting.























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CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





A forementioned circuit diagram shows the electric starting circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE: -

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

@Main switch
(4) "START" switch
@Starter motor
@Starter relay
(7) Fuse "MAIN"
(8) Battery
@Fuse "IGNITION"
(10) "ENGINE STOP" switch
(11) Diode block
@Clutch switch
(13) Sidestand switch
@Neutral switch
(32) Starting circuit cut-off relay (Relay assembly (31))











STARTING CIRCUIT OPERATION

The starting circuit on this model consist of the starter motor, starter relay, and the relay unit (starting circuit cut-off relay). If the engine stop switch and the main switch are both closed, the starter motor can operate only if:

The transmission is in neutral (the neutral switch is closed).

or if

The clutch lever is pulled to the handlebar (the clutch switch is closed) and the sidestand is up (the sidestand switch is closed.)

The starting circuit cut-off relay prevents the starter from operating when neither of these conditions has been met. In this instance, the starting circuit cut-off relay is open so current cannot reach the starter motor.

When one of both of the above conditions have been met, however, the starting circuit cut-off relay is closed, and the engine can be started by pressing the starter switch.

WHEN THE TRANSMISSION IS IN NEUTRAL WHEN THE SIDESTAND IS UP AND THE CLUTCH LEVER IS PULLED IN

@Battery
② Starter motor
@Starter relay
@Main switch
@"ENGINE STOP"switch
@Starting circuit cut-off relay
(7) 'START" switch
@Neutral switch
@Clutch switch
(1) Sidestand switch

A grition circuit cut-off relay



TROUBLESHOOTING















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Diode block is faulty. Replace the diode block.





Removal

1. Remove:

Starter motor

Refer to the "ENGINE OVERHAUL -ENGINE REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 4.



Inspection and Repair

- 1. Inspect:
 - Commutator
- Dirty \rightarrow Clean it with #600 grit sandpaper. 2. Measure:
 - **EXE Commutator diameter** (a)

Out of specification → Replace starter motor.

22 mm (0.87 in)



3. Measure:

😹 Mica undercut (b)

Out of specification \rightarrow Scrape the mica to proper value use a hacksaw blade can be ground to fit.

Mica Undercut (b) : 1.8 mm (0.07 in)

NOTE:

The mica insulation of the commutator must be undercut to ensure proper operation of commutator.



4. Inspect:

*Armature coil (insulation/continuity) $Defects(s) \rightarrow Replace starter motor.$

Armature coil inspecting steps: SE Connect the Pocket Tester for continuity check (1) and insulation check (2). ee Measure the armautre resistances.



ELEC

- 5. Measure:
 - 😹 Brush length (a)

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



6. Measure:

EXE Brush spring pressure

Fatigue/Out of specification \rightarrow Replace as a set.



- 7. Inspect:
 - zz Bearing
 - Oil seal
 - •O-rings (1)
 - Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Installation

- 1. Install:
 - Starter motor

NOTE : ____

Align the match marks (1) on the bracket with the match marks (2) on the housing.






CHARGING SYSTEM

ELEC

CHARGING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





Aforementioned circuit diagram show the charging circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE: -

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

Rectifier/Regulator
A.C. generator
Fuse "MA IN"
Battery





CHARGING SYSTEM

4. Stator coil resistance

ELEC

TROUBLESHOOTING

THE BATTERY IS NOT CHARGED.

Procedure

Check:

- 1. Fuse "MAIN"
- 2. Battery



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CHARGING SYSTEM



ELEC **CHARGING SYSTEM** Ŵ (2) EX Check the stator coil for specificated resistance. OUT OF SPECIFICATION Stator Coil Resistance: $|\Delta|$ ₅Ø t White (1) - White (2) 0.44 ~ 0.66 Ω at 20°C (68" F) White (1) - White (3) Replace stator coil. 0.44 \sim 0.66 Ω at 20°C (68" F) **BOTH RESISTANCES** MEET SPECIFICATIONS POOR CONNECTION Wiring connection k the entire charging system for conions. Correct. Refer toothere WMRIRNIGGD IDI GORAWI'' section. CORRECT Replace rectifier/regulator.

ELEC

LIGHTING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ELEC

Aforementioned circuit diagram shows the lighting circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE: -

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

- 1 Main switch
- (4) "START" switch
- (7) Fuse "MAIN"
- $(\mathbf{\tilde{8}})$ Battery
- (37) Front position light (Left)
- (40) Front position light (Right)
- (49) Fuse "HEAD"
- (50) "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch
- (51) Meter light
- (52) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light
- 53 Headlight
- @Tail light
- @License light





ELEC

TROUBLESHOOTING







ELEC

LIGHTING SYSTEM CHECK

1. Headlight and "HIGH BEAM" indicator light do not come on.







2. Meter light does not come on.





ELEC

4. Taillight does not come on.



ELEC

4. Taillight does not come on.



SIGNAL SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



Aforementioned circuit diagram shows the signal circuit in the wiring diagram.

NOTE:

For the color codes, see page 8-2.



TROUBLESHOOTING



ELEC



SIGNAL SYSTEM CHECK

1. Horn does not sound.





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3. Flasher light and/or "TURN" indicator light do not blink.

1. Bulb and bulb socket Solution Check the bulb and bulb socket for continuity. Refer to the "CHECKING OF BULBS" section.

CONTINUITY



NO CONTINUITY



3. Flasher light and/or "TURN" indicator light do not blink.







4. Blinking (Flasher light) is not cancelled automatically.





ELEC



ELEC SIGNAL SYSTEM \bigcirc Br Br Sb Sb Y B/R B/R Y В B/W L В 2 OUT OF SPECIFICATION ▶ Turn the main switch to "ON". Check for voltage (12V) on the "Brown" 6. Wiring connection lead at bulb socket connector. Check the entire signal system for MEETS connections. SPECIFICATION (12V) Refer to the "WIRING DIAGRAM" section. This circuit is good.

5. "OI L" indicator light does not come on when push "START" switch.







6. "OIL" indicator light does not come on, when oil tank is empty.





			ل <u>تو</u> هي		
• Check the oil level switch for continuity.					
Switch position		Good condition	Bad condition		
Α	Upright position	Х	0	x	0
В	Upside down position	0	x	x	0
O: Continuity X : No continuity					

*

В

 $\Omega \ge 1$

3. Oil level switch

tank.

Α

level gauge.

Sb

GOOD CONDITION

а					
4. Voltage					
• Connect the Pocket Tester (DC20V) to the bulb socket connector.					
Tester (+) Lead → Brown ① Terminal Tester (–) Lead → Black @Terminal					

Replace oil level switch.

BAD CONDITION

ELEC



7. When engine is hot, tempmeter does not move.



∆CAUTION:

As soon as the meter hand get in the "Red zone, turn the main switch to "OFF" to avoid damage to the tempmeter.

CORRECT



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2. Thermo unit

- Remove the thermo unit. $\not \leq z$ immerse the thermo unit (2) in coolant (3).
- Measure the resistance at each temperature
- as tabulated.
- (1) Thermo meter

Coolant Temoerature	Resistance	
50°C (122" F)	154Ω	
80°C. (176°F)	47 ~ 57 Ω	
100°C (212" F)	26 ~ 29 Ω ^½	
120°C (248° F)	16 Ω	





• After measuring the thermo unit, install the unit.

▲ WARNING:

Handle the **thermo** unit with special care. Never subject it to strong or allow it to be dropped. Should it be dropped, it must be replaced.

∆CAUTION:

Avoid overtightening.



COOLING SYSTEM

COOLING SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM




COOLING SYSTEM

A forementioned circuit diagram shows the cooling circuit in the circuit diagram.

NOTE: -

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

@Main switch
@Fuse "MAIN"
(8) B attery
@Fuse "FAN"
(2) Thermo switch
@Fan motor





TROUBLESHOOTING

FAN MOTOR DOES NOT TURN.

5. Thermo switch 6. Wiring connection

(Entire cooling system)

COOLING SYSTEM

Procedure

Check:

- 1. Fuse "MAIN/FAN"
- 2. Battery
- 3. Fan motor (Test 1)
- 4. Fan motor (Test 2)



CORRECT

COOLING SYSTEM



COOLING SYSTEM



5. Thermo switch

- Remove the thermoswitch from the thermostat housing.
- *Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the thermo switch (1).
- $\not \in \mathbb{Z}$ Immerse the thermo switch in the water (2)
- Ex Check the thermo switch for continuity.
- Note temperatures while heating the water with the temperature gauge (3).

Test Step	Water Temperature	Good Condition
1	0- 98°C (32 ∼ 208.4" F)	x
2	More than 105 ± 3°C (221.0 ± 5.4° F)	0
3"	105 to 98°C (221 .O to 208.4" F)	0
4 "	Less than 98°C (208.4" F)	х

- Test 1 & 2; Heat-up tests
- Test 3" & 4"; Cool-down tests
- \supset : Continuity χ : No continuity



🗥 WARNING:

Handle the thermo switch with special care. Never subject it to strong shock or allow it to be dropped. Should it be dropped, it must be replaced.



Thermo Switch: 8 Nm (0.8 m-kg, 5.8 ft·lb) Three Bond Sealock[®] # 10

▲ CAUTION:

After replacing the thermo switch, check the cooland level in the radiator and also check for any leakage.

NOTE: _

The electric fan is controlled by the thermo switch whenever the main switch is "ON" or "OFF". Thus, under certain operating conditions, this fan may continue to run until the engine temperature has cooled down to about 98°C (208°F).





Fan Motor Inspection

The following problems may require repair or	
replacement of components	
Component	Condition
Fan motor	Unsmooth operation
Fan motor	Excessive vibration
Fan motor bracket	Cracks
Fan blades	Cracks
Securing bolts	Looseness

FUEL SYSTEM

+

FUEL SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



A forementioned circuit diagram shows the fuel circuit in the circuit diagram.

NOTE: _

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

@ Main switch
@ Fuse "MAIN"
@ Battery
@ Fuse "IGNITION"
(1) "ENGINE STOP" switch
(5) Digital ignitor unit
@ Fuel pump relay
@ Fuel pump







FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT OPERATION

The fuel pump circuit consists of the fuel pump relay, fuel pump, "ENGINE STOP" switch and digital ignition unit.

The digital ignition unit includes the control unit for the fuel pump.

The fuel pump starts and stops as indicated in the chart below.

- To main fuse and battery
- 1 To main fuse 2 Main switch
- (3) "ENGINE STOP" switch
 (4) Digital ignitor unit
- 5 Fuel pump relay
- (6) Fuel pump



FUEL PUMP		
START		STOP
@Main/Engine stop switch turned to "ON"	zz Engine turned on	zz Engine turned off
For about 5 seconds when car- buretor fuel level is low	After about 0.1 second	After about 5 seconds

TROUBLESHOOTING

FUEL PUMP FAILS TO OPERATE.

Procedure

- 1. Fuse "MAIN/IGNITION"
- 2. Battery
- 3. Main switch
- 4. "ENGINE STOP" switch

NOTE: _

- Remove the following before troubleshooting.
- 1) Seat
- 2) Fuel tank



Pocket Tester: YU-03112





CORRECT



5. Fuel pump relay

FUEL SYSTEM

- 6. Fuel pump
- 7. Wiring connection
 - (Entire fuel system)



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FUEL SYSTEM



FUEL PUMP TEST

Operation

The diaphragm is pulled in by the plunger allowing fuel to be sucked into the fuel chamber. Fuel is pushed out from the pump until carb float chamber is filled with fuel, and then the cut-off switch cuts off the circuit.

When the spring pushes the diaphragm further to the end, the cut-off switch turns on and the solenoid coil pulls the plunger with the diaphragm forcing fuel into the fuel chamber.

NOTE: -

When the main and "ENGINE STOP" switches are ON, the fuel pump relay is activated for five (5) seconds at which time the fuel pump operates.

- Cut-off switch (1)
- Spring
- (2) (3) Diaphragm
- 4 Plunger
- Solenoid coil (5)
- 6) Fuel chamber
- Valve $\widehat{\mathbf{n}}$
- (8) Outlet (9) Inlet

Inspection

- 1. Connect:
 - **Battery (12V)**
- 2. Inspect: @Fuel pump Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 3. Check:
 - **EXE** Fuel pump operation
 - Faulty operation \rightarrow Replace.



YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE SYSTEM (For California only) CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



ELEC



NOTE:

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

@Main switch
@Fuse "MAIN"
@Battery
③ Fuse "IGNITION"
@"ENGINE STOP" switch
@Digital ignition unit
⑤ EXUP control unit
⑥ EXUP servomotor





TROUBLESHOOTING

WHEN MAIN SWITCH IS TURNED TO "ON", EXUP SERVOMOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE ONE CYCLE.

Procedure (1)

Check;

- 1. Voltage
- 2. EXUP servomotor operation
- 3. EXUP servomotor operation
- 4. Wiring connection (Entire EXUP system)

Procedure (2)

Check;

1. Fuse "MAIN/IGNITION"

ELEC

- 2. Battery
- 3. Main switch
- 4. "ENGINE STOP" switch
- 5. Wiring connection (Entire EXUP system)

3) Lower cowling (Left)

NOTE: ____

Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.

- 1) Seat
- 2) Seat cowling

set Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.

Pocket Tester: P/N. YU-03112

Procedure (1)

1. Voltage	
@Connect the pocket tester (DC20V) to the "EXUP control unit " (1) connector.	
Tester (+) Lead → Red/White ② Terminal Tester (-) Lead → Black ③ Terminal	

YAMAHA EXHAUST VARIABLE VALVE SYSTEM









METER ASSEMBLY



METER ASSEMBLY

@Speedometer @Tachometer 3 Tempmeter (4) Indicator lights unit @Damper

ŧ

@Meter bracket

- (7) Bulb
- Bulb socket leads
 Speedometer cable





REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
- Ex Upper cowling

Refer to the "COWLING REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION - REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 2. Disconnect:
 - \mathcal{I} Bulb socket coupler ()
 - $\ensuremath{\scriptscriptstyle\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}}}$ Speedometer cable (2)
- 3. Remove:
 - ${\scriptstyle \it esc}$ Speedometer assembly (3)









4. Remove:

- 5. Remove:
 - Indicator light unit (1)
 - zz Meter bracket 2
- 6. Remove:

METER ASSEMBLY





INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure.Note the following points.1. Install the meter lights and leads as shown.

2. Install the indicator lights as shown.

- 3. Install:
 - Meter assembly ①



Nut (Meter Assembly): 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)





TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE: _

-

The following troubleshooting does not cover all the possible causes of trouble. It should be helpful, however, as a guide to troubleshooting. Refer to the relative procedure in this manual for inspection, adjustment and replacement of parts.

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING

FUEL SYSTEM	PROBABLE CAUSE
Fuel tank	∠ Empty Clogged fuel filter
	 Clogged fuel breather pipe
	 Deteriorated fuel or fuel containing water or foreign material
·Fuel cock	e∉ Clogged fuel hose
Carburetor ———	 Deteriorated fuel, fuel containing water or foreign material
	ze Clogged pilot jet
	∠∠ Sucked-in air
	zz Deformed float
	See Groove-worn needle valve
	ze Improperly sealed valve seat
	ze Improperly adjusted fuel level
	 Improperly set pilot jet
	<i>⊯</i> Clogged starter jet
	 Starter plunger malfunction
	•● Improperly adjusted starter cable
-Air filter element-	<i>∞⊭</i> Clogged
-Fuel pump	● Faulty fuel pump
	►• Faulty fuel pump relay

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING





POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE

POOR IP LE SPEED PERFORMANCE	PROBABLE CAUSE
Carburetor —	•• Improperly returned starter plunger
	 Loose pilot jet
	∠ Clogged pilot air jet
	ze Improperly synchronized carburetors
	Improperly adjusted idle speed (Throttle stop screw)
	ze Improper throttle cable play
	 Flooded carburetor
-Electrical system	● Faulty battery
	<i>≝</i> ∉ Faulty spark plug
	<i>≝⊭</i> Faulty igniter unit
	🛩 Faulty pickup coil
	-● Faulty ignition coil
-Valve train —	zer Improperly adjusted valve clearance



POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH SPEED PERFORMANCE

Refer to "Starting failure/Hard starting." (Fuel system, electrical system, compression system and valve train)



FAULTY GEAR SHIFTING

HARD SHIFTING

Refer to "Clutch dragging."



se Incorrectly assembled transmission





CLUTCH SLIPPING/DRAGGING



9-5

1

OVERHEATING OR OVER-COOLINGS SHTG

OVERHEATING OR OVER-COOLING

OVERHEATING



1

FAULTY BRAKE

POOR BRAKING EFFECT	exe Worn brake pads
	<i>⊭⊭</i> Worn disc
	ze Air in brake fluid
	ze Leaking brake fluid
	<i>∞∞</i> Faulty cylinder kit cup
	ze Faulty caliper kit seal
	zz Loose union bolt
	ze Broken brake hose
	∠∠ Oily or greasy disc/brake pads
	·● Improper brake fluid level

FRONT FORK OIL LEAKAGE/MALFUNCTION

OIL LEAKAGE	● Bent, damaged or rusty inner tube
	 Damaged or cracked outer tube
	Damaged oil seal lip
	 Improperly installed oil seal
	 Improper oil level (too much)
	• Loose hexagon bolt (front fork bottom)
	 Broken cap bolt O-ring
	• Loose drain bolt
	 Damaged drain bolt gasket
MALFUNCTION	_ ∠ Bent, deformed or damaged inner tube
	Reference deformed outer tube
	∠ Damaged fork spring
	Ref Worn or damaged slide metal
	ee Bent or damaged piston
	• Improper oil viscosity or level

INSTABLE HANDLING



FAULTY SIGNALS AND LIGHTS



FAULTY SIGNALS AND LIGHTS

HEADLIGHT DARK	ez Improper bulb
	zz Too many electrical accessories
	Hard charging (broken stator coil wire, faulty rectifier with regulator)
	 Incorrectly connected coupler/connector/ wire harness
	✓ Poor contacts (main or light switch)
	_∠ Bulb life expired
BULB BURNT OUT	– ≠≠ Improper bulb
	<i>∞∞</i> Faulty battery
	∠ Faulty rectifier/regulator
	Ze Improperly grounded
	Ze Faulty switch (main and light switch)
	zz Bulb life expired
FLASHER DOES NOT LIGHT	e Improperly grounded
	∠ Discharged battery
	✓ Faulty flasher switch
	∠ Faulty flasher relay
	a Broken wire harness/loosely connected coupler
	∠ Bulb burnt out
FLASHER KEEPS ON	-•Faulty flasher relay
	● Insufficient battery capacity (nearly discharged)
	-se∞ Bulb burnt out (front or rear)

FAULTY SIGNALS AND LIGHTS





FZR400U/FZR400SUC WIRING DIAGRAM